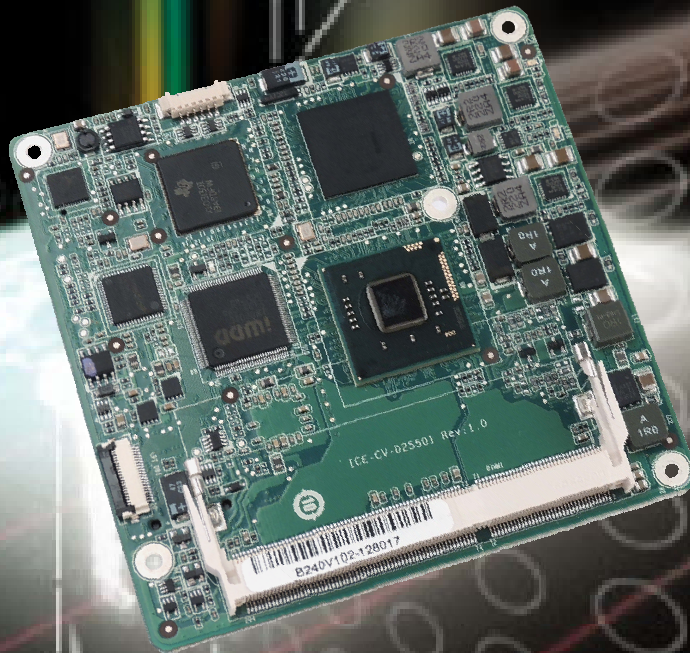




IEI Technology Corp.



MODEL:

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001

**COM Express R2.0 Module (Type 6),
Intel® Atom™ D2550/N2600 Processor,
DDR3 and RoHS Compliant**

User Manual

Rev. 1.00 – 3 October, 2012



Revision

Date	Version	Changes
3 October, 2012	1.00	Initial release

Copyright

COPYRIGHT NOTICE

The information in this document is subject to change without prior notice in order to improve reliability, design and function and does not represent a commitment on the part of the manufacturer.

In no event will the manufacturer be liable for direct, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages arising out of the use or inability to use the product or documentation, even if advised of the possibility of such damages.

This document contains proprietary information protected by copyright. All rights are reserved. No part of this manual may be reproduced by any mechanical, electronic, or other means in any form without prior written permission of the manufacturer.

TRADEMARKS

All registered trademarks and product names mentioned herein are used for identification purposes only and may be trademarks and/or registered trademarks of their respective owners.

Table of Contents

1 INTRODUCTION.....	1
1.1 INTRODUCTION.....	2
1.2 MODEL VARIATIONS	2
1.3 FEATURES.....	3
1.4 CONNECTORS	3
1.5 DIMENSIONS.....	4
1.6 DATA FLOW	5
1.7 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS	6
2 PACKING LIST.....	8
2.1 ANTI-STATIC PRECAUTIONS	9
2.2 UNPACKING PRECAUTIONS.....	9
2.3 PACKING LIST.....	10
2.4 OPTIONAL ITEMS	11
3 CONNECTORS	12
3.1 PERIPHERAL INTERFACE CONNECTORS.....	13
3.1.1 ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 Layout.....	13
3.1.2 Peripheral Interface Connectors	14
3.2 INTERNAL PERIPHERAL CONNECTORS	14
3.2.1 COM Express Connector AB	14
3.2.2 COM Express Connector CD.....	18
3.2.3 SO-DIMM Connector.....	23
3.2.4 SPI Connector.....	23
4 INSTALLATION	25
4.1 ANTI-STATIC PRECAUTIONS	26
4.2 INSTALLATION CONSIDERATIONS.....	26
4.3 SO-DIMM INSTALLATION	28
4.4 MOUNTING THE ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 TO AN OPTIONAL BASEBOARD	29
4.5 INSTALLING USB 3.0 DRIVER DURING WINDOWS® 7 OS INSTALLATION.....	31

5 BIOS	35
5.1 INTRODUCTION.....	36
5.1.1 Starting Setup.....	36
5.1.2 Using Setup.....	36
5.1.3 Getting Help.....	37
5.1.4 Unable to Reboot after Configuration Changes.....	37
5.1.5 BIOS Menu Bar.....	37
5.2 MAIN.....	38
5.3 ADVANCED.....	39
5.3.1 ACPI Settings.....	39
5.3.2 RTC Wake Settings.....	40
5.3.3 Trusted Computing.....	42
5.3.4 CPU Configuration.....	43
5.3.5 IDE Configuration.....	44
5.3.6 USB Configuration.....	45
5.3.7 iWDD H/W Monitor.....	46
5.3.8 Super IO Configuration.....	47
5.3.8.1 Serial Port n Configuration.....	47
5.3.9 H/W Monitor.....	50
5.3.9.1 Smart Fan Mode Configuration.....	51
5.3.10 Serial Port Console Redirection.....	52
5.3.11 iEi Feature.....	55
5.4 CHIPSET.....	56
5.4.1 Host Bridge Configuration.....	56
5.4.1.1 Intel IGD Configuration.....	57
5.4.2 South Bridge Configuration.....	59
5.5 BOOT.....	60
5.6 SECURITY.....	62
5.7 SAVE & EXIT.....	62
6 SOFTWARE DRIVERS	64
6.1 AVAILABLE SOFTWARE DRIVERS.....	65
6.2 STARTING THE DRIVER PROGRAM.....	65
6.3 CHIPSET DRIVER INSTALLATION.....	67
6.4 VGA DRIVER INSTALLATION.....	71

6.5 LAN DRIVER INSTALLATION	75
6.6 AUDIO DRIVER INSTALLATION	77
6.7 USB 3.0 DRIVER INSTALLATION	79
A BIOS OPTIONS	83
B ONE KEY RECOVERY	86
B.1 ONE KEY RECOVERY INTRODUCTION	87
<i>B.1.1 System Requirement</i>	88
<i>B.1.2 Supported Operating System</i>	89
B.2 SETUP PROCEDURE FOR WINDOWS	90
<i>B.2.1 Hardware and BIOS Setup</i>	91
<i>B.2.2 Create Partitions</i>	91
<i>B.2.3 Install Operating System, Drivers and Applications</i>	95
<i>B.2.4 Build-up Recovery Partition</i>	96
<i>B.2.5 Create Factory Default Image</i>	98
B.3 AUTO RECOVERY SETUP PROCEDURE	103
B.4 SETUP PROCEDURE FOR LINUX	108
B.5 RECOVERY TOOL FUNCTIONS	111
<i>B.5.1 Factory Restore</i>	113
<i>B.5.2 Backup System</i>	114
<i>B.5.3 Restore Your Last Backup</i>	115
<i>B.5.4 Manual</i>	116
B.6 RESTORE SYSTEMS FROM A LINUX SERVER THROUGH LAN	117
<i>B.6.1 Configure DHCP Server Settings</i>	118
<i>B.6.2 Configure TFTP Settings</i>	119
<i>B.6.3 Configure One Key Recovery Server Settings</i>	120
<i>B.6.4 Start the DHCP, TFTP and HTTP</i>	121
<i>B.6.5 Create Shared Directory</i>	121
<i>B.6.6 Setup a Client System for Auto Recovery</i>	122
B.7 OTHER INFORMATION	125
<i>B.7.1 Using AHCI Mode or ALi M5283 / VIA VT6421A Controller</i>	125
<i>B.7.2 System Memory Requirement</i>	127
C TERMINOLOGY	128
D WATCHDOG TIMER	132

E HAZARDOUS MATERIALS DISCLOSURE 135

E.1 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS DISCLOSURE TABLE FOR IPB PRODUCTS CERTIFIED AS
ROHS COMPLIANT UNDER 2002/95/EC WITHOUT MERCURY 136

List of Figures

Figure 1-1: ICE-CV-D25501/N26001.....	2
Figure 1-2: Connectors	3
Figure 1-3: ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 Dimensions (mm).....	4
Figure 1-4: Data Flow Diagram.....	5
Figure 3-1: Connectors	13
Figure 3-2: COM Express Connector AB Location	14
Figure 3-3: COM Express Connector CD Location	19
Figure 3-4: SO-DIMM Connector Location	23
Figure 3-5: SPI Flash Connector Location.....	24
Figure 4-1: SO-DIMM Installation	28
Figure 4-2: Connect the COM Express Connectors.....	30
Figure 4-3: Attach the Heat Sink to the Heatspreader Plate	30
Figure 4-4: Secure the Heatspreader Plate with the Heat Sink to the Baseboard	31
Figure 4-5: Install Now	32
Figure 4-6: Load Driver	32
Figure 4-7: Browse for Folder	33
Figure 4-8: Select the ASMedia XHCI Controller Driver.....	33
Figure 4-9: Confirm the Driver File	34
Figure 4-10: Select the USB Root Hub Driver.....	34
Figure 6-1: Start Up Screen	66
Figure 6-2: Drivers	66
Figure 6-3: Chipset Driver Screen.....	67
Figure 6-4: Chipset Driver Welcome Screen.....	68
Figure 6-5: Chipset Driver License Agreement	69
Figure 6-6: Chipset Driver Read Me File	69
Figure 6-7: Chipset Driver Setup Operations	70
Figure 6-8: Chipset Driver Installation Finish Screen.....	71
Figure 6-9: VGA Driver Welcome Screen	72
Figure 6-10: VGA Driver License Agreement.....	73
Figure 6-11: VGA Driver Read Me File.....	73

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

Figure 6-12: VGA Driver Setup Operations	74
Figure 6-13: VGA Driver Installation Finish Screen	74
Figure 6-14: LAN Driver Welcome Screen	75
Figure 6-15: LAN Driver Installation	76
Figure 6-16: LAN Driver Installation Complete	76
Figure 6-17: Audio Driver Installation File Extraction.....	77
Figure 6-18: Audio Driver Welcome Screen.....	78
Figure 6-19: Audio Driver Installation.....	78
Figure 6-20: Audio Driver Installation Complete	79
Figure 6-21: USB 3.0 Driver Welcome Screen	80
Figure 6-22: USB 3.0 Driver License Agreement.....	81
Figure 6-23: USB 3.0 Driver Setup Operations	81
Figure 6-24: USB 3.0 Driver Installation Finish Screen	82
Figure B-1: IEI One Key Recovery Tool Menu	87
Figure B-2: Launching the Recovery Tool	92
Figure B-3: Recovery Tool Setup Menu	92
Figure B-4: Command Prompt	93
Figure B-5: Partition Creation Commands.....	94
Figure B-6: Launching the Recovery Tool	96
Figure B-7: Manual Recovery Environment for Windows	96
Figure B-8: Building the Recovery Partition.....	97
Figure B-9: Press Any Key to Continue	97
Figure B-10: Press F3 to Boot into Recovery Mode.....	98
Figure B-11: Recovery Tool Menu	98
Figure B-12: About Symantec Ghost Window.....	99
Figure B-13: Symantec Ghost Path	99
Figure B-14: Select a Local Source Drive	100
Figure B-15: Select a Source Partition from Basic Drive	100
Figure B-16: File Name to Copy Image to	101
Figure B-17: Compress Image.....	101
Figure B-18: Image Creation Confirmation	102
Figure B-19: Image Creation Complete	102
Figure B-20: Image Creation Complete	102
Figure B-21: Press Any Key to Continue	103
Figure B-22: Auto Recovery Utility	104



Figure B-23: Disable Automatically Restart..... 104

Figure B-24: Launching the Recovery Tool 105

Figure B-25: Auto Recovery Environment for Windows 105

Figure B-26: Building the Auto Recovery Partition..... 106

Figure B-27: Factory Default Image Confirmation 106

Figure B-28: Image Creation Complete 107

Figure B-29: Press any key to continue 107

Figure B-30: IEI Feature 108

Figure B-31: Partitions for Linux..... 109

Figure B-32: System Configuration for Linux..... 110

Figure B-33: Access menu.lst in Linux (Text Mode)..... 110

Figure B-34: Recovery Tool Menu 111

Figure B-35: Recovery Tool Main Menu 112

Figure B-36: Restore Factory Default..... 113

Figure B-37: Recovery Complete Window 113

Figure B-38: Backup System..... 114

Figure B-39: System Backup Complete Window 114

Figure B-40: Restore Backup 115

Figure B-41: Restore System Backup Complete Window 115

Figure B-42: Symantec Ghost Window 116

Figure B-43: Disable Automatically Restart..... 123

List of Tables

Table 1-1: ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 Model Variations	2
Table 1-2: ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 Specifications.....	7
Table 2-1: Packing List.....	11
Table 2-2: Optional Items	11
Table 3-1: Peripheral Interface Connectors	14
Table 3-2: COM Express Connector AB Pin Definitions.....	18
Table 3-3: COM Express Connector CD Pin Definitions.....	22
Table 3-4: SPI Flash Connector Pinouts	24
Table 5-1: BIOS Navigation Keys	37

BIOS Menus

BIOS Menu 1: Main	38
BIOS Menu 2: Advanced	39
BIOS Menu 3: ACPI Settings	40
BIOS Menu 4: RTC Wake Settings	41
BIOS Menu 5: Trusted Computing	42
BIOS Menu 6: CPU Configuration	43
BIOS Menu 7: IDE Configuration	44
BIOS Menu 8: USB Configuration	45
BIOS Menu 9: iWDD H/W Monitor	46
BIOS Menu 10: Super IO Configuration.....	47
BIOS Menu 11: Serial Port n Configuration Menu	47
BIOS Menu 12: H/W Monitor	50
BIOS Menu 13: Smart Fan Mode Configuration	51
BIOS Menu 14: Serial Port Console Redirection	53
BIOS Menu 15: iEi Feature	55
BIOS Menu 16: Chipset	56
BIOS Menu 17: Host Bridge Configuration	57
BIOS Menu 18: Intel IGD Configuration.....	57
BIOS Menu 19: Southbridge Configuration	59
BIOS Menu 20: Boot	60
BIOS Menu 21: Security	62
BIOS Menu 22: Save & Exit.....	63

Chapter

1

Introduction

1.1 Introduction

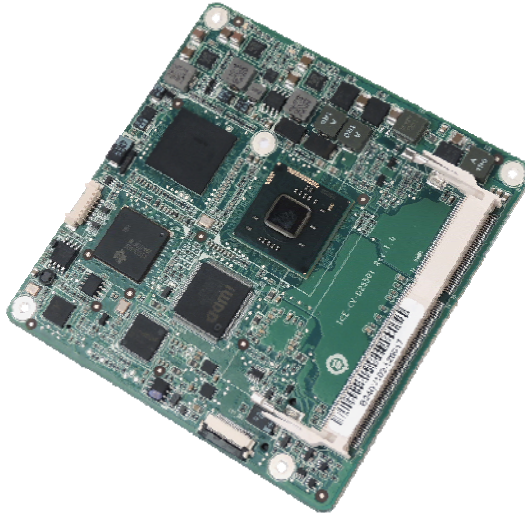


Figure 1-1: ICE-CV-D25501/N26001

The ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express module provides the main processing chips and is connected to a compatible COM Express baseboard. The ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 is equipped with an Intel® Atom™ D2550/N2600 CPU and Intel® NM10 PCH. The COM Express standard allows the COM Express baseboard to be designed, while leaving the choice of processor till the later stages of design. The ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 provides a low power option with the full range of modern I/O options. The ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 embedded module is designed for flexible integration by system developers into customized platform devices.

1.2 Model Variations

The model variations of the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 are listed below.

Model No.	CPU
ICE-CV-D25501-R10	1.86 GHz Intel® Atom™ D2550
ICE-CV-N26001-R10	1.6 GHz Intel® Atom™ N2600

Table 1-1: ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 Model Variations

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

1.3 Features

Some of the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express module features are listed below:

- Complies with COM Express form factor
- Embedded Intel® Atom™ D2550/N2600 CPU and Intel® NM10 PCH
- Supports DDR3/DDR3L (1.35V) SO-DIMM
- Supports 18-/24-bit single-channel LVDS, analog CRT (VGA) and dual DDI
- Supports USB 3.0, SATA 3Gb/s and GbE
- Supports eight USB 2.0 devices
- RoHS compliant

1.4 Connectors

The connectors on the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 are shown in the figure below.

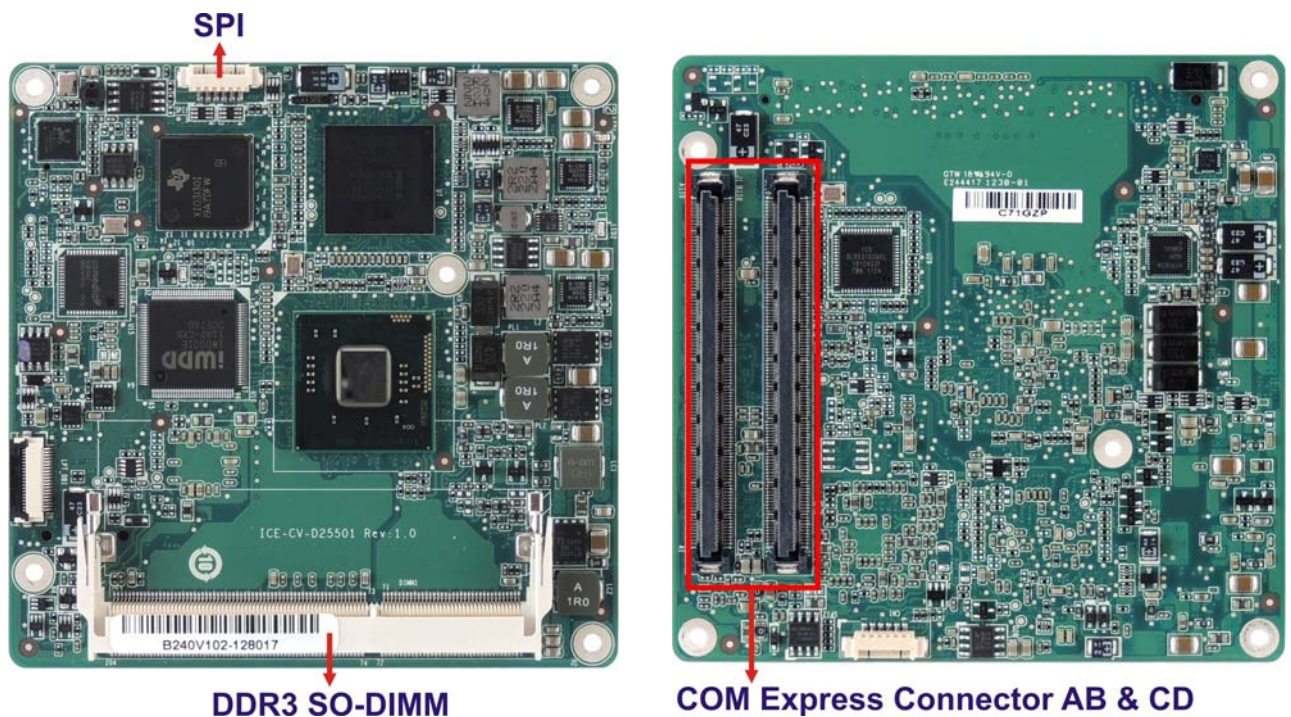


Figure 1-2: Connectors

1.5 Dimensions

The main dimensions of the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 are shown in the diagram below.

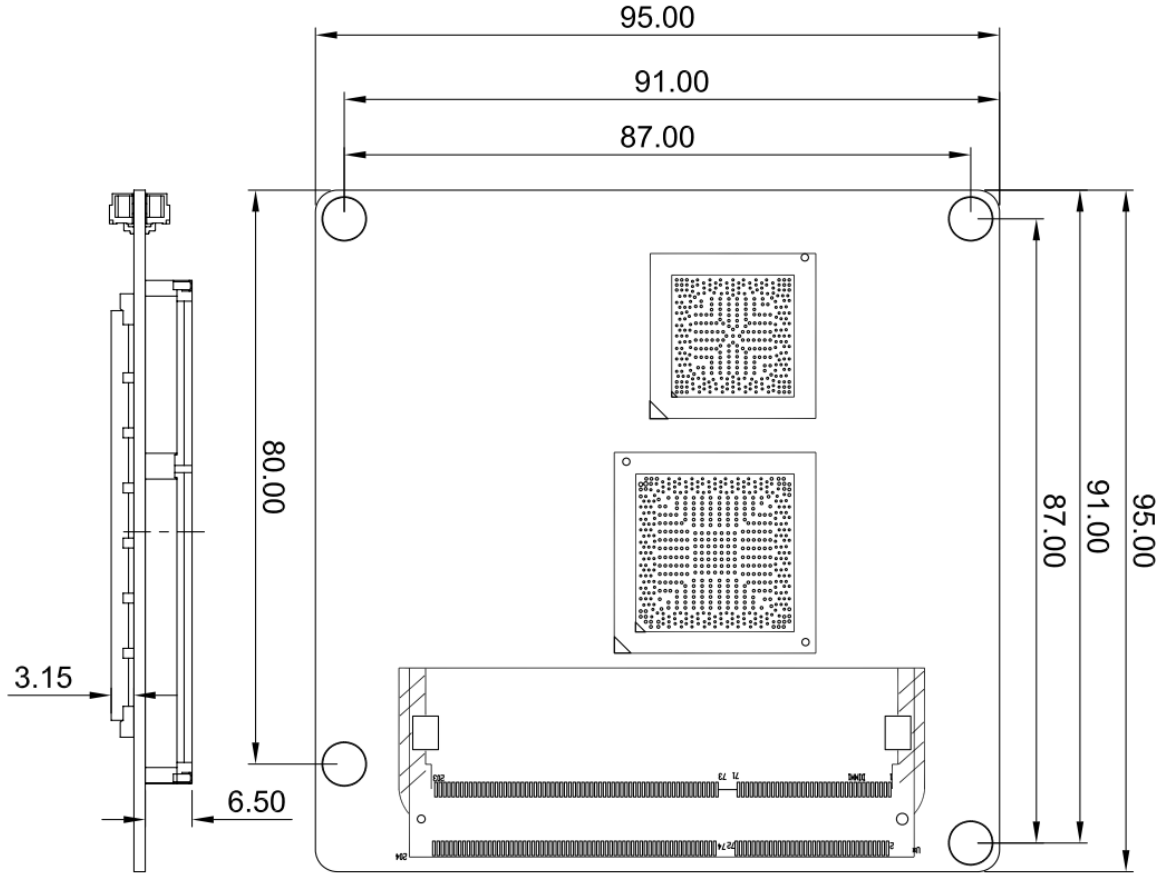


Figure 1-3: ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 Dimensions (mm)

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

1.6 Data Flow

Figure 1-4 shows the data flow between the system chipset, the CPU and other components installed on the motherboard.

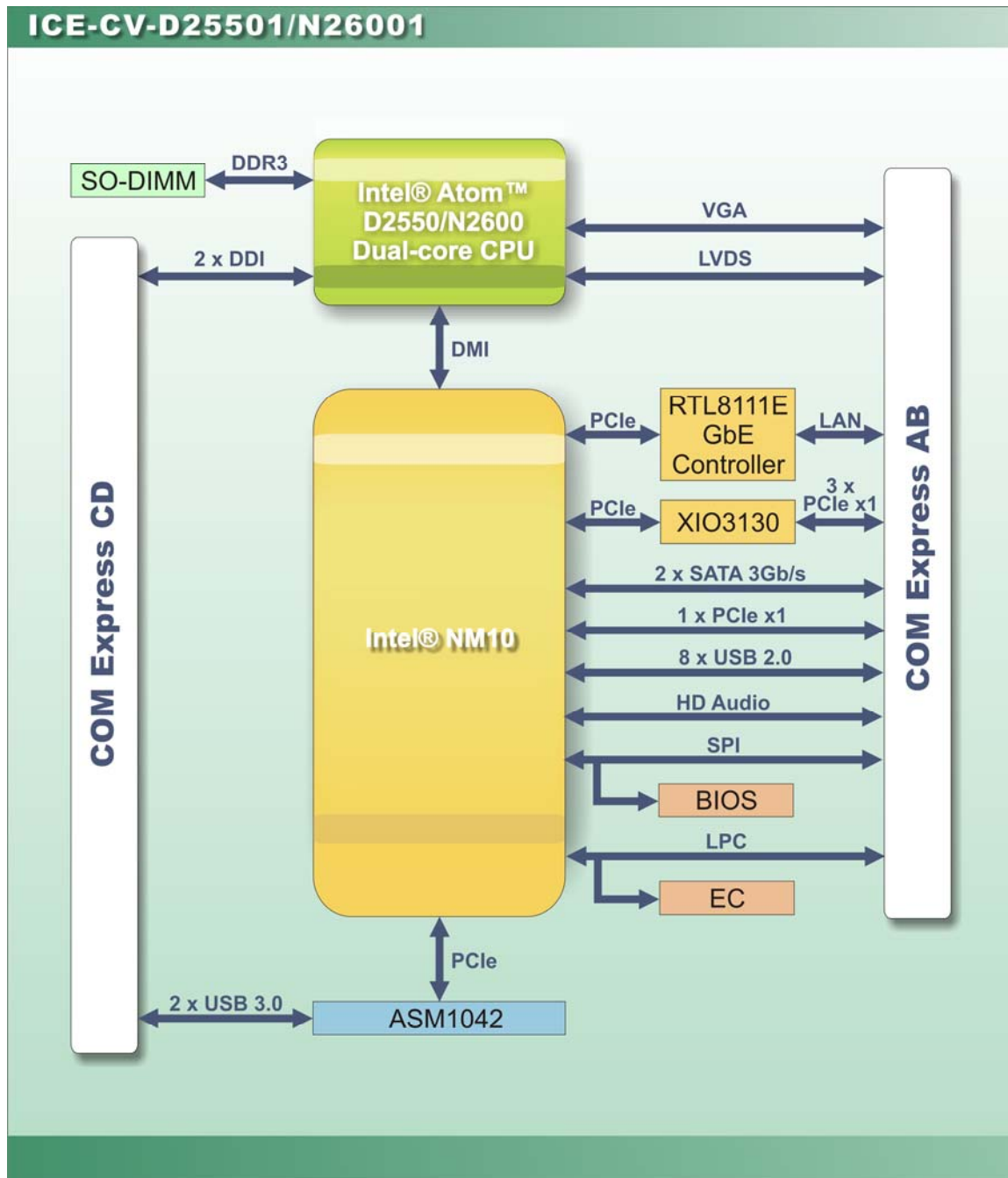


Figure 1-4: Data Flow Diagram

1.7 Technical Specifications

The ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 technical specifications are listed below.

Specifications/Model	ICE-CV-D25501/N26001
Form Factor	PICMG COM Express R2.0 Type 6 for compact size (95 mm x 95 mm) 10 layers
CPU	1.86 GHz Intel® Atom™ D2550 dual-core CPU (2 x 512KB L2 cache) 1.6 GHz Intel® Atom™ N2600 dual-core CPU (2 x 512KB L2 cache)
Chipset	Intel® NM10
Memory	D2550: One 1066 MHz DDR3/DDR3L (1.35V) SO-DIMM support (up to 4 GB) N2600: One 800 MHz DDR3/DDR3L (1.35V) SO-DIMM support (up to 2 GB)
Graphics Engine	D2550: Intel® GMA 3650 with 640 MHz graphics core speed N2600: Intel® GMA 3600 with 400 MHz graphics core speed Supports DirectX 9 and Blu-ray 2.0 MPEG2, H.264, VC-1 and 1080p decoding
Display (Signal to Baseboard)	One VGA (up to 2048 x 1536 @ 75Hz) is integrated in the CPU One LVDS is integrated in the CPU: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ D2550: 24-bit single-channel LVDS (up to 1440 x 900 @ 60Hz) ▪ N2600: 18-bit single-channel LVDS (up to 1366 x 768 @ 60Hz) Two DDI (up to 2560 x 1600 @ 60Hz)
Ethernet	Realtek RTL8111E PCIe GbE controller
BIOS	UEFI BIOS
USB 3.0	ASMedia ASM1042
Embedded Controller	iWDD
Watchdog Timer	Software programmable supports 1~255 sec. system reset
Expansion	Four PCIe x1 (signal to baseboard)

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

Specifications/Model	ICE-CV-D25501/N26001
I/O Interfaces (Signal to Baseboard)	Two USB 3.0 Eight USB 2.0 Two SATA 3Gb/s Two UART (by EC) HD Audio GPIO SMBus I2C LPC SPI
Power Consumption	+12V @ 0.45 A , Vcore_12V @ 1.0A (1.86 GHz Intel® Atom™ D2550 CPU with 2 GB 1066 MHz DDR3 SO-DIMM)
Operating Temperature	-10°C ~ 60°C
Storage Temperature	-20°C ~ 70°C
Humidity (Operating)	5% ~ 95% (non-condensing)
Dimensions	95 mm x 95 mm
Weight (GW/NW)	600 g/200 g

Table 1-2: ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 Specifications

Chapter

2

Packing List

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

2.1 Anti-static Precautions



WARNING!

Static electricity can destroy certain electronics. Make sure to follow the ESD precautions to prevent damage to the product, and injury to the user.

Make sure to adhere to the following guidelines:

- **Wear an anti-static wristband:** Wearing an anti-static wristband can prevent electrostatic discharge.
- **Self-grounding:** Touch a grounded conductor every few minutes to discharge any excess static buildup.
- **Use an anti-static pad:** When configuring any circuit board, place it on an anti-static mat.
- **Only handle the edges of the PCB:** Don't touch the surface of the motherboard. Hold the motherboard by the edges when handling.

2.2 Unpacking Precautions

When the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 is unpacked, please do the following:


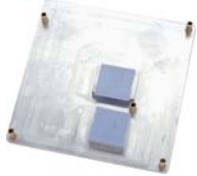
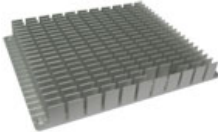


- Follow the antistatic guidelines above.
- Make sure the packing box is facing upwards when opening.
- Make sure all the packing list items are present.

2.3 Packing List


NOTE:

If any of the components listed in the checklist below are missing, do not proceed with the installation. Contact the IEI reseller or vendor the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 was purchased from or contact an IEI sales representative directly by sending an email to sales@iei.com.tw.

The ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 is shipped with the following components:

Quantity	Item and Part Number	Image
1	ICE-CV-D25501/N26001	
1	Heatspreader plate	
1	Heat sink	
1	One Key Recovery CD	
1	Utility CD	

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module


Quantity	Item and Part Number	Image
1	Quick Installation Guide	

Table 2-1: Packing List

2.4 Optional Items

The following are optional components which may be separately purchased:


Item and Part Number	Image
Baseboard for COM Express Type 6 modules (P/N: ICE-DB-T6-R10)	

Table 2-2: Optional Items

Chapter

3

Connectors

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

3.1 Peripheral Interface Connectors

This chapter details all the connectors.

3.1.1 ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 Layout

The figure below shows all the connectors.

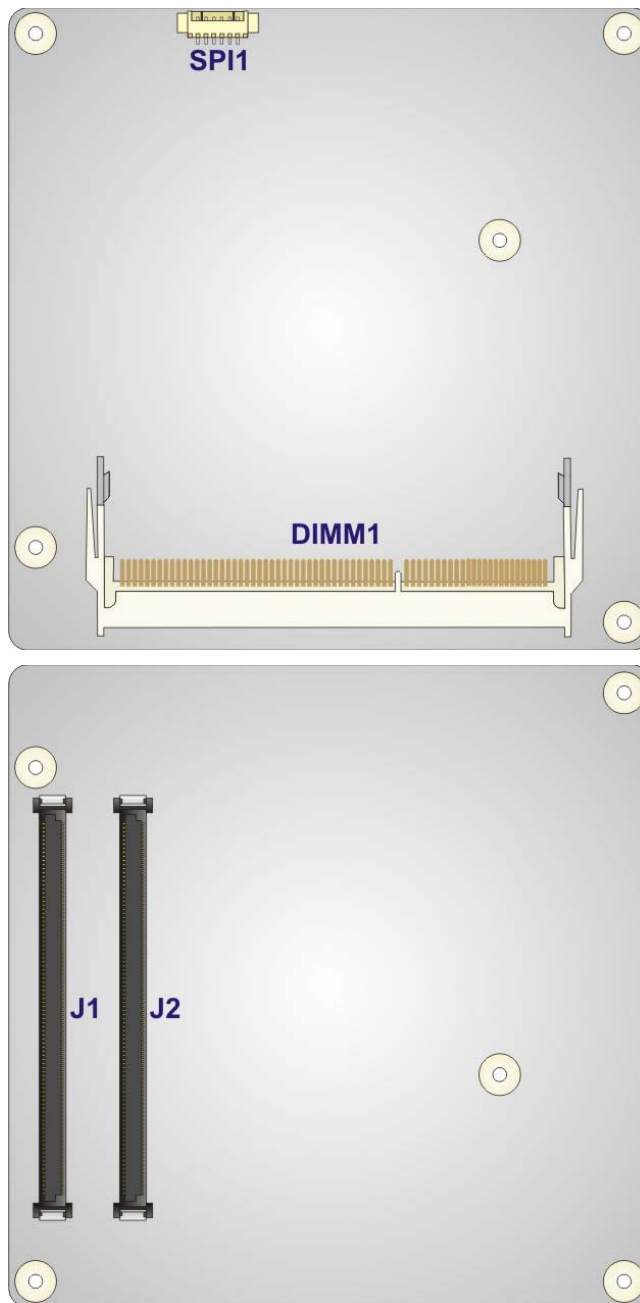


Figure 3-1: Connectors

3.1.2 Peripheral Interface Connectors

The table below lists all the connectors on the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001.

Connector	Type	Label
COM Express connector AB	COM Express connector	J1
COM Express connector CD	COM Express connector	J2
SO-DIMM connector	SO-DIMM connector	DIMM1
SPI connector	6-pin connector	SPI1

Table 3-1: Peripheral Interface Connectors

3.2 Internal Peripheral Connectors

The section describes all of the connectors on the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001.

3.2.1 COM Express Connector AB

- CN Label:** J1
- CN Type:** 220-pin COM Express connector
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-2**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-2**

The standard COM Express connector AB location and pinouts are shown below.

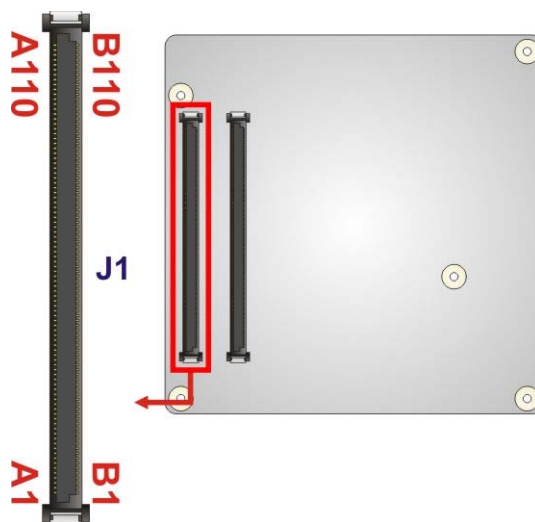


Figure 3-2: COM Express Connector AB Location

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

Pin No.	Description	Pin No.	Description
A1	GND	B1	GND15
A2	GBE0_MDI3-	B2	GBE0_ACT#
A3	GBE0_MDI3+	B3	LPC_FRAME#
A4	GBE0_LINK100#	B4	LPC_AD0
A5	GBE0_LINK1000#	B5	LPC_AD1
A6	GBE0_MDI2-	B6	LPC_AD2
A7	GBE0_MDI2+	B7	LPC_AD3
A8	GBE0_LINK#	B8	LPC_DRQ0#
A9	GBE0_MDI1-	B9	LPC_DRQ1#
A10	GBE0_MDI1+	B10	LPC_CLK
A11	GND1	B11	GND16
A12	GBE0_MDIO-	B12	PWRBTN#
A13	GBE0_MDIO+	B13	SMB_CK
A14	GBE0_CTREF	B14	SMB_DAT
A15	SUS_S3#	B15	SMB_ALERT#
A16	SATA0_TX+	B16	SATA1_TX+
A17	SATA0_TX-	B17	SATA1_TX-
A18	SUS_S4#	B18	SUS_STAT#
A19	SATA0_RX+	B19	SATA1_RX+
A20	SATA0_RX-	B20	SATA1_RX-
A21	GND2	B21	GND17
A22	RSVD	B22	RSVD
A23	RSVD	B23	RSVD
A24	SUS_S5#	B24	PWR_OK
A25	SATA2_RX+	B25	SATA3_RX+
A26	SATA2_RX-	B26	SATA3_RX-
A27	BATLOW#	B27	WDT
A28	ATA_ACT#	B28	AC_SDIN2
A29	AC_SYNC	B29	AC_SDIN1
A30	AC_RST#	B30	AC_SDIN0
A31	GND3	B31	GND18
A32	AC_BITCLK	B32	SPKR

Pin No.	Description	Pin No.	Description
A33	AC_SDOUT	B33	I2C_CK
A34	BIOS_DISABLE#	B34	I2C_DAT
A35	THRMTRIP#	B35	THRM#
A36	USB6-	B36	USB7-
A37	USB6+	B37	USB7+
A38	USB_6_7_OC#	B38	USB_4_5_OC#
A39	USB4-	B39	USB5-
A40	USB4+	B40	USB5+
A41	GND4	B41	GND
A42	USB2-	B42	USB3-
A43	USB2+	B43	USB3+
A44	USB_2_3_OC#	B44	USB_0_1_OC#
A45	USB0-	B45	USB1-
A46	USB0+	B46	USB1+
A47	VCC_RTC	B47	EXCD1_PERST#
A48	EXCD0_PERST#	B48	EXCD1_CPPE#
A49	EXCD0_CPPE#	B49	SYS_RESET#
A50	LPC_SERIRQ	B50	CB_RESET#
A51	GND5	B51	GND20
A52	RSVD	B52	RSVD
A53	RSVD	B53	RSVD
A54	GPI0	B54	GPO1
A55	RSVD	B55	RSVD
A56	RSVD	B56	RSVD
A57	GND6	B57	GPO2
A58	PCIE_TX3+	B58	PCIE_RX3+
A59	PCIE_TX3-	B59	PCIE_RX3-
A60	GND7	B60	GND
A61	PCIE_TX2+	B61	PCIE_RX2+
A62	PCIE_TX2-	B62	PCIE_RX2-
A63	GPI1	B63	GPO3
A64	PCIE_TX1+	B64	PCIE_RX1+

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

Pin No.	Description	Pin No.	Description
A65	PCIE_TX1-	B65	PCIE_RX1-
A66	GND8	B66	WAKE0#
A67	GPI2	B67	WAKE1#
A68	PCIE_TX0+	B68	PCIE_RX0+
A69	PCIE_TX0-	B69	PCIE_RX0-
A70	GND9	B70	GND22
A71	LVDS_A0+	B71	RSVD
A72	LVDS_A0-	B72	RSVD
A73	LVDS_A1+	B73	RSVD
A74	LVDS_A1-	B74	RSVD
A75	LVDS_A2+	B75	RSVD
A76	LVDS_A2-	B76	RSVD
A77	LVDS_VDD_EN	B77	RSVD
A78	LVDS_A3+	B78	RSVD
A79	LVDS_A3-	B79	LVDS_BKLT_EN
A80	GND10	B80	GND23
A81	LVDS_A_CK+	B81	RSVD
A82	LVDS_A_CK-	B82	RSVD
A83	LVDS_I2C_CK	B83	LVDS_BKLT_CTRL
A84	LVDS_I2C_DAT	B84	VCC5SBY1
A85	GPI3	B85	VCC5SBY2
A86	RSVD	B86	VCC5SBY3
A87	RSVD	B87	VCC5SBY4
A88	PCIE0_CK_REF+	B88	BIOS_DIS1#
A89	PCIE0_CK_REF-	B89	VGA_RED
A90	GND11	B90	GND24
A91	SPI_VCC	B91	VGA_GRN
A92	SPI_MISO	B92	VGA_BLU
A93	GPO0	B93	VGA_HSYNC
A94	SPI_CLK	B94	VGA_VSYNC
A95	SPI_MOSI	B95	VGA_I2C_CK
A96	PP_TPM	B96	VGA_I2C_DAT

Pin No.	Description	Pin No.	Description
A97	RSVD	B97	RSVD
A98	RS1_TX	B98	RSVD
A99	RS1_RX	B99	RSVD
A100	GND13	B100	GND25
A101	RS2_TX	B101	FAN_PWMOUT
A102	RS2_RX	B102	FAN_TACHIN
A103	LID#	B103	SLEEP#
A104	VCC_12V7	B104	VCC_12V16
A105	VCC_12V8	B105	VCC_12V17
A106	VCC_12V9	B106	VCC_12V18
A107	VCC_12V10	B107	VCC_12V19
A108	VCC_12V11	B108	VCC_12V20
A109	VCC_12V12	B109	VCC_12V21
A110	GND14	B110	GND26

Table 3-2: COM Express Connector AB Pin Definitions

3.2.2 COM Express Connector CD

- CN Label:** J2
- CN Type:** 220-pin COM Express connector
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-3**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-3**

The standard COM Express connector CD location and pinouts are shown below.

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

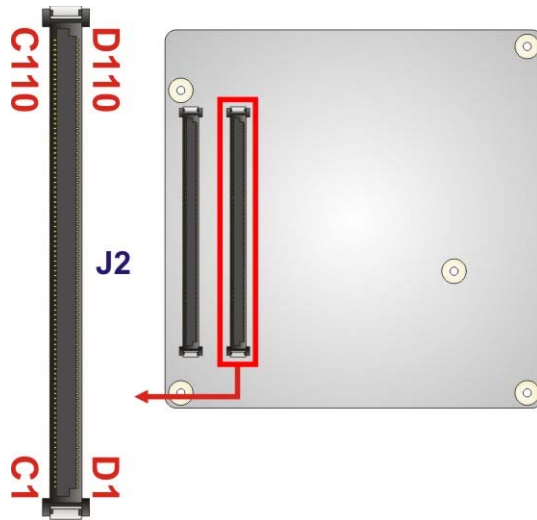


Figure 3-3: COM Express Connector CD Location

Pin No.	Description	Pin No.	Description
C1	GND0	D1	GND15
C2	GND	D2	GND
C3	USB_SSRX0-	D3	USB_SSTX0-
C4	USB_SSRX0+	D4	USB_SSTX0+
C5	GND	D5	GND
C6	USB_SSRX1-	D6	USB_SSTX1-
C7	USB_SSRX1+	D7	USB_SSTX1+
C8	GND	D8	GND
C9	RSVD	D9	RSVD
C10	RSVD	D10	RSVD
C11	GND1	D11	GND16
C12	RSVD	D12	RSVD
C13	RSVD	D13	RSVD
C14	GND	D14	GND
C15	RSVD	D15	DDI1_AUX+
C16	RSVD	D16	DDI1_AUX-
C17	RSVD	D17	RSVD
C18	RSVD	D18	RSVD
C19	RSVD	D19	RSVD
C20	RSVD	D20	RSVD

Pin No.	Description	Pin No.	Description
C21	GND2	D21	GND17
C22	RSVD	D22	RSVD
C23	RSVD	D23	RSVD
C24	DDI1_HPD	D24	RSVD
C25	RSVD	D25	RSVD
C26	RSVD	D26	DDI1_PAIR0+
C27	RSVD	D27	DDI1_PAIR0-
C28	RSVD	D28	RSVD
C29	RSVD	D29	DDI1_PAIR1+
C30	RSVD	D30	DDI1_PAIR1-
C31	GND3	D31	GND18
C32	DDI2_AUX+	D32	DDI1_PAIR2+
C33	DDI2_AUX-	D33	DDI1_PAIR2-
C34	DDI2_CTRLCLK	D34	DDI2_CTRLDATA
C35	RSVD	D35	RSVD
C36	RSVD	D36	DDI1_PAIR3+
C37	RSVD	D37	DDI1_PAIR3-
C38	RSVD	D38	RSVD
C39	RSVD	D39	DDI2_PAIR0+
C40	RSVD	D40	DDI2_PAIR0-
C41	GND4	D41	GND19
C42	RSVD	D42	DDI2_PAIR1+
C43	RSVD	D43	DDI2_PAIR1-
C44	RSVD	D44	DDI2_HPD
C45	RSVD	D45	RSVD
C46	RSVD	D46	DDI2_PAIR2+
C47	RSVD	D47	DDI2_PAIR2-
C48	RSVD	D48	RSVD
C49	RSVD	D49	DDI2_PAIR3+
C50	RSVD	D50	DDI2_PAIR3-
C51	GND5	D51	GND20
C52	RSVD	D52	RSVD

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

Pin No.	Description	Pin No.	Description
C53	RSVD	D53	RSVD
C54	RSVD	D54	RSVD
C55	RSVD	D55	RSVD
C56	RSVD	D56	RSVD
C57	RSVD	D57	TYPE2#
C58	RSVD	D58	RSVD
C59	RSVD	D59	RSVD
C60	GND7	D60	GND21
C61	RSVD	D61	RSVD
C62	RSVD	D62	RSVD
C63	RSVD1	D63	RSVD10
C64	RSVD2	D64	RSVD9
C65	RSVD	D65	RSVD
C66	RSVD	D66	RSVD
C67	RSVD3	D67	GND28
C68	RSVD	D68	RSVD
C69	RSVD	D69	RSVD
C70	GND9	D70	GND22
C71	RSVD	D71	RSVD
C72	RSVD	D72	RSVD
C73	DDI1_CTRLDATA	D73	DDI1_CTRLCLK
C74	RSVD	D74	RSVD
C75	RSVD	D75	RSVD
C76	GND8	D76	GND29
C77	RSVD4	D77	RSVD
C78	RSVD	D78	RSVD
C79	RSVD	D79	RSVD
C80	GND10	D80	GND23
C81	RSVD	D81	RSVD
C82	RSVD	D82	RSVD
C83	RSVD5	D83	RSVD8
C84	GND6	D84	GND30

Pin No.	Description	Pin No.	Description
C85	RSVD	D85	RSVD
C86	RSVD	D86	RSVD
C87	GND35	D87	GND31
C88	RSVD	D88	RSVD
C89	RSVD	D89	RSVD
C90	GND27	D90	GND24
C91	RSVD	D91	RSVD
C92	RSVD	D92	RSVD
C93	GND11	D93	GND32
C94	RSVD	D94	RSVD
C95	RSVD	D95	RSVD
C96	GND12	D96	GND33
C97	RSVD6	D97	RSVD
C98	RSVD	D98	RSVD
C99	RSVD	D99	RSVD
C100	GND13	D100	GND25
C101	RSVD	D101	RSVD
C102	RSVD	D102	RSVD
C103	GND	D103	GND34
C104	VCC_12V1	D104	VCC_12V7
C105	VCC_12V2	D105	VCC_12V8
C106	VCC_12V3	D106	VCC_12V9
C107	VCC_12V4	D107	VCC_12V10
C108	VCC_12V5	D108	VCC_12V11
C109	VCC_12V6	D109	VCC_12V12
C110	GND14	D110	GND26

Table 3-3: COM Express Connector CD Pin Definitions

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

3.2.3 SO-DIMM Connector

- CN Label:** DIMM1
- CN Type:** 204-pin DDR3 SO-DIMM connector
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-4**

The SO-DIMM connector is for installing memory on the system.

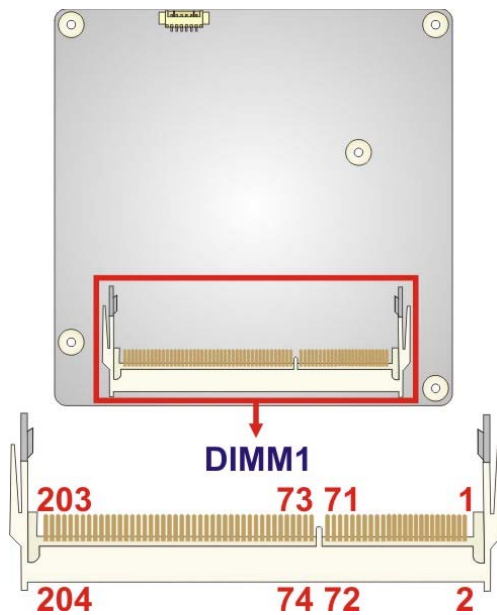


Figure 3-4: SO-DIMM Connector Location

3.2.4 SPI Connector

- CN Label:** SPI1
- CN Type:** 6-pin connector
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-5**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-4**

The SPI connector is for flashing new BIOS onto the SPI BIOS chip.

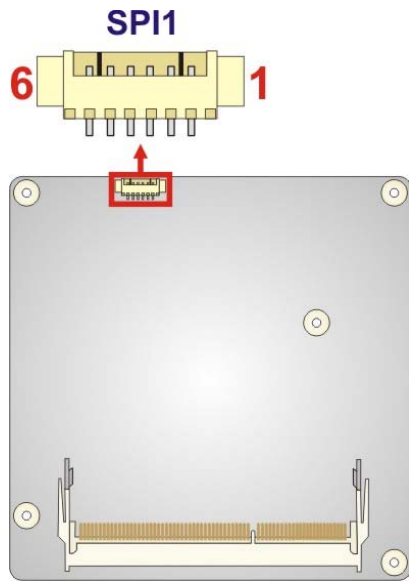


Figure 3-5: SPI Flash Connector Location

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	GND	2	SPI_MOSI
3	SPI_CLK	4	SPI_MISO
5	SPI_CS#	6	SPI_VCC (+3.3V)

Table 3-4: SPI Flash Connector Pinouts

Chapter

4

Installation

4.1 Anti-static Precautions



WARNING:

Failure to take ESD precautions during the installation of the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 may result in permanent damage to the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 and severe injury to the user.

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can cause serious damage to electronic components, including the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001. Dry climates are especially susceptible to ESD. It is therefore critical that whenever the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 or any other electrical component is handled, the following anti-static precautions are strictly adhered to.

- **Wear an anti-static wristband:** - Wearing a simple anti-static wristband can help to prevent ESD from damaging the board.
- **Self-grounding:** - Before handling the board touch any grounded conducting material. During the time the board is handled, frequently touch any conducting materials that are connected to the ground.
- **Use an anti-static pad:** When configuring the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001, place it on an anti-static pad. This reduces the possibility of ESD damaging the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001.
- **Only handle the edges of the PCB:-:** When handling the PCB, hold the PCB by the edges.

4.2 Installation Considerations



NOTE:

The following installation notices and installation considerations should be read and understood before installation. All installation notices must be strictly adhered to. Failing to adhere to these precautions may lead to severe damage and injury to the person performing the installation.

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module



WARNING:

The installation instructions described in this manual should be carefully followed in order to prevent damage to the components and injury to the user.

Before and during the installation please **DO** the following:

- Read the user manual:
 - The user manual provides a complete description of the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 installation instructions and configuration options.
- Wear an electrostatic discharge cuff (ESD):
 - Electronic components are easily damaged by ESD. Wearing an ESD cuff removes ESD from the body and helps prevent ESD damage.
- Place the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 on an antistatic pad:
 - When installing or configuring the motherboard, place it on an antistatic pad. This helps to prevent potential ESD damage.
- Turn all power to the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 off:
 - When working with the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001, make sure that it is disconnected from all power supplies and that no electricity is being fed into the system.

Before and during the installation of the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 **DO NOT:**

- Remove any of the stickers on the PCB board. These stickers are required for warranty validation.
- Use the product before verifying all the cables and power connectors are properly connected.
- Allow screws to come in contact with the PCB circuit, connector pins, or its components.

4.3 SO-DIMM Installation



WARNING:

Using incorrectly specified SO-DIMM may cause permanent damage to the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001. Please make sure the purchased SO-DIMM complies with the memory specifications of the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001. SO-DIMM specifications compliant with the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 are listed in Chapter 1.

To install a SO-DIMM into a SO-DIMM socket, please follow the steps below and refer to **Figure 4-1**.

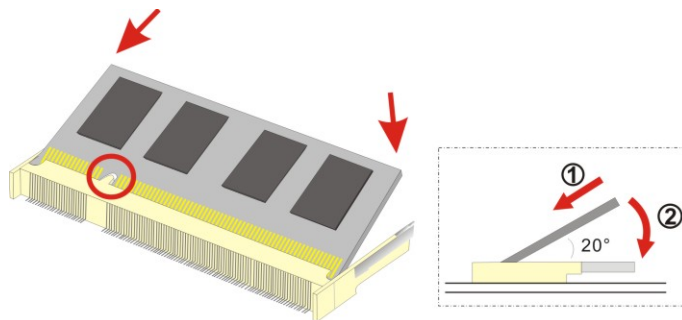


Figure 4-1: SO-DIMM Installation

- Step 1:** **Locate the SO-DIMM socket.** Place the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 on an anti-static pad with the solder side facing up.
- Step 2:** **Align the SO-DIMM with the socket.** The SO-DIMM must be oriented in such a way that the notch in the middle of the SO-DIMM must be aligned with the plastic bridge in the socket.
- Step 3:** **Insert the SO-DIMM.** Push the SO-DIMM chip into the socket at an angle. (See **Figure 4-1**)
- Step 4:** **Open the SO-DIMM socket arms.** Gently pull the arms of the SO-DIMM socket out and push the rear of the SO-DIMM down. (See **Figure 4-1**)

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

Step 5: Secure the SO-DIMM. Release the arms on the SO-DIMM socket. They clip into place and secure the SO-DIMM in the socket.

4.4 Mounting the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 to an Optional Baseboard



NOTE:

Baseboard can be designed by the end user, customized by IEI, or purchased from IEI. For more information visit the IEI website (www.ieiworld.com) or contact an IEI sales representative.



WARNING:

Never run the COM Express module without the heat sink. The heatspreader plate shipped with the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 acts as a thermal interface between the module and the heat sink. The heat sink must be installed on the heatspreader plate to maintain proper operating temperatures. Make sure to maintain the heatspreader plate temperature under 60°C in operation.

Follow the steps below to install the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 to the optional baseboard.

Step 1: Align the two COM Express connectors on the reverse side of ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 with the corresponding connectors on the baseboard. Gently push the COM Express module down to ensure the connectors are properly connected (**Figure 4-2**).

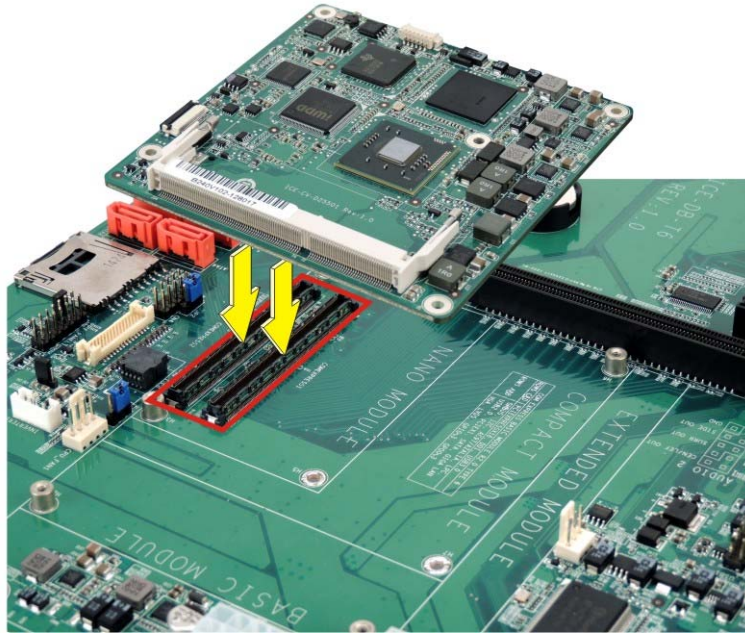


Figure 4-2: Connect the COM Express Connectors

Step 2: Place the supplied heat sink on the heatspreader plate, aligning the four retention screw holes (**Figure 4-3**). Ensure to apply thermal paste to the heat sink or heatspreader plate for optimum heat dissipation.

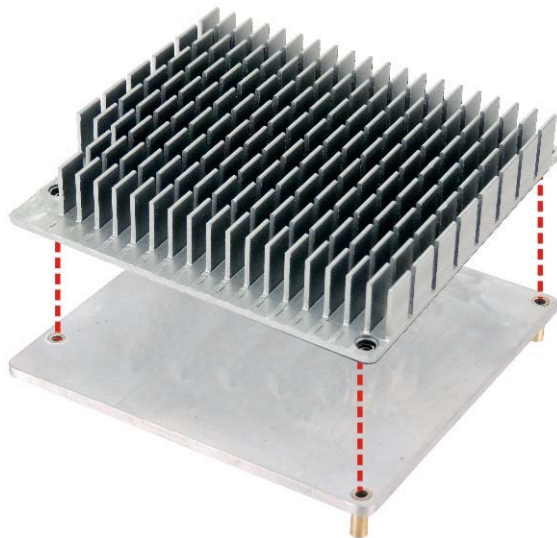


Figure 4-3: Attach the Heat Sink to the Heatspreader Plate

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

- Step 3:** Place the heatspreader plate with the heat sink on the ICE-CV-D25501/N26001, aligning the four retention screw holes (**Figure 4-4**).
- Step 4:** Secure the heatspreader plate with the heat sink onto the baseboard with four retention screws (**Figure 4-4**).

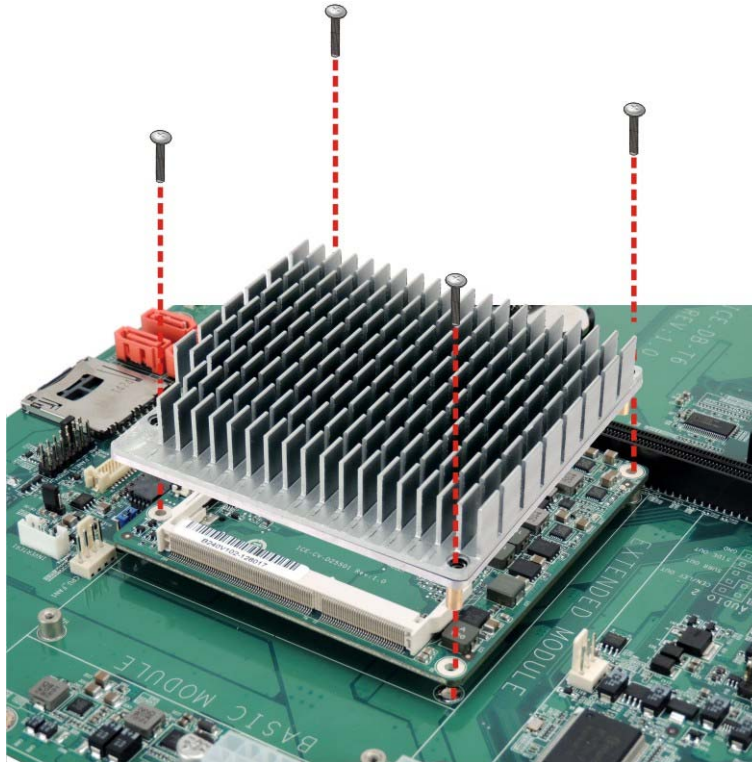


Figure 4-4: Secure the Heatspreader Plate with the Heat Sink to the Baseboard

4.5 Installing USB 3.0 Driver during Windows® 7 OS Installation

If installing the Windows® 7 OS by using the USB 3.0 ports, loading the USB 3.0 driver during the OS installation is necessary. Follow the instructions below to complete the task.

- Step 1:** Insert the USB flash drive containing the USB 3.0 driver into one of the USB 2.0 ports on the baseboard.
- Step 2:** After clicking the **Install now** button during the OS installation (**Figure 4-5**), the Load Driver screen appears (**Figure 4-6**). Click **Browse**.

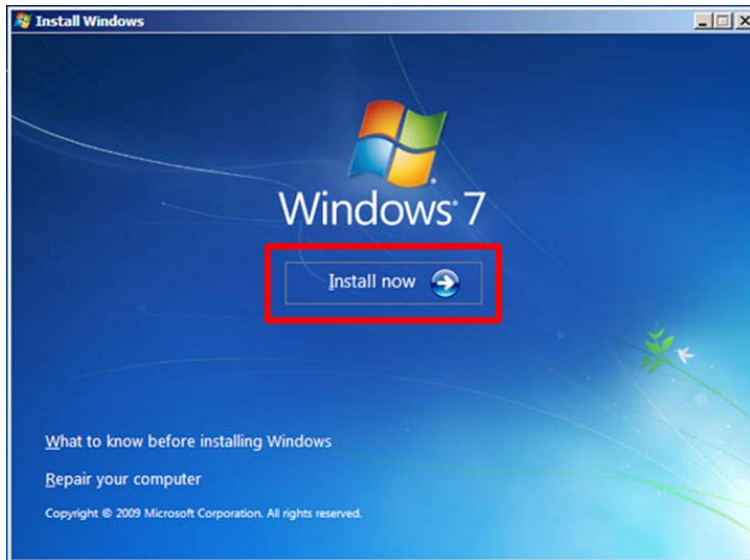


Figure 4-5: Install Now

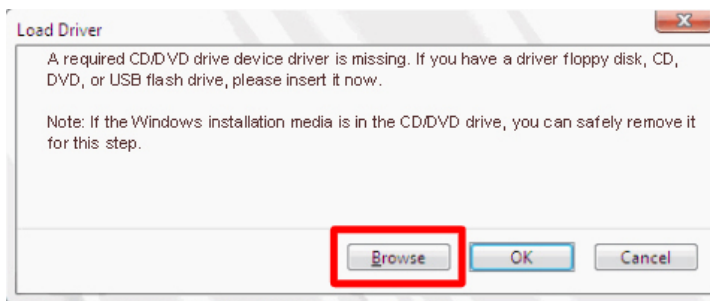


Figure 4-6: Load Driver

Step 3: Locate the USB 3.0 driver folder, select **Driver**, and then click **OK** (Figure 4-7).

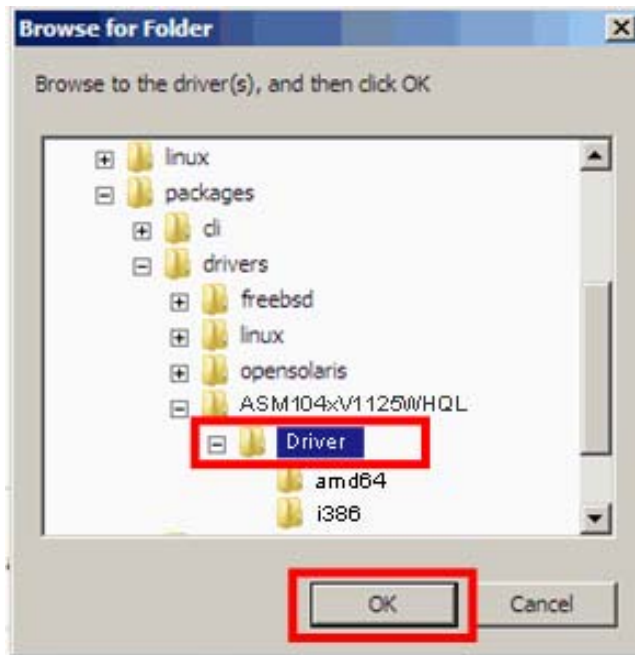


Figure 4-7: Browse for Folder

Step 4: Make sure the **ASMedia XHCI Controller** driver is selected, and then click **Next**.

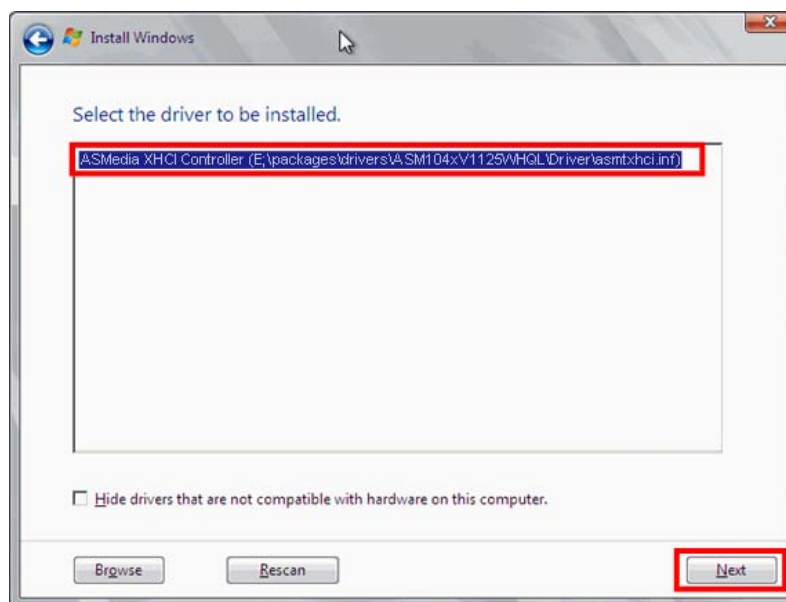


Figure 4-8: Select the ASMedia XHCI Controller Driver

Step 5: Click **OK** to continue (Figure 4-9).

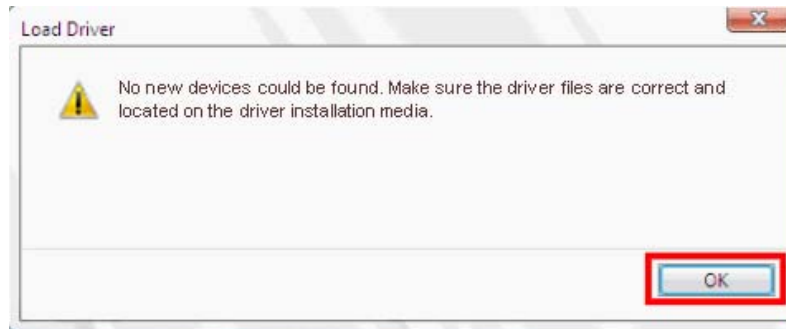


Figure 4-9: Confirm the Driver File

Step 6: Make sure the **Driver** subfolder inside the USB 3.0 driver folder is selected, and then click **OK** (Figure 4-7).

Step 7: Select the **USB Root Hub** driver and click **Next**.

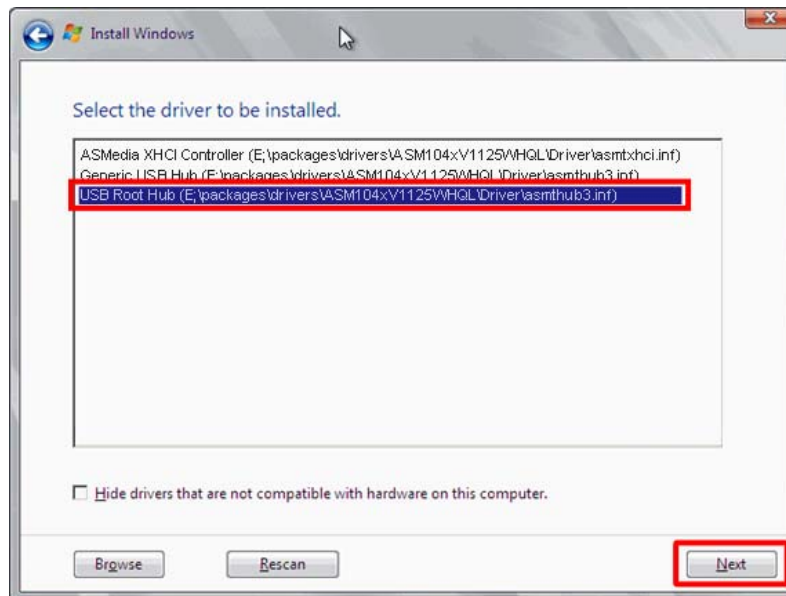


Figure 4-10: Select the USB Root Hub Driver

Step 8: Follow the on-screen instructions of the Windows setup wizard to complete the OS installation.

Chapter

5

BIOS

5.1 Introduction

The BIOS is programmed onto the BIOS chip. The BIOS setup program allows changes to certain system settings. This chapter outlines the options that can be changed.

5.1.1 Starting Setup

The UEFI BIOS is activated when the computer is turned on. The setup program can be activated in one of two ways.

1. Press the **DEL** or **F2** key as soon as the system is turned on or
2. Press the **DEL** or **F2** key when the “**Press DEL or F2 to enter SETUP**” message appears on the screen.

If the message disappears before the **DEL** or **F2** key is pressed, restart the computer and try again.

5.1.2 Using Setup

Use the arrow keys to highlight items, press **ENTER** to select, use the PageUp and PageDown keys to change entries, press **F1** for help and press **ESC** to quit. Navigation keys are shown in.

Key	Function
Up arrow	Move to previous item
Down arrow	Move to next item
Left arrow	Move to the item on the left hand side
Right arrow	Move to the item on the right hand side
+	Increase the numeric value or make changes
-	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
Page Up key	Move to the next page
Page Dn key	Move to the previous page

Key	Function
Esc key	Main Menu – Quit and not save changes into CMOS Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu -- Exit current page and return to Main Menu
F1	General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu
F2	Load previous values
F3	Load optimized defaults
F4	Save changes and Exit BIOS

Table 5-1: BIOS Navigation Keys

5.1.3 Getting Help

When **F1** is pressed a small help window describing the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item appears. To exit the Help Window press **Esc** or the **F1** key again.

5.1.4 Unable to Reboot after Configuration Changes

If the computer cannot boot after changes to the system configuration is made, CMOS defaults. Use the jumper described in Chapter 4.

5.1.5 BIOS Menu Bar

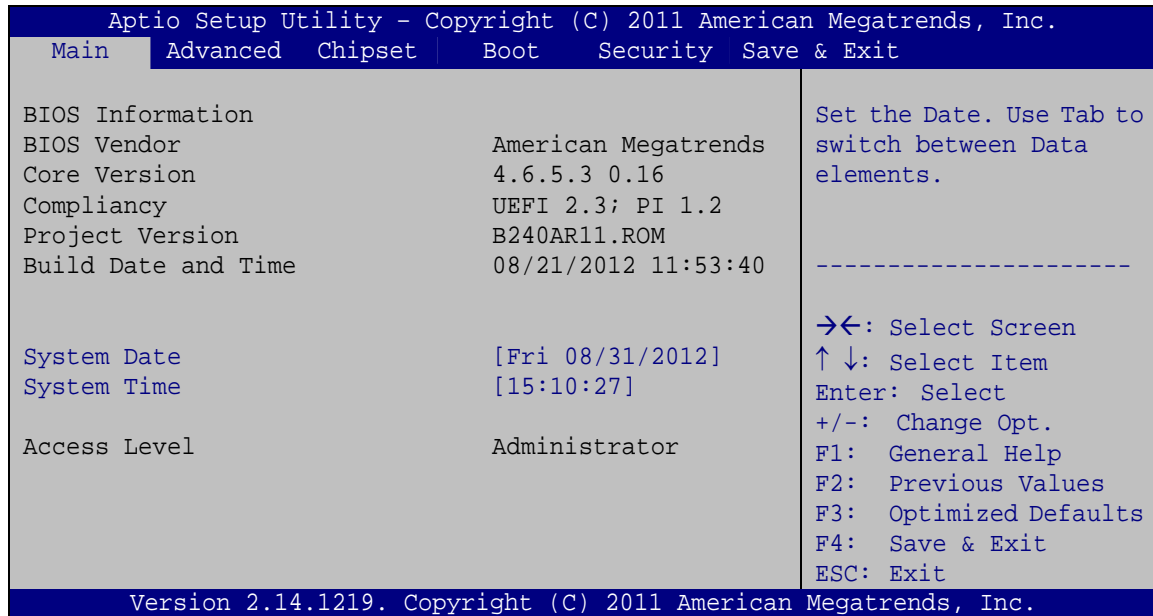
The **menu bar** on top of the BIOS screen has the following main items:

- Main – Changes the basic system configuration.
- Advanced – Changes the advanced system settings.
- Chipset – Changes the chipset settings.
- Boot – Changes the system boot configuration.
- Security – Sets User and Supervisor Passwords.
- Save & Exit – Selects exit options and loads default settings.

The following sections completely describe the configuration options found in the menu items at the top of the BIOS screen and listed above.

5.2 Main

The **Main** BIOS menu (**BIOS Menu 1**) appears when the **BIOS Setup** program is entered. The **Main** menu gives an overview of the basic system information.



BIOS Menu 1: Main

→ System Overview

The **BIOS Information** lists a brief summary of the BIOS. The fields in **BIOS Information** cannot be changed. The items shown in the system overview include:

- **BIOS Vendor:** Installed BIOS vendor
- **Core Version:** Current BIOS version
- **Project Version:** the board version
- **Build Date and Time:** Date and time the current BIOS version was made

The System Overview field also has two user configurable fields:

→ System Date [xx/xx/xx]

Use the **System Date** option to set the system date. Manually enter the day, month and year.

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

→ System Time [xx:xx:xx]

Use the **System Time** option to set the system time. Manually enter the hours, minutes and seconds.

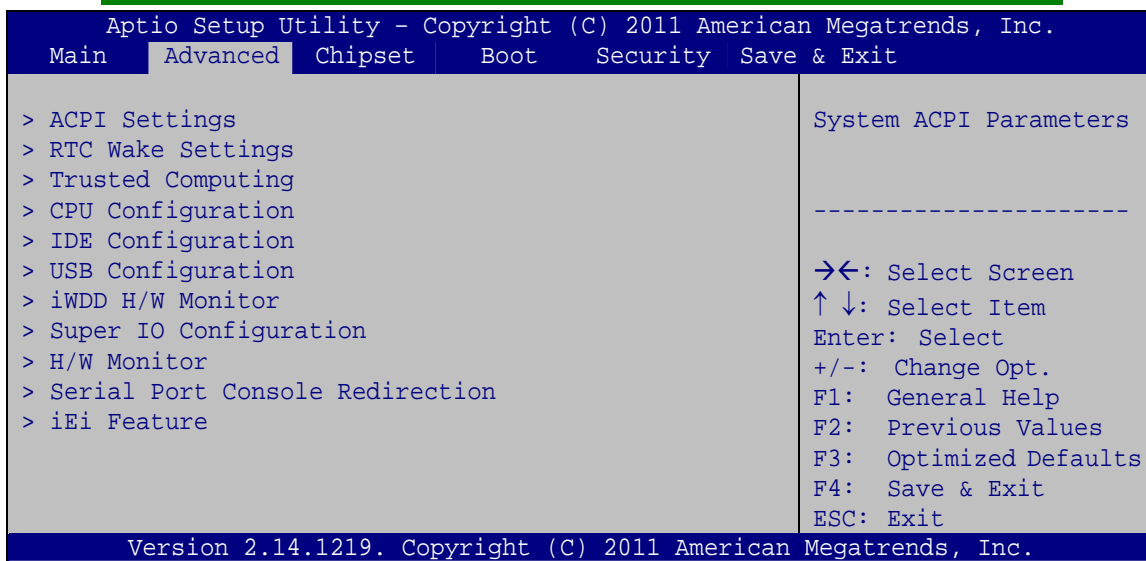
5.3 Advanced

Use the **Advanced** menu (**BIOS Menu 2**) to configure the CPU and peripheral devices through the following sub-menus:



WARNING:

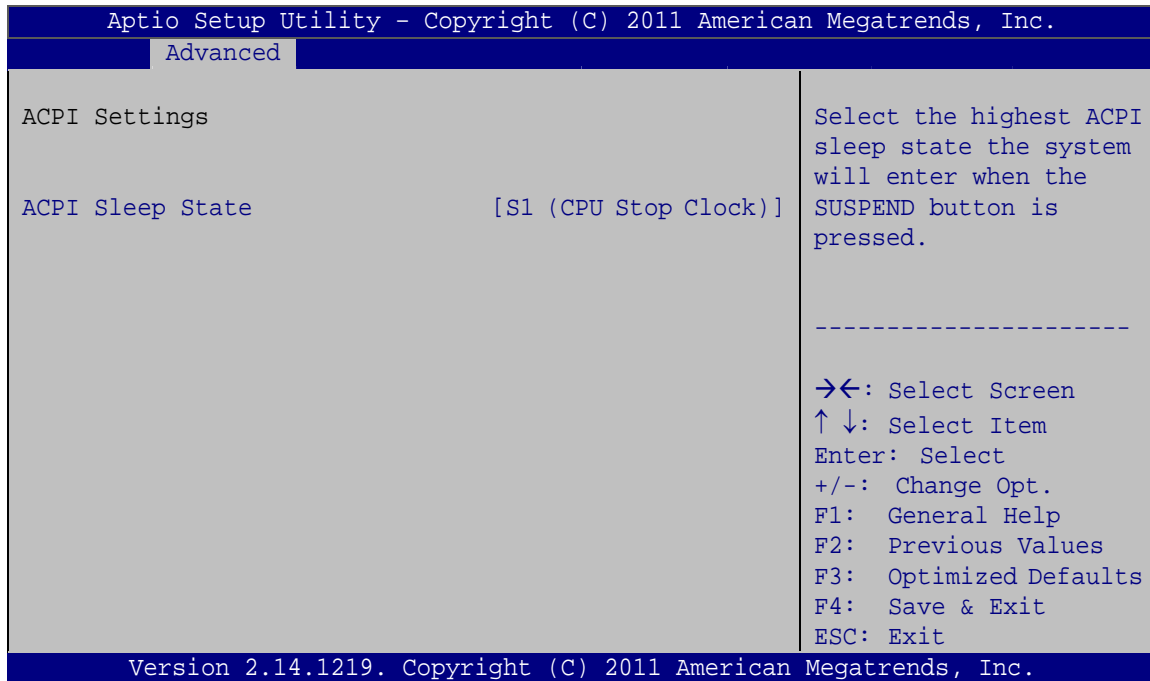
Setting the wrong values in the sections below may cause the system to malfunction. Make sure that the settings made are compatible with the hardware.



BIOS Menu 2: Advanced

5.3.1 ACPI Settings

The **ACPI Settings** menu (**BIOS Menu 3**) configures the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) options.



BIOS Menu 3: ACPI Settings

→ ACPI Sleep State [S1 (CPU Stop Clock)]

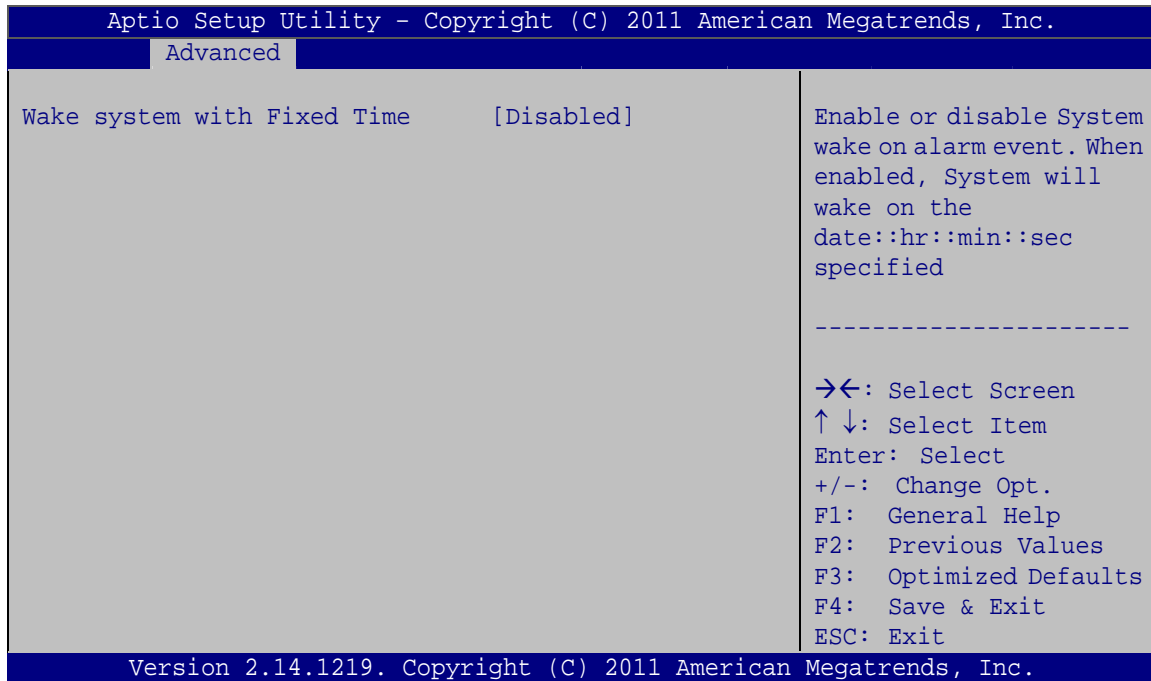
Use the **ACPI Sleep State** option to specify the sleep state the system enters when it is not being used.

- **S1 (CPU Stop DEFAULT Clock)** The system enters S1 (POS) sleep state. The system appears off. The CPU is stopped; RAM is refreshed; the system is running in a low power mode.
- **S3 (Suspend to RAM)** The caches are flushed and the CPU is powered off. Power to the RAM is maintained. The computer returns slower to a working state, but more power is saved.

5.3.2 RTC Wake Settings

The **RTC Wake Settings** menu (**BIOS Menu 4**) enables the system to wake at the specified time.

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module



BIOS Menu 4: RTC Wake Settings

→ Wake system with Fixed Time [Disabled]

Use the **Wake system with Fixed Time** option to enable or disable the system wake on alarm event.

→ **Disabled** **DEFAULT** The real time clock (RTC) cannot generate a wake event

→ **Enabled** If selected, the **Wake up every day** option appears allowing you to enable to disable the system to wake every day at the specified time. Besides, the following options appear with values that can be selected:

Wake up date

Wake up hour

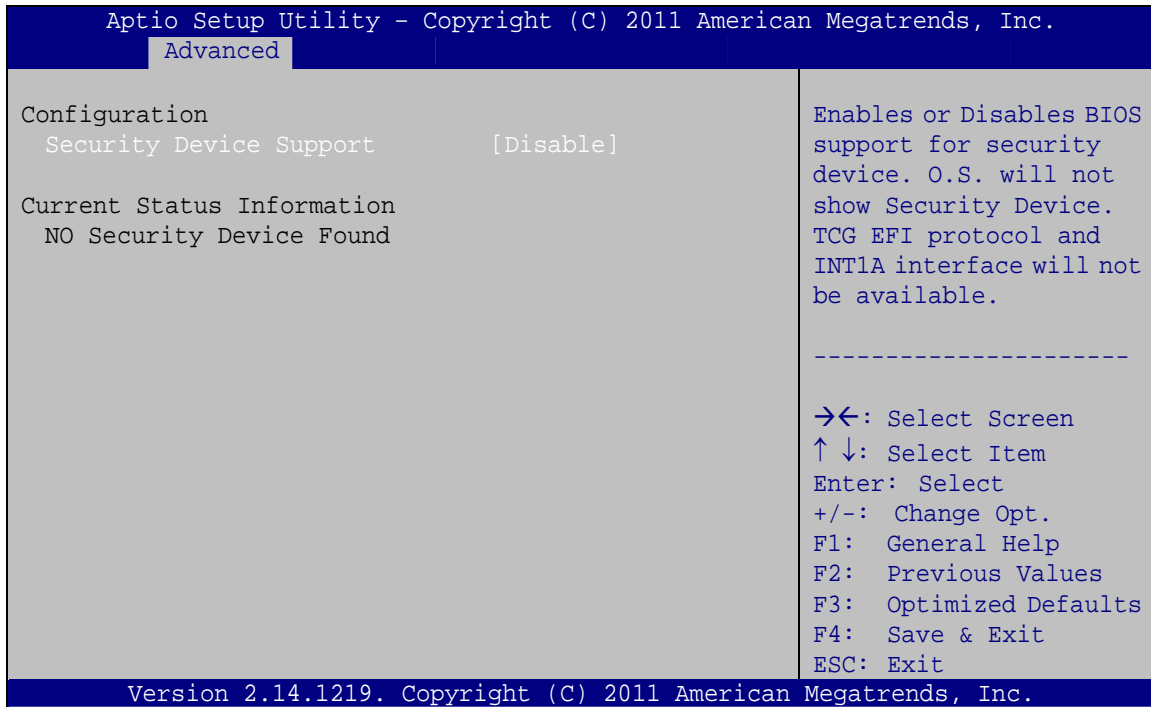
Wake up minute

Wake up second

After setting the alarm, the computer turns itself on from a suspend state when the alarm goes off.

5.3.3 Trusted Computing

Use the **Trusted Computing** menu (**BIOS Menu 5**) to configure settings related to the Trusted Computing Group (TCG) Trusted Platform Module (TPM).



BIOS Menu 5: Trusted Computing

→ Security Device Support [Disable]

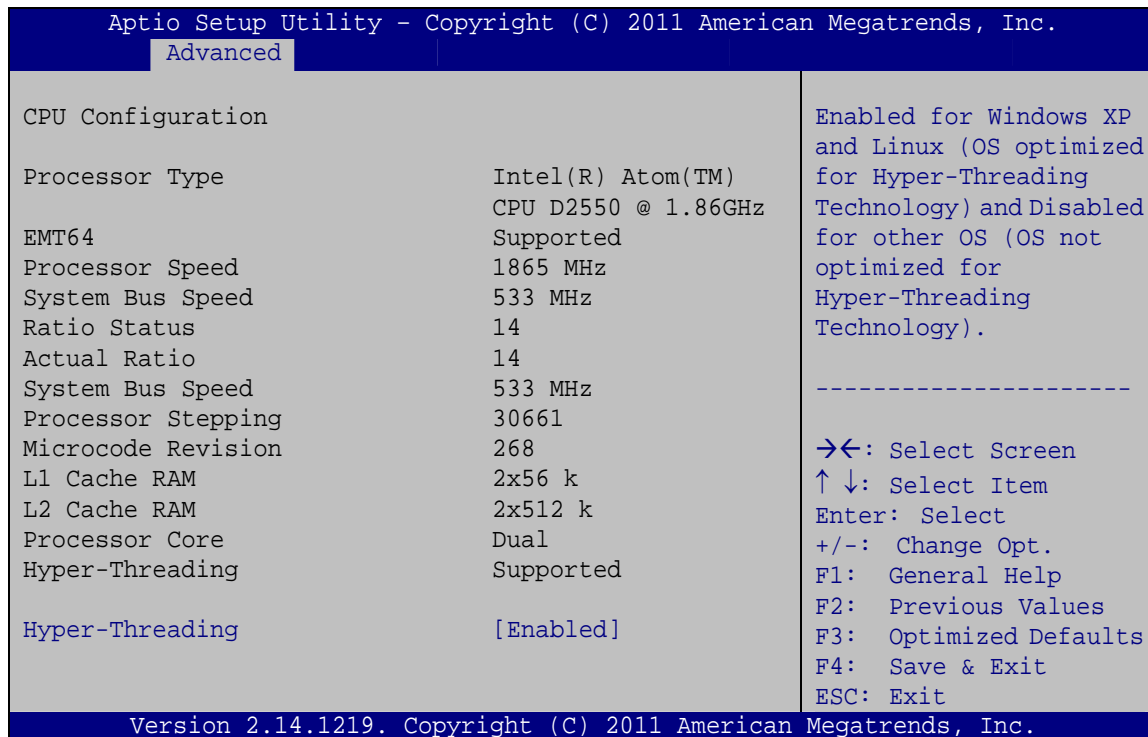
Use the **Security Device Support** option to configure support for the TPM.

- **Disable** DEFAULT TPM support is disabled.
- **Enable** TPM support is enabled.

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

5.3.4 CPU Configuration

Use the **CPU Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 6**) to view detailed CPU specifications and configure the CPU.



BIOS Menu 6: CPU Configuration

The CPU Configuration menu (**BIOS Menu 6**) lists the following CPU details:

- **Processor Type:** Lists the brand name of the CPU being used.
- **EMT64:** Indicates if EMT64 is supported by the CPU.
- **Processor Speed:** Lists the CPU processing speed.
- **System Bus Speed:** Lists the system bus speed.
- **Ratio Status:** Lists the ratio status.
- **Actual Ratio:** Lists the ratio of the frequency to the clock speed.
- **Processor Stepping:** Lists the CPU ID.
- **Microcode Revision:** Lists the microcode revision.
- **L1 Cache RAM:** Lists the CPU L1 cache size.
- **L2 Cache RAM:** Lists the CPU L2 cache size.
- **Processor Core:** Lists the number of the processor core.
- **Hyper-Threading:** Indicates if Intel HT Technology is supported by the CPU.

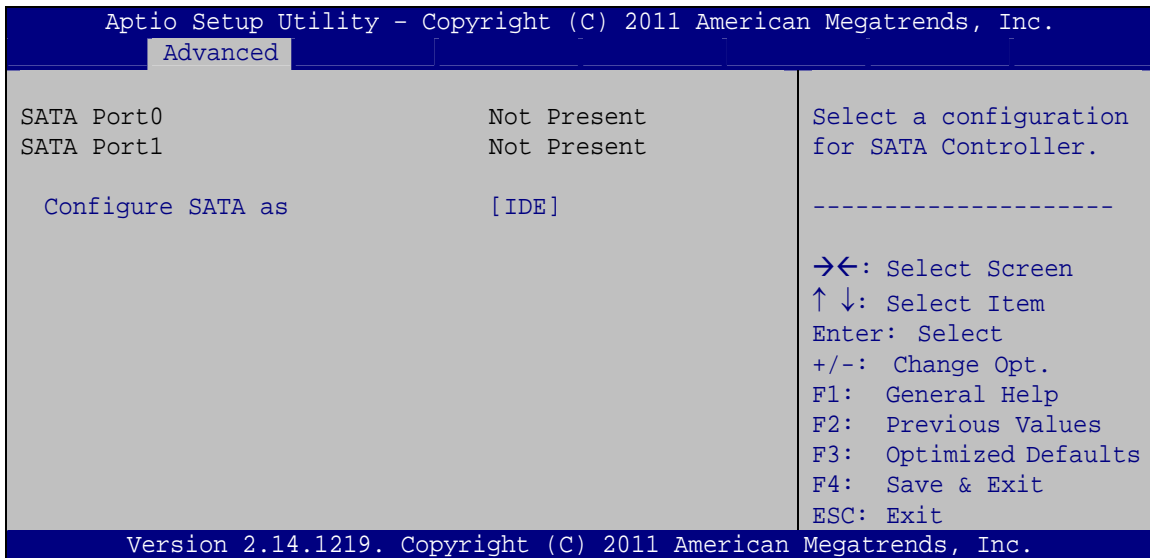
➔ **Hyper-Threading [Enabled]**

Use the **Hyper-Threading** BIOS option to enable or disable the Intel Hyper-Threading Technology.

- ➔ **Disabled** Disables the Intel Hyper-Threading Technology.
- ➔ **Enabled** **DEFAULT** Enables the Intel Hyper-Threading Technology.

5.3.5 IDE Configuration

Use the **IDE Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 7**) to change and/or set the configuration of the SATA devices installed in the system.



BIOS Menu 7: IDE Configuration

➔ **Configure SATA as [IDE]**

Use the **Configure SATA as** option to configure SATA devices as normal IDE or AHCI devices.

- ➔ **IDE** **DEFAULT** Configures SATA devices as normal IDE device.
- ➔ **AHCI** Configures SATA devices as AHCI device.

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

5.3.6 USB Configuration

Use the **USB Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 8**) to read USB configuration information and configure the USB settings.

```

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
  Advanced
-----
USB Configuration                               Enables Legacy USB
                                                support. AUTO option
USB Devices:                                     disables legacy support
  1 Keyboard                                     if no USB devices are
                                                connected. DISABLE
Legacy USB Support                               option will keep USB
                                                devices available only
                                                for EFI applications.
                                                -----
                                                →←: Select Screen
                                                ↑↓: Select Item
                                                Enter: Select
                                                +/-: Change Opt.
                                                F1: General Help
                                                F2: Previous Values
                                                F3: Optimized Defaults
                                                F4: Save & Exit
                                                ESC: Exit
Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.

```

BIOS Menu 8: USB Configuration

→ USB Devices

The **USB Devices** field lists the USB devices that are enabled on the system

→ Legacy USB Support [Enabled]

Use the **Legacy USB Support** BIOS option to enable USB mouse and USB keyboard support.

Normally if this option is not enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard does not become available until a USB compatible operating system is fully booted with all USB drivers loaded. When this option is enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard can control the system even when there is no USB driver loaded onto the system.

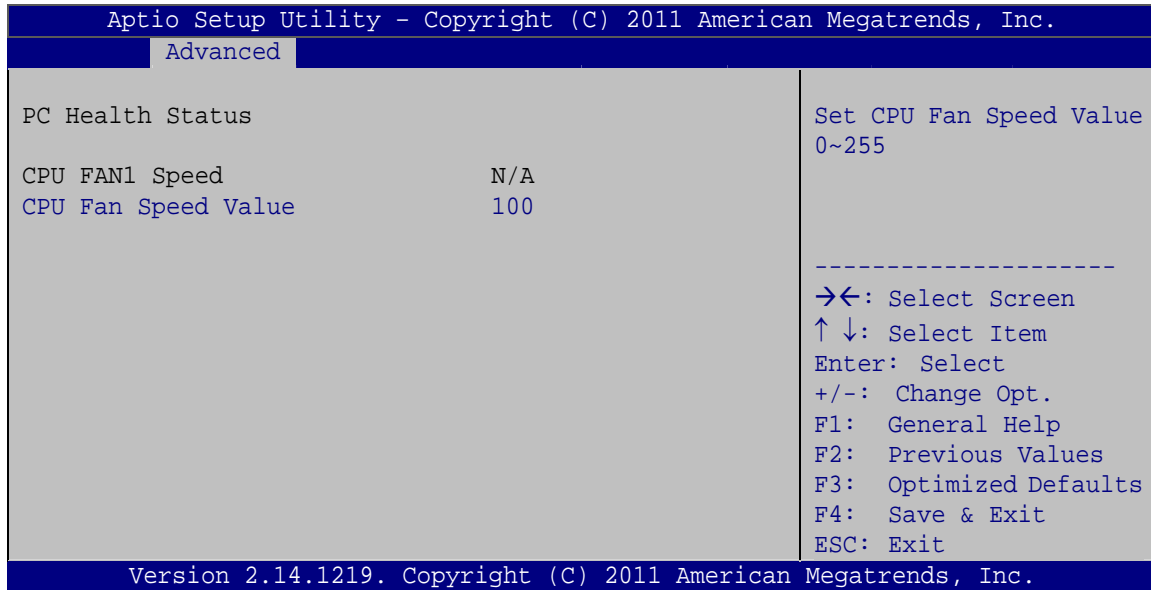
→ Disabled

Legacy USB support disabled

- ➔ **Enabled** **DEFAULT** Legacy USB support enabled
- ➔ **Auto** Legacy USB support disabled if no USB devices are connected

5.3.7 iWDD H/W Monitor

The **iWDD H/W Monitor** menu (**BIOS Menu 9**) displays the CPU fan speed and allows configuring the CPU fan speed value.



BIOS Menu 9: iWDD H/W Monitor

➔ CPU Fan Speed Value

Use the + or – key to change the CPU fan speed value. Enter a decimal number between 0 and 255.

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

5.3.8 Super IO Configuration

Use the **Super IO Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 10**) to set or change the configurations for the serial ports.

```

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
  Advanced
-----
Super IO Configuration                               Set Parameters of Serial
                                                    Port 1 (COMA)
                                                    -----
Super IO Chip                                     Winbond W83627DHG
> Serial Port 1 Configuration
> Serial Port 2 Configuration
                                                    -----
                                                    →←: Select Screen
                                                    ↑↓: Select Item
                                                    Enter: Select
                                                    +/-: Change Opt.
                                                    F1:  General Help
                                                    F2:  Previous Values
                                                    F3:  Optimized Defaults
                                                    F4:  Save & Exit
                                                    ESC: Exit
Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.

```

BIOS Menu 10: Super IO Configuration

5.3.8.1 Serial Port n Configuration

Use the **Serial Port n Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 11**) to configure the serial port n.

```

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
  Advanced
-----
Serial Port n Configuration                       Enable or Disable Serial
                                                    Port (COM)
                                                    -----
Serial Port                                     [Enabled]
Device Settings                               IO=3F8h; IRQ=4
Change Settings                               [Auto]
                                                    -----
                                                    →←: Select Screen
                                                    ↑↓: Select Item
                                                    Enter: Select
                                                    +/-: Change Opt.
                                                    F1:  General Help
                                                    F2:  Previous Values
                                                    F3:  Optimized Defaults
                                                    F4:  Save & Exit
                                                    ESC: Exit
Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.

```

BIOS Menu 11: Serial Port n Configuration Menu

5.3.8.1.1 Serial Port 1 Configuration

→ Serial Port [Enabled]

Use the **Serial Port** option to enable or disable the serial port.

- **Disabled** Disable the serial port
- **Enabled** **DEFAULT** Enable the serial port

→ Change Settings [Auto]

Use the **Change Settings** option to change the serial port IO port address and interrupt address.

- **Auto** **DEFAULT** The serial port IO port address and interrupt address are automatically detected.
- **IO=3F8h;**
IRQ=4 Serial Port I/O port address is 3F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ4
- **IO=3F8h;**
IRQ=3, 4,
5, 6, 7, 10,
11, 12 Serial Port I/O port address is 3F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12
- **IO=2F8h;**
IRQ=3, 4,
5, 6, 7, 10,
11, 12 Serial Port I/O port address is 2F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12
- **IO=3E8h;**
IRQ=3, 4,
5, 6, 7, 10,
11, 12 Serial Port I/O port address is 3E8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12
- **IO=2E8h;**
IRQ=3, 4,
5, 6, 7, 10,
11, 12 Serial Port I/O port address is 2E8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

5.3.8.1.2 Serial Port 2 Configuration

→ Serial Port [Enabled]

Use the **Serial Port** option to enable or disable the serial port.

- **Disabled** Disable the serial port
- **Enabled** **DEFAULT** Enable the serial port

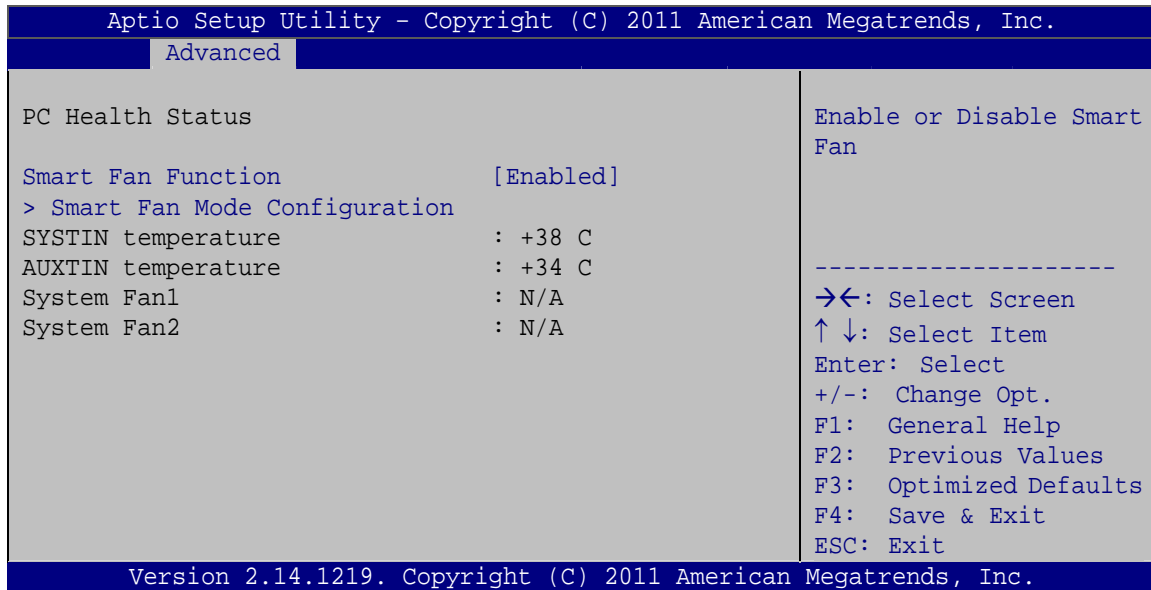
→ Change Settings [Auto]

Use the **Change Settings** option to change the serial port IO port address and interrupt address.

- **Auto** **DEFAULT** The serial port IO port address and interrupt address are automatically detected.
- **IO=2F8h;**
IRQ=3 Serial Port I/O port address is 2F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3
- **IO=3F8h;**
IRQ=3, 4,
5, 6, 7, 10,
11, 12 Serial Port I/O port address is 3F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12
- **IO=2F8h;**
IRQ=3, 4,
5, 6, 7, 10,
11, 12 Serial Port I/O port address is 2F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12
- **IO=3E8h;**
IRQ=3, 4,
5, 6, 7, 10,
11, 12 Serial Port I/O port address is 3E8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12
- **IO=2E8h;**
IRQ=3, 4,
5, 6, 7, 10,
11, 12 Serial Port I/O port address is 2E8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12

5.3.9 H/W Monitor

The **H/W Monitor** menu (**BIOS Menu 12**) contains the fan configuration submenus and displays operating temperature, fan speeds and system voltages.



BIOS Menu 12: H/W Monitor

→ PC Health Status

The following system parameters and values are shown. The system parameters that are monitored are:

- System temperatures
- System fan speeds

→ Smart Fan Function [Enabled]

Use **Smart Fan Function** option to enable or disable the smart fan function.

- **Disabled** Disabled the smart fan function
- **Enabled** **DEFAULT** Enabled the smart fan function

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

5.3.9.1 Smart Fan Mode Configuration

Use the **Smart Fan Mode Configuration** submenu (**BIOS Menu 13**) to configure fan temperature and speed settings.

```

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
Advanced
Smart Fan Mode Configuration
SYS Smart Fan1 Mode          [Manual Mode]
SYSFAN1 expect PWM Output/DC 255
Voltage Output
SYS Smart Fan2 Mode          [Manual Mode]
SYSFAN2 expect PWM Output/DC 255
Voltage Output
SYS Smart Fan1 Mode Select
-----
-><: Select Screen
↑↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1: General Help
F2: Previous Values
F3: Optimized Defaults
F4: Save & Exit
ESC: Exit
Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
  
```

BIOS Menu 13: Smart Fan Mode Configuration

➔ **SYS Smart Fan1/Fan2 Mode [Manual Mode]**

Use the **Sys Smart Fan1/Fan2 Mode** option to configure the system smart fans.

- ➔ **Manual Mode** **DEFAULT** The fan spins at the speed set in SYSFAN1/SYSFAN2 expect PWM Output/DC Voltage Output settings.
- ➔ **Thermal**
Cruise Mode The fan adjusts its speed using SYSFAN1/SYSFAN2 Target Temperature and SYSFAN1/SYSFAN2 Tolerance of Target Temperature settings.
- ➔ **Fan Speed**
Cruise Mode The fan adjusts its speed using SYSFAN1/SYSFAN2 Target Speed Count and SYSFAN1/SYSFAN2 Tolerance of Target Speed Count settings.

→ **SYSFAN1/SYSFAN2 expect PWM Output/DC Voltage Output**

Use the + or – key to change the value. Enter a decimal number between 0 and 255.

→ **SYSFAN1/SYSFAN2 Target Temperature**

Use the + or – key to change the value. Enter a decimal number between 0 and 127.

→ **SYSFAN1/SYSFAN2 Tolerance of Target Temperature**

Use the + or – key to change the value. Enter a decimal number between 0 and 15.

→ **SYSFAN1/SYSFAN2 Target Speed Count**

Use the + or – key to change the value. Enter a decimal number between 0 and 255.

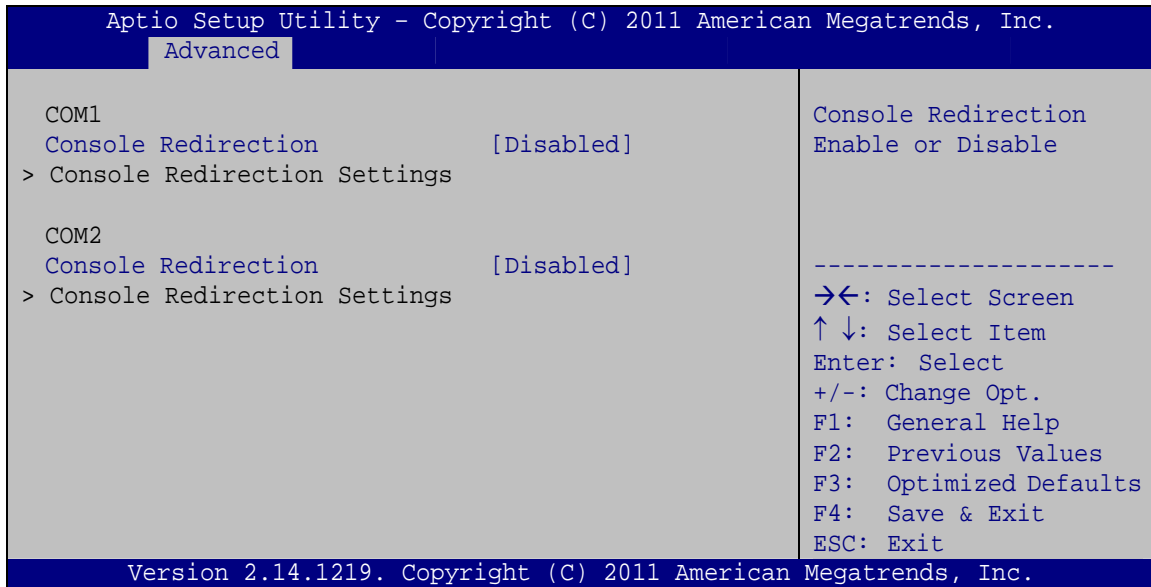
→ **SYSFAN1/SYSFAN2 Tolerance of Target Speed Count**

Use the + or – key to change the value. Enter a decimal number between 0 and 15.

5.3.10 Serial Port Console Redirection

The **Serial Port Console Redirection** menu (**BIOS Menu 14**) allows the console redirection options to be configured. Console redirection allows users to maintain a system remotely by re-directing keyboard input and text output through the serial port.

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module



BIOS Menu 14: Serial Port Console Redirection

→ Console Redirection [Disabled]

Use **Console Redirection** option to enable or disable the console redirection function.

- **Disabled** **DEFAULT** Disabled the console redirection function
- **Enabled** Enabled the console redirection function

→ Terminal Type [ANSI]

Use the **Terminal Type** option to specify the remote terminal type.

- **VT100** The target terminal type is VT100
- **VT100+** The target terminal type is VT100+
- **VT-UTF8** The target terminal type is VT-UTF8
- **ANSI** **DEFAULT** The target terminal type is ANSI

→ Bits per second [115200]

Use the **Bits per second** option to specify the serial port transmission speed. The speed must match the other side. Long or noisy lines may require lower speeds.

- 9600 Sets the serial port transmission speed at 9600.
- 19200 Sets the serial port transmission speed at 19200.
- 38400 Sets the serial port transmission speed at 38400.
- 57600 Sets the serial port transmission speed at 57600.
- 115200 **DEFAULT** Sets the serial port transmission speed at 115200.

→ **Data Bits [8]**

Use the **Data Bits** option to specify the number of data bits.

- 7 Sets the data bits at 7.
- 8 **DEFAULT** Sets the data bits at 8.

→ **Parity [None]**

Use the **Parity** option to specify the parity bit that can be sent with the data bits for detecting the transmission errors.

- **None** **DEFAULT** No parity bit is sent with the data bits.
- **Even** The parity bit is 0 if the number of ones in the data bits is even.
- **Odd** The parity bit is 0 if the number of ones in the data bits is odd.
- **Mark** The parity bit is always 1. This option does not provide error detection.
- **Space** The parity bit is always 0. This option does not provide error detection.

→ **Stop Bits [1]**

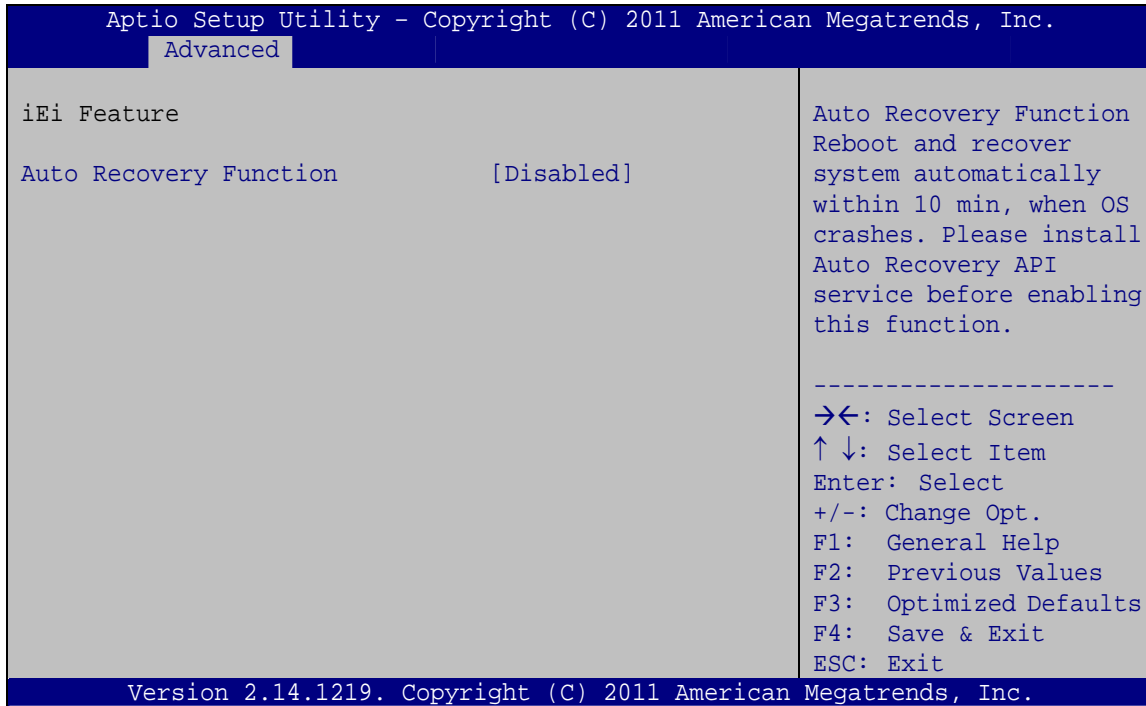
Use the **Stop Bits** option to specify the number of stop bits used to indicate the end of a serial data packet. Communication with slow devices may require more than 1 stop bit.

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

- ➔ 1 **DEFAULT** Sets the number of stop bits at 1.
- ➔ 2 Sets the number of stop bits at 2.

5.3.11 iEi Feature

Use the **iEi Feature** menu (**BIOS Menu 15**) to configure One Key Recovery function.



BIOS Menu 15: iEi Feature

➔ Auto Recovery Function [Disabled]

Use the **Auto Recovery Function** BIOS option to enable or disable the auto recovery function of the IEI One Key Recovery.

- ➔ **Disabled** **DEFAULT** Auto recovery function disabled
- ➔ **Enabled** Auto recovery function enabled

5.4 Chipset

Use the **Chipset** menu (**BIOS Menu 16**) to access the Host Bridge and Southbridge configuration menus.



WARNING!

Setting the wrong values for the Chipset BIOS selections in the Chipset BIOS menu may cause the system to malfunction.

```

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
Main   Advanced  Chipset  Boot   Security  Save & Exit
-----
> Host Bridge
> South Bridge

Host Bridge Parameters

-----
-><: Select Screen
↑↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1: General Help
F2: Previous Values
F3: Optimized Defaults
F4: Save & Exit
ESC: Exit

Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
    
```

BIOS Menu 16: Chipset

5.4.1 Host Bridge Configuration

Use the **Host Bridge Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 17**) to configure the Intel IGD Configuration and display the memory information.

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

```

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
  Chipset
> Intel IGD Configuration
***** Memory Information *****
Memory Frequency           1067 MHz(DDR3)
Total Memory                2048 MB
DIMM#1                     2048 MB

-----
-><: Select Screen
↑↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1:  General Help
F2:  Previous Values
F3:  Optimized Defaults
F4:  Save & Exit
ESC: Exit

Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.

```

BIOS Menu 17: Host Bridge Configuration

5.4.1.1 Intel IGD Configuration

Use the **Intel IGD Configuration** submenu (**BIOS Menu 18**) to configure the video device connected to the system.

```

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
  Advanced
Intel IGD Configuration
IGFX - Boot Type           [VBIOS Default]
LVDS1 Panel Type          [800x600 18-Bit]
Backlight Control         [Inverted]
Fixed Graphics Memory Size [128MB]

-----
Select the Video Device
which will be activated
during POST. This has no
effect if external
graphics present.

-----
-><: Select Screen
↑↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1:  General Help
F2:  Previous Values
F3:  Optimized Defaults
F4:  Save & Exit
ESC: Exit

Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.

```

BIOS Menu 18: Intel IGD Configuration

➔ **IGFX - Boot Type [VBIOS Default]**

Use the **IGFX - Boot Type** option to select the display device used by the system when it boots. Configuration options are listed below.

- VBIOS Default **DEFAULT**
- CRT
- Display Port 1
- Display Port 2
- LVDS1
- CRT + LVDS1

➔ **LVDS1 Panel Type [800x600 18-Bit]**

Use the **LVDS1 Panel Type** option to select the type of flat panel connected to the LVDS connector. Configuration options are listed below.

- 640x480 18-Bit
- 800x600 18-Bit **DEFAULT**
- 1024x768 18-Bit
- 1280x1024 24-Bit
- 1366x768 18-Bit
- 1024x600 18-Bit
- 1280x800 18-Bit
- 1024x768 24-Bit
- 1366x768 24-Bit

➔ **Backlight Control [Inverted]**

Use the **Backlight Control** option to select the backlight control mode.

- ➔ **Normal** Brightest at high voltage level
- ➔ **Inverted** **DEFAULT** Brightest at low voltage level

➔ **Fixed Graphics Memory Size [128MB]**

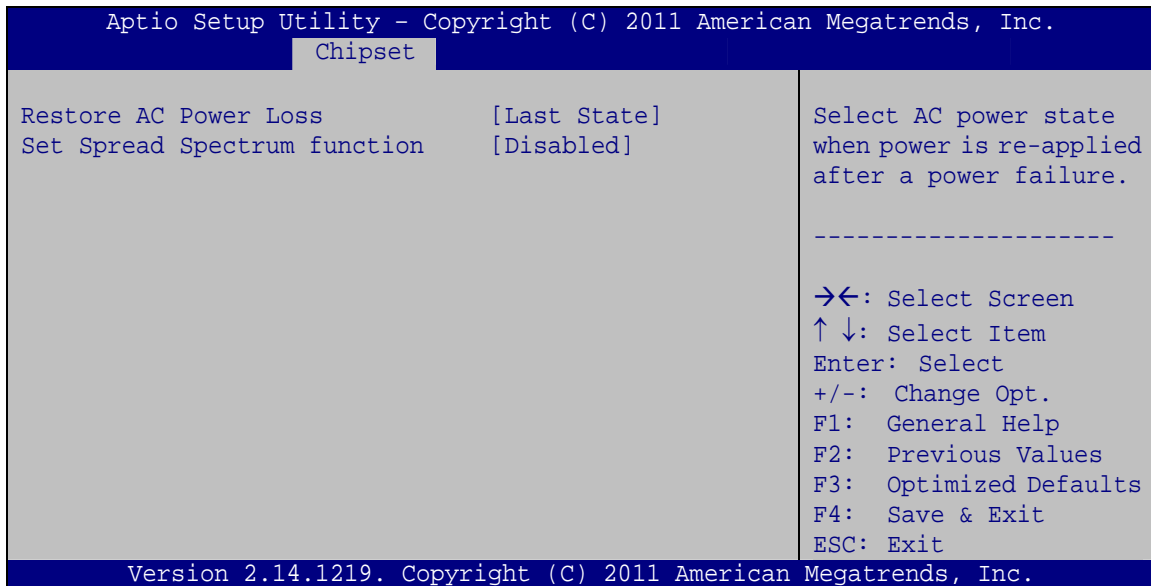
Use the **Fixed Graphics Memory Size** option to specify the maximum amount of memory that can be allocated as graphics memory. Configuration options are listed below.

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

- 128MB **DEFAULT**
- 256MB

5.4.2 South Bridge Configuration

Use the **South Bridge Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 19**) to configure the Southbridge chipset.



BIOS Menu 19: Southbridge Configuration

→ Restore AC Power Loss [Last State]

Use the **Restore AC Power Loss** BIOS option to specify what state the system returns to if there is a sudden loss of power to the system.

- **Power Off** The system remains turned off
- **Power On** The system turns on
- **Last State DEFAULT** The system returns to its previous state. If it was on, it turns itself on. If it was off, it remains off.

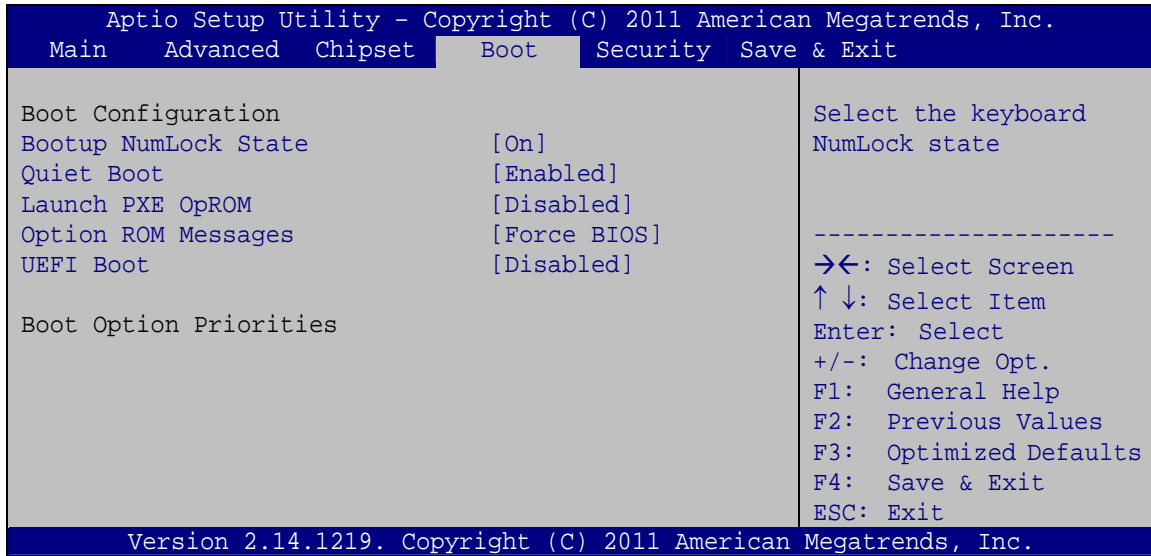
→ Set Spread Spectrum Function [Disabled]

The **Set Spread Spectrum Function** option can help to improve CPU EMI issues.

- ➔ **Disabled** **DEFAULT** The spread spectrum mode is disabled
- ➔ **Enabled** The spread spectrum mode is enabled

5.5 Boot

Use the **Boot menu (BIOS Menu 20)** to configure system boot options.



BIOS Menu 20: Boot

➔ **Bootup NumLock State [On]**

Use the **Bootup NumLock State** BIOS option to specify if the number lock setting must be modified during boot up.

- ➔ **On** **DEFAULT** Allows the Number Lock on the keyboard to be enabled automatically when the computer system boots up. This allows the immediate use of the 10-key numeric keypad located on the right side of the keyboard. To confirm this, the Number Lock LED light on the keyboard is lit.

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

- **Off** Does not enable the keyboard Number Lock automatically. To use the 10-keys on the keyboard, press the Number Lock key located on the upper left-hand corner of the 10-key pad. The Number Lock LED on the keyboard lights up when the Number Lock is engaged.

→ **Quiet Boot [Enabled]**

Use the **Quiet Boot** BIOS option to select the screen display when the system boots.

- **Disabled** Normal POST messages displayed
- **Enabled** **DEFAULT** OEM Logo displayed instead of POST messages

→ **Launch PXE OpROM [Disabled]**

Use the **Launch PXE OpROM** option to enable or disable boot option for legacy network devices.

- **Disabled** **DEFAULT** Ignore all PXE Option ROMs
- **Enabled** Load PXE Option ROMs.

→ **Option ROM Messages [Force BIOS]**

Use the **Option ROM Messages** option to set the Option ROM display mode.

- **Force BIOS** **DEFAULT** Sets display mode to force BIOS.
- **Keep Current** Sets display mode to current.

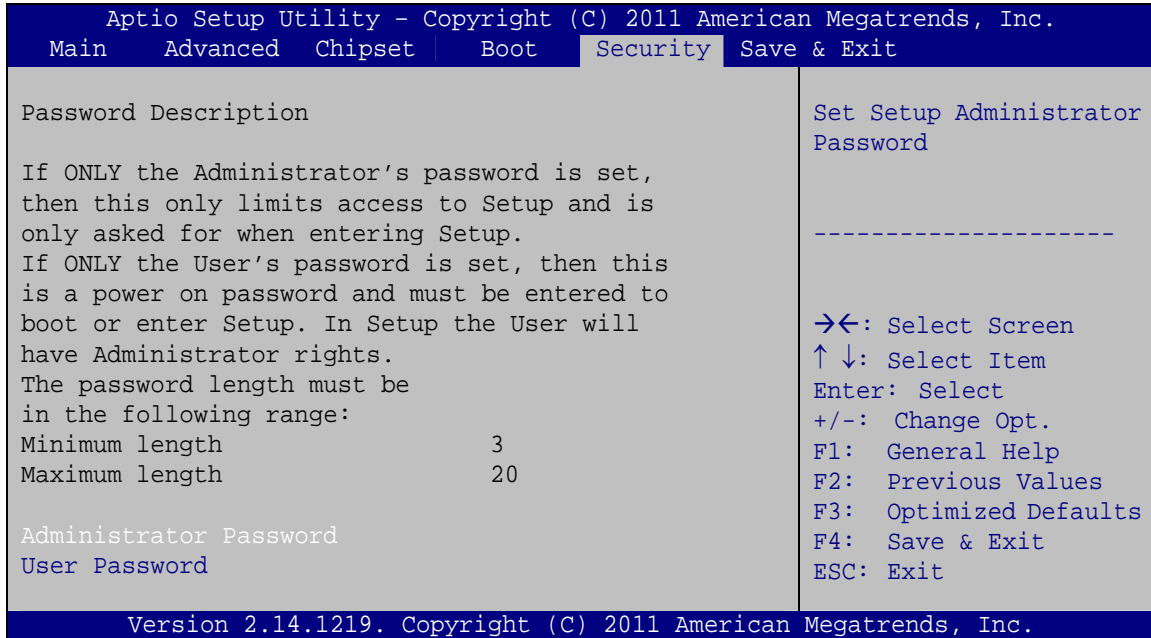
→ **UEFI Boot [Disabled]**

Use the **UEFI Boot** BIOS option to allow the system to boot from the UEFI devices.

- **Disabled** **DEFAULT** Disables to boot from the UEFI devices.
- **Enabled** Enables to boot from the UEFI devices.

5.6 Security

Use the **Security** menu (**BIOS Menu 21**) to set system and user passwords.



BIOS Menu 21: Security

→ Administrator Password

Use the **Administrator Password** to set or change an administrator password.

→ User Password

Use the **User Password** to set or change a user password.

5.7 Save & Exit

Use the **Save & Exit** menu (**BIOS Menu 22**) to load default BIOS values, optimal failsafe values and to save configuration changes.

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

```

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
Main   Advanced  Chipset  Boot   Security  Save & Exit

Save Changes and Reset
Discard Changes and Reset

Restore Defaults
Save as User Defaults
Restore User Defaults

Reset the system after
saving the changes.

-----
-><: Select Screen
↑↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1:  General Help
F2:  Previous Values
F3:  Optimized Defaults
F4:  Save & Exit
ESC: Exit

Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.

```

BIOS Menu 22: Save & Exit

→ Save Changes and Reset

Use the **Save Changes and Reset** option to save the changes made to the BIOS options and reset the system.

→ Discard Changes and Reset

Use the **Discard Changes and Reset** option to exit the system without saving the changes made to the BIOS configuration setup program.

→ Restore Defaults

Use the **Restore Defaults** option to load the optimal default values for each of the parameters on the Setup menus. **F3 key can be used for this operation.**

→ Save as User Defaults

Use the **Save as User Defaults** option to save the changes done so far as user defaults.

→ Restore User Defaults

Use the **Restore User Defaults** option to restore the user defaults to all the setup options.

Chapter

6

Software Drivers

6.1 Available Software Drivers



NOTE:

The content of the CD may vary throughout the life cycle of the product and is subject to change without prior notice. Visit the IEI website or contact technical support for the latest updates.

The following drivers can be installed on the system:

- Chipset
- VGA
- LAN
- Audio
- USB 3.0

Installation instructions are given below.

6.2 Starting the Driver Program

To access the driver installation programs, please do the following.

Step 1: Insert the CD that came with the system into a CD drive connected to the system.



NOTE:

If the installation program doesn't start automatically:
Click "Start->Computer->CD Drive->autorun.exe"

Step 2: The driver main menu appears (**Figure 6-1**).

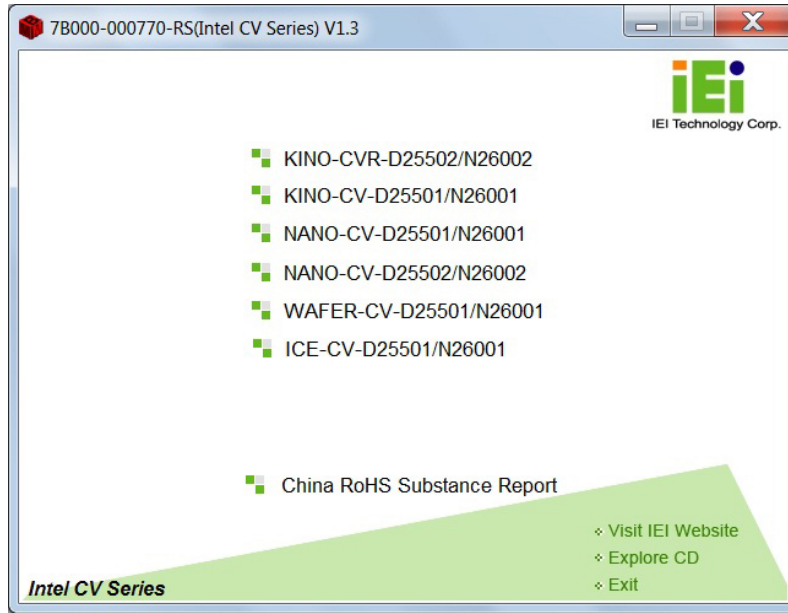


Figure 6-1: Start Up Screen

Step 3: Click ICE-CV-D25501/N26001.

Step 4: The list of drivers in **Figure 6-2** appears.



Figure 6-2: Drivers

6.3 Chipset Driver Installation

To install the chipset driver, please do the following.

Step 1: Access the driver list. (See **Section 6.2**)

Step 2: Click “1-Chipset”.

Step 3: Go to the 32-bit or 64-bit folder that corresponds to your OS version.

Step 4: Open the **Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility** folder.

Step 5: Double click the **infinst_autol** icon.

Step 6: The setup files are extracted as shown in **Figure 6-3**.

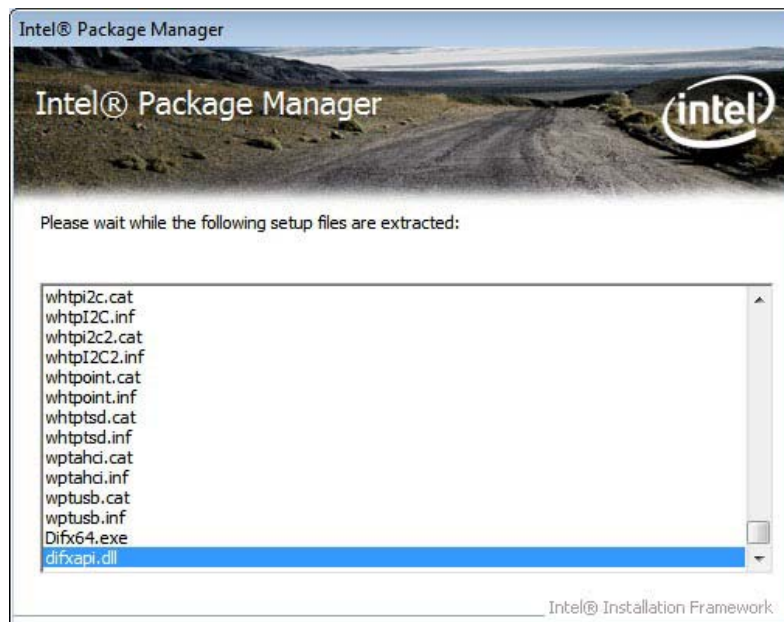


Figure 6-3: Chipset Driver Screen

Step 7: When the setup files are completely extracted, the **Welcome Screen** in **Figure 6-4** appears.

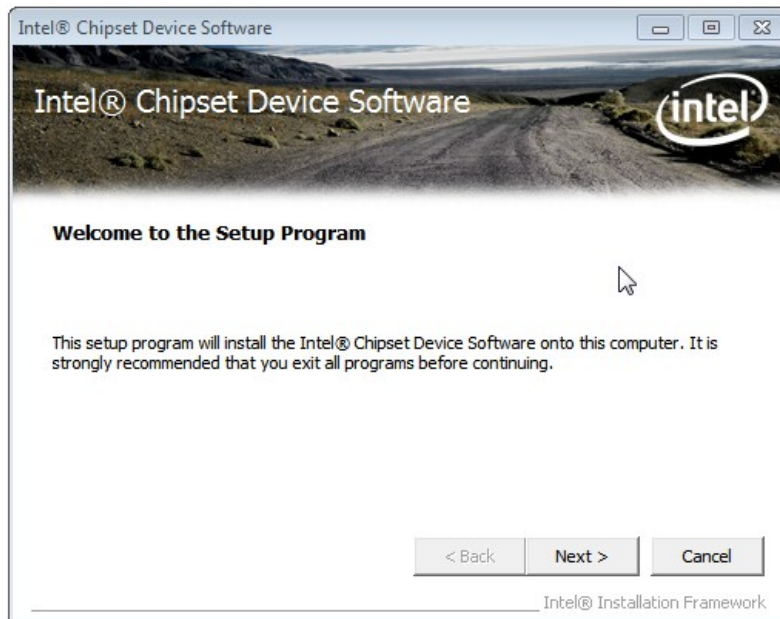


Figure 6-4: Chipset Driver Welcome Screen

Step 8: Click **Next** to continue.

Step 9: The license agreement in **Figure 6-5** appears.

Step 10: Read the **License Agreement**.

Step 11: Click **Yes** to continue.

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module



Figure 6-5: Chipset Driver License Agreement

Step 12: The Read Me file in **Figure 6-6** appears.

Step 13: Click **Next** to continue.

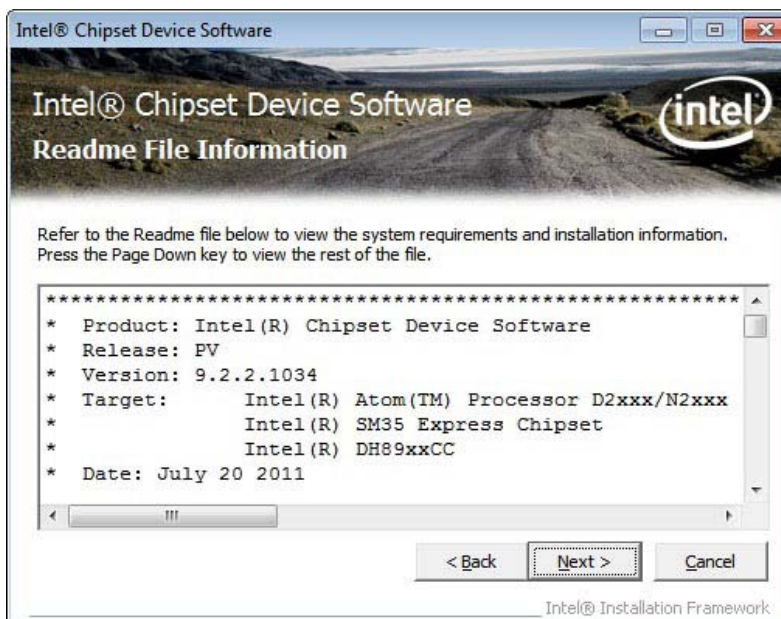


Figure 6-6: Chipset Driver Read Me File

Step 14: Setup Operations are performed as shown in **Figure 6-7**.

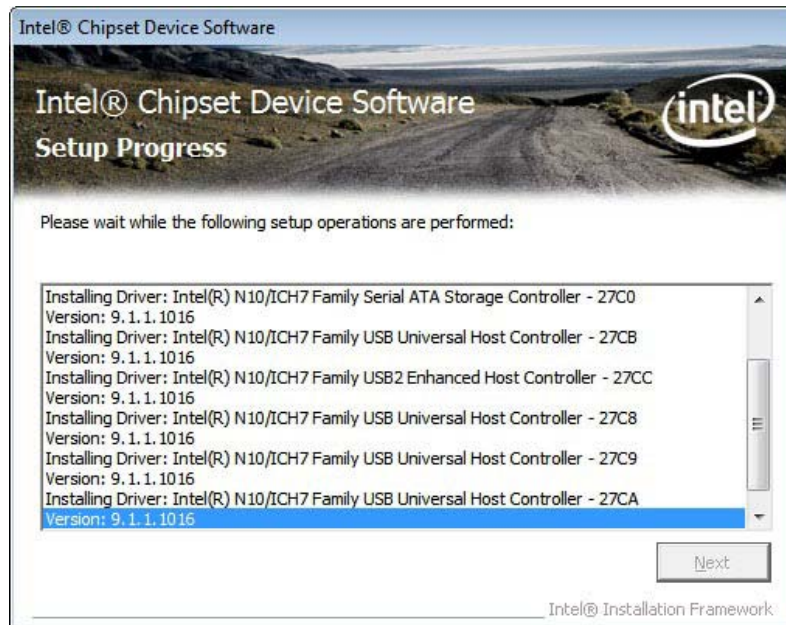


Figure 6-7: Chipset Driver Setup Operations

Step 15: Once the **Setup Operations** are complete, click **Next** to continue.

Step 16: The **Finish** screen appears.

Step 17: Select “**Yes, I want to restart the computer now**” and click the **Finish** icon.

See **Figure 6-8**.



Figure 6-8: Chipset Driver Installation Finish Screen

6.4 VGA Driver Installation



NOTE:

Due to Intel® GMA driver limitation, the monitor connected to the VGA connector may become extended desktop or not have signal to it after restarting from the graphics driver installation. To work out this limitation, press the Ctrl+Alt+F1 hotkey to switch the primary display to CRT mode.

To install the VGA driver, please do the following.

- Step 1:** Access the driver list. (See **Section 6.2**)
- Step 2:** Click “**2-Graphics**”.
- Step 3:** Open the 32-bit or 64-bit folder that corresponds to your OS version.
- Step 4:** Double click the **Setup** icon.

Step 5: The **Welcome Screen** in **Figure 6-9** appears.



Figure 6-9: VGA Driver Welcome Screen

Step 6: Click **Next** to continue.

Step 7: The license agreement in **Figure 6-10** appears.

Step 8: Read the **License Agreement**.

Step 9: Click **Yes** to continue.

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module



Figure 6-10: VGA Driver License Agreement

Step 10: The Read Me file in **Figure 6-11** appears.

Step 11: Click **Next** to continue.

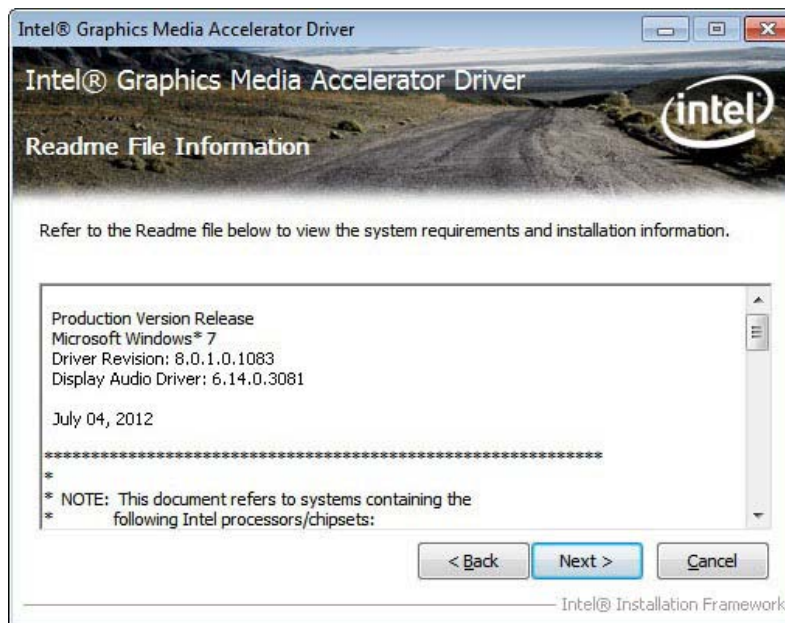


Figure 6-11: VGA Driver Read Me File

Step 12: Setup Operations are performed as shown in **Figure 6-12**.

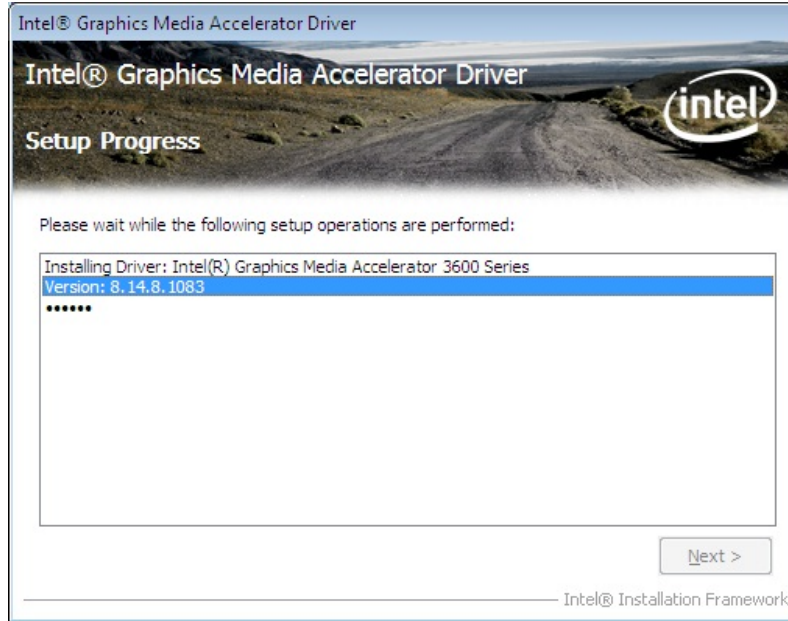


Figure 6-12: VGA Driver Setup Operations

Step 13: Once the **Setup Operations** are complete, click the **Next** icon to continue.

Step 14: The **Finish** screen appears.

Step 15: Select “**Yes, I want to restart the computer now**” and click the **Finish** icon.

See **Figure 6-13**.



Figure 6-13: VGA Driver Installation Finish Screen

6.5 LAN Driver Installation

To install the LAN driver, please do the following.

Step 1: Access the driver list shown in Figure 6-2. (See **Section 6.2**)

Step 2: Click “3-LAN”.

Step 3: Go to the **Realtek > Install_Win7_7048_09162011** folder.

Step 4: Double click the **setup** icon.

Step 5: The **Welcome** screen in **Figure 6-14** appears.

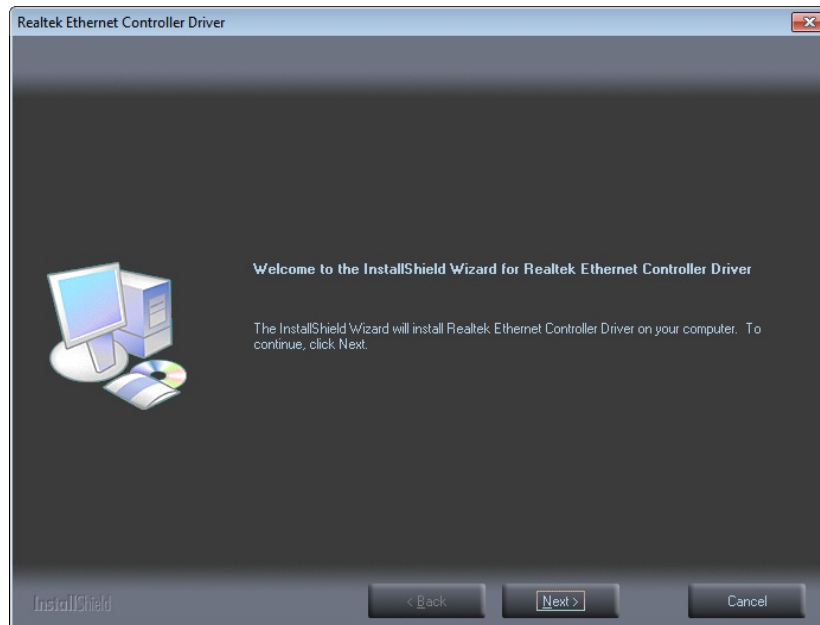


Figure 6-14: LAN Driver Welcome Screen

Step 6: Click **Next** to continue.

Step 7: The **Ready to Install** screen in **Figure 6-15** appears.

Step 8: Click **Install** to proceed with the installation.

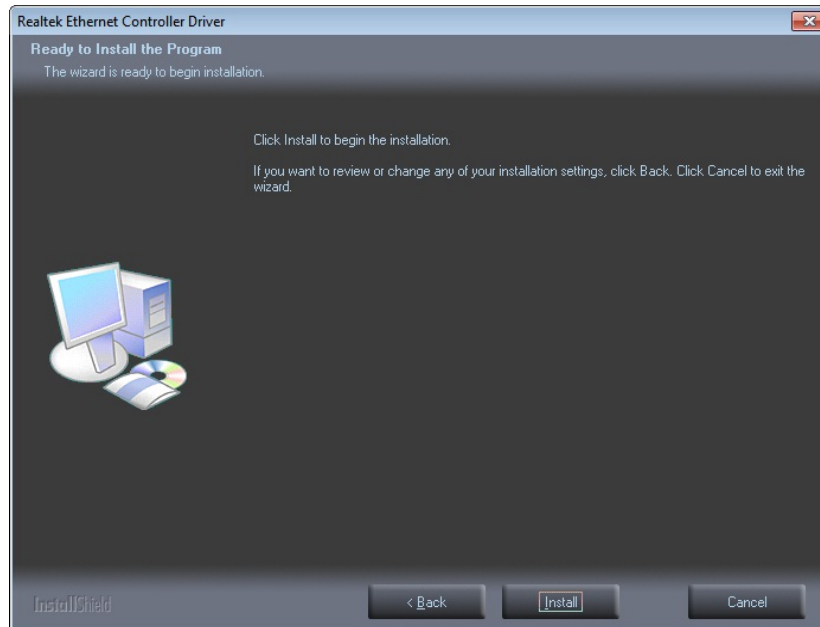


Figure 6-15: LAN Driver Installation

Step 9: The program begins to install.

Step 10: When the driver installation is complete, the screen in **Figure 6-16** appears.

Step 11: Click **Finish** to exit.

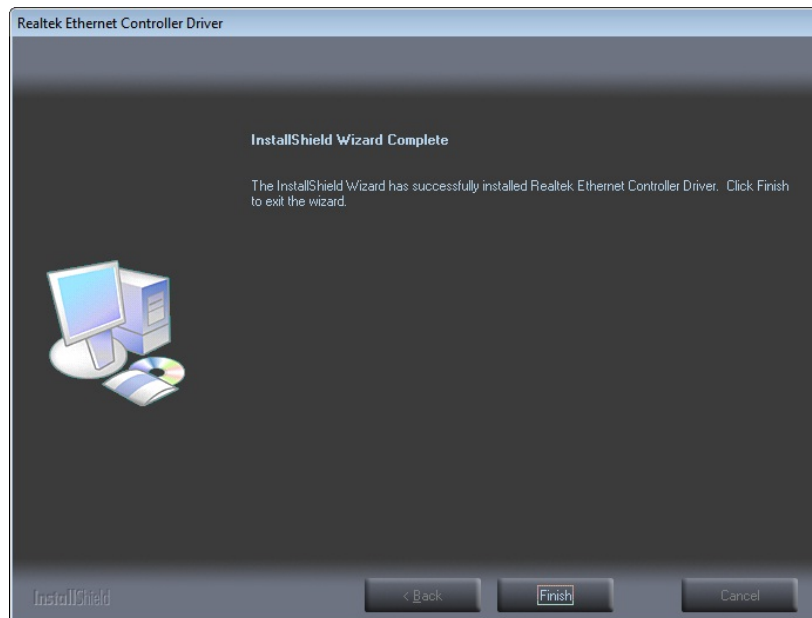


Figure 6-16: LAN Driver Installation Complete

6.6 Audio Driver Installation

To install the Audio driver, please do the following.

Step 1: Access the driver list. (See **Section 6.2**)

Step 2: Click “**4-Audio**”.

Step 3: Open the **Win7** folder.

Step 4: Double click the **Vista_Win7_R263** icon.

Step 5: The installation files are extracted as shown in **Figure 6-17**.

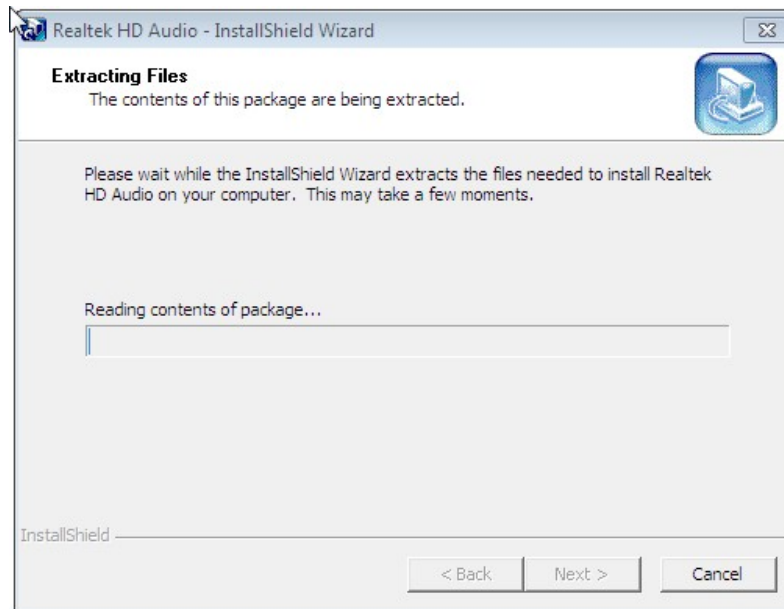


Figure 6-17: Audio Driver Installation File Extraction

Step 6: The **Welcome** screen in **Figure 6-18** appears.

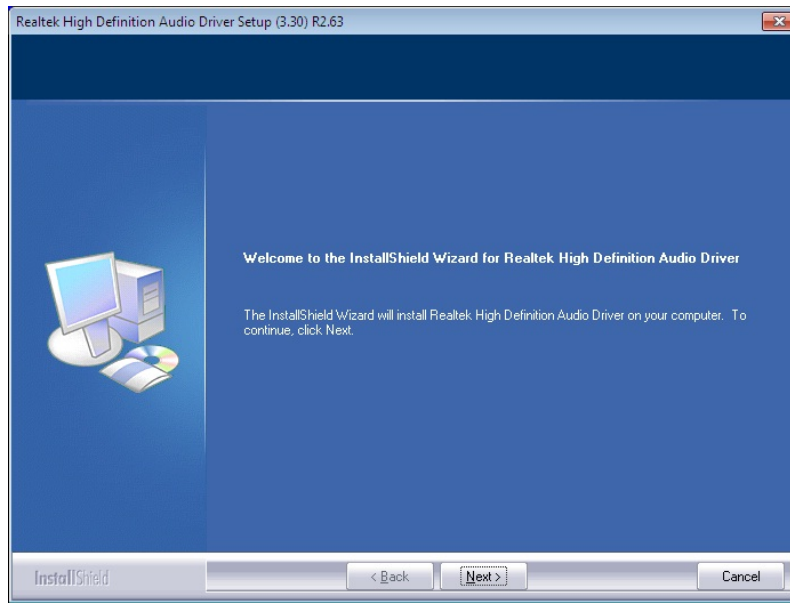


Figure 6-18: Audio Driver Welcome Screen

Step 7: Click **Next** to continue.

Step 8: The program begins to install.

Step 9: The installation progress can be monitored in the progress bar shown in **Figure 6-19**.

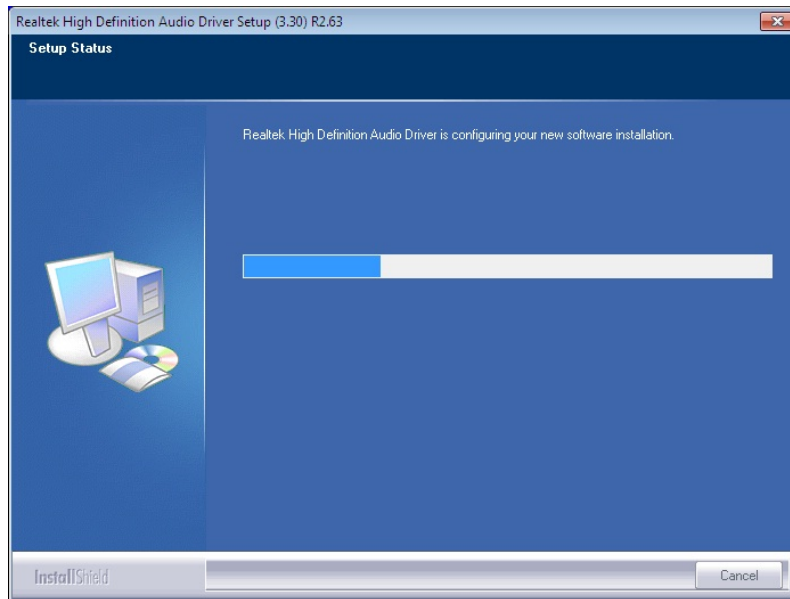


Figure 6-19: Audio Driver Installation

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

Step 10: When the driver installation is complete, the screen in **Figure 6-20** appears.

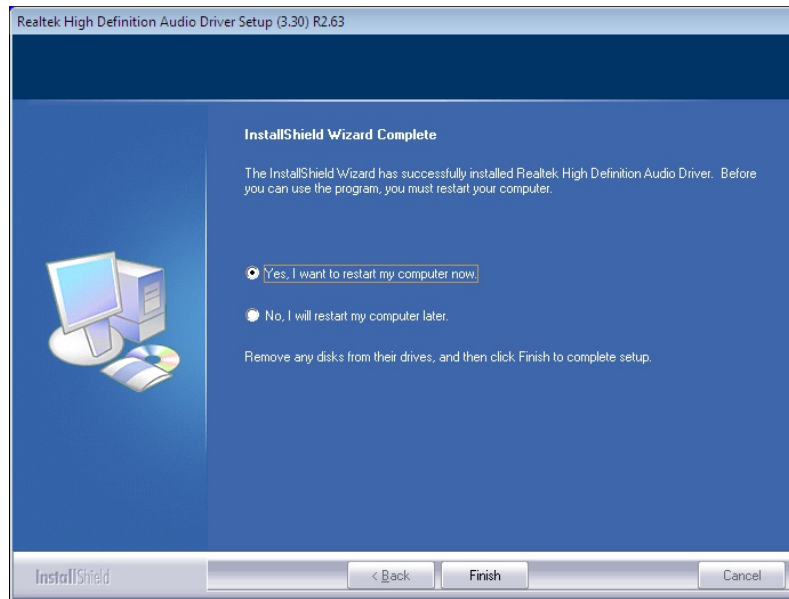


Figure 6-20: Audio Driver Installation Complete

Step 11: Select “**Yes, I want to restart my computer now**” and click **Finish**.

Step 12: The system reboots.

6.7 USB 3.0 Driver Installation



WARNING:

Do not run this driver’s installer (Setup.exe) from a USB storage device (ie. external USB hard drive or USB thumb drive). For proper installation, please copy driver files to a local hard drive folder and run from there.

To install the USB 3.0 driver, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: Access the driver list. (See **Section 6.2**)

Step 2: Click “**7-USB 3.0**”.

Step 3: Locate the setup file and double click on it.

Step 4: The **Welcome Screen** in **Figure 6-21** appears.

Step 5: Click **Next** to continue.

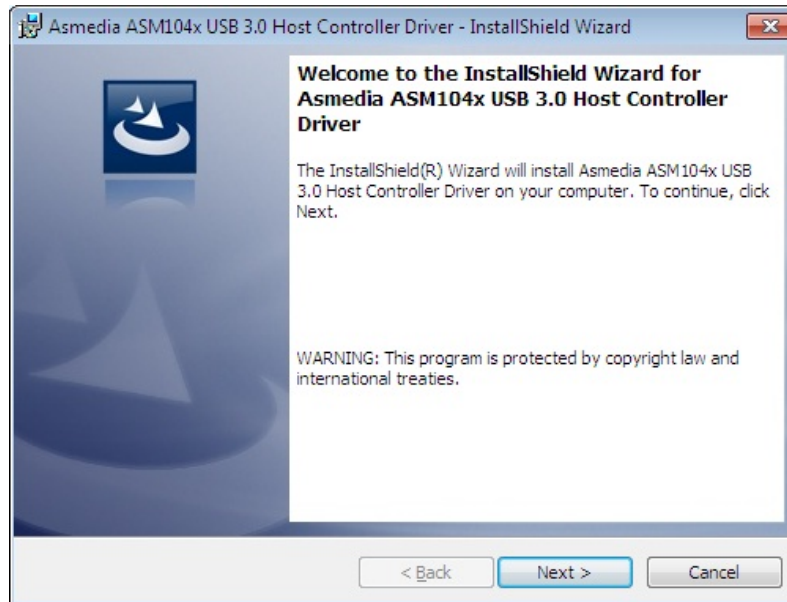


Figure 6-21: USB 3.0 Driver Welcome Screen

Step 6: The license agreement in **Figure 6-22** appears.

Step 7: Read the **License Agreement**.

Step 8: Check **I accept the terms in the license agreement**, and then click **Next** to continue.

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

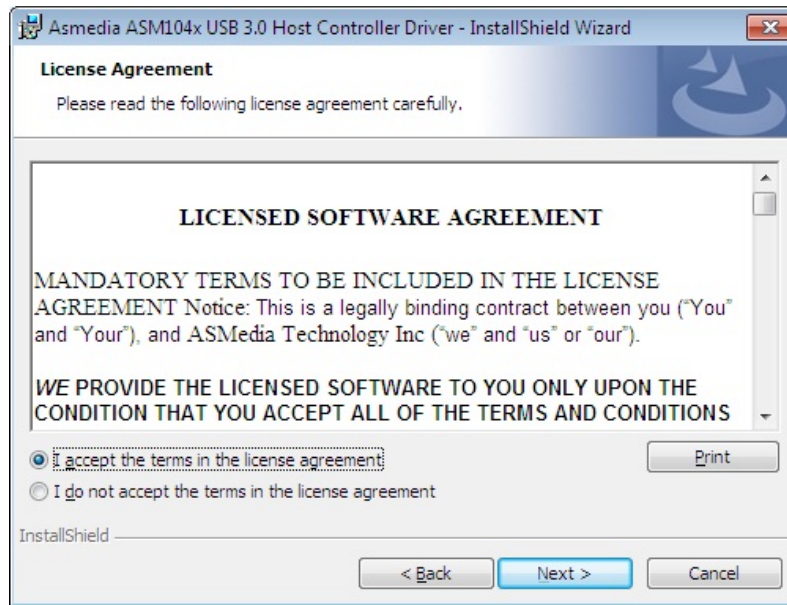


Figure 6-22: USB 3.0 Driver License Agreement

Step 9: The installation progress can be monitored in the progress bar shown in **Figure 6-23**.

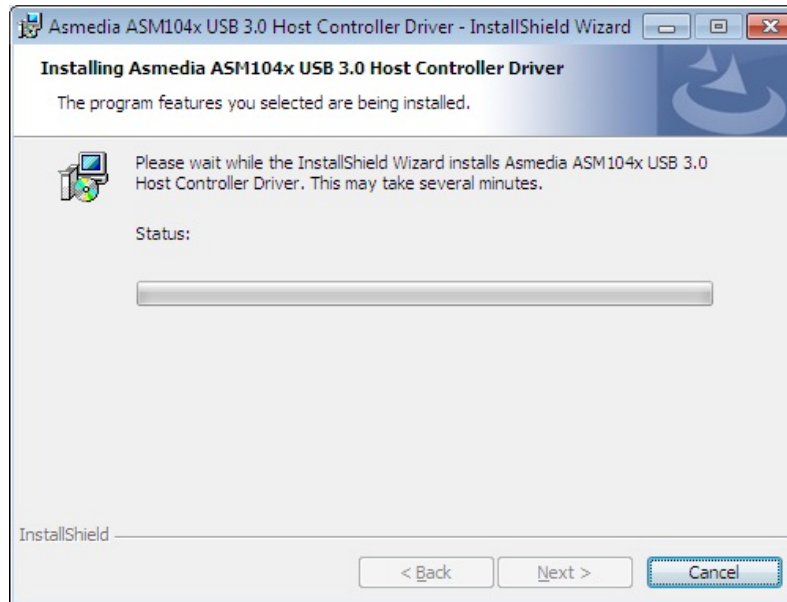


Figure 6-23: USB 3.0 Driver Setup Operations

Step 10: When the driver installation is complete, the screen in **Figure 6-24** appears

Step 11: Click **Finish** to exit.

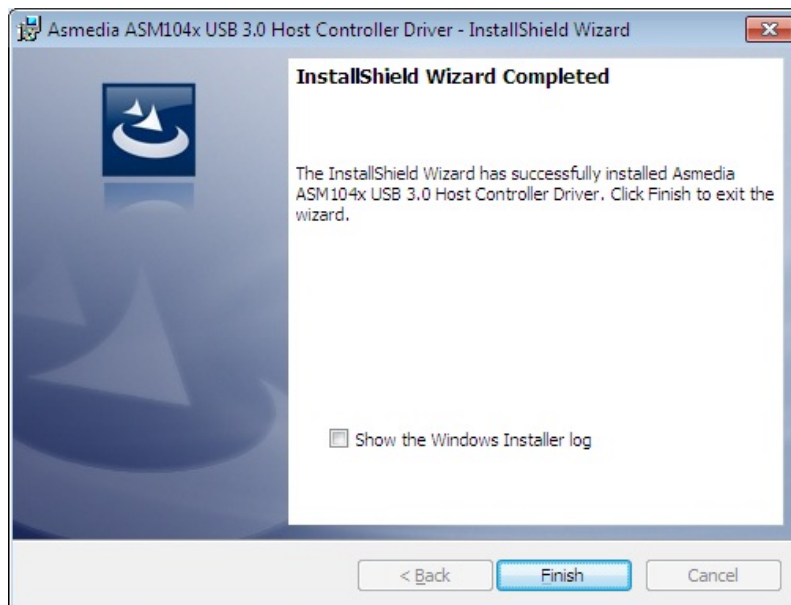


Figure 6-24: USB 3.0 Driver Installation Finish Screen

Appendix

A

BIOS Options

Below is a list of BIOS configuration options in the BIOS chapter.

System Overview	38
System Date [xx/xx/xx]	38
System Time [xx:xx:xx]	39
ACPI Sleep State [S1 (CPU Stop Clock)]	40
Wake system with Fixed Time [Disabled].....	41
Security Device Support [Disable]	42
Hyper-Threading [Enabled].....	44
Configure SATA as [IDE].....	44
USB Devices	45
Legacy USB Support [Enabled].....	45
CPU Fan Speed Value.....	46
Serial Port [Enabled].....	48
Change Settings [Auto]	48
Serial Port [Enabled].....	49
Change Settings [Auto]	49
PC Health Status	50
Smart Fan Function [Enabled].....	50
SYS Smart Fan1/Fan2 Mode [Manual Mode]	51
SYSFAN1/SYSFAN2 expect PWM Output/DC Voltage Output	52
SYSFAN1/SYSFAN2 Target Temperature	52
SYSFAN1/SYSFAN2 Tolerance of Target Temperature	52
SYSFAN1/SYSFAN2 Target Speed Count	52
SYSFAN1/SYSFAN2 Tolerance of Target Speed Count.....	52
Console Redirection [Disabled]	53
Terminal Type [ANSI].....	53
Bits per second [115200].....	53
Data Bits [8]	54
Parity [None].....	54
Stop Bits [1].....	54
Auto Recovery Function [Disabled].....	55
IGFX - Boot Type [VBIOS Default]	58
LVDS1 Panel Type [800x600 18-Bit].....	58
Backlight Control [Inverted].....	58

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

Fixed Graphics Memory Size [128MB].....	58
Restore AC Power Loss [Last State]	59
Set Spread Spectrum Function [Disabled].....	59
Bootup NumLock State [On].....	60
Quiet Boot [Enabled]	61
Launch PXE OpROM [Disabled].....	61
Option ROM Messages [Force BIOS].....	61
UEFI Boot [Disabled]	61
Administrator Password	62
User Password	62
Save Changes and Reset	63
Discard Changes and Reset	63
Restore Defaults	63
Save as User Defaults	63
Restore User Defaults	63



Appendix

B

One Key Recovery

B.1 One Key Recovery Introduction

The IEI one key recovery is an easy-to-use front end for the Norton Ghost system backup and recovery tool. This tool provides quick and easy shortcuts for creating a backup and reverting to that backup or reverting to the factory default settings.



NOTE:

The latest One Key Recovery software provides an auto recovery function that allows a system running Microsoft Windows OS to automatically restore from the factory default image after encountering a Blue Screen of Death (BSoD) or a hang for around 10 minutes. Please refer to Section B.3 for the detailed setup procedure.

The IEI One Key Recovery tool menu is shown below.

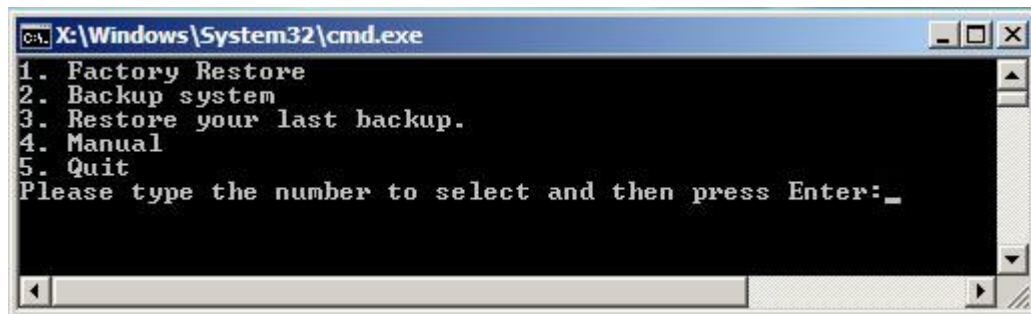


Figure B-1: IEI One Key Recovery Tool Menu

Prior to using the IEI One Key Recovery tool (as shown in **Figure B-1**) to backup or restore Windows system, five setup procedures are required.

1. Hardware and BIOS setup (see Section **B.2.1**)
2. Create partitions (see **Section B.2.2**)
3. Install operating system, drivers and system applications (see **Section B.2.3**)
4. Build-up recovery partition (see **Section B.2.4**)
5. Create factory default image (see **Section B.2.5**)

After completing the five initial setup procedures as described above, users can access the recovery tool by pressing <F3> while booting up the system. The detailed information of each function is described in **Section B.5**.

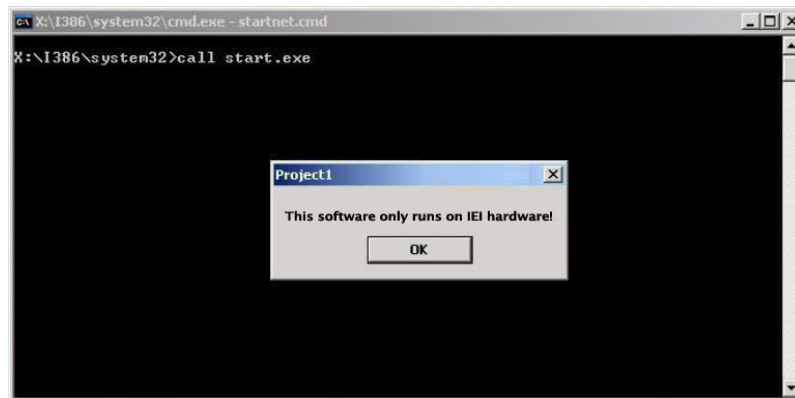
**NOTE:**

The initial setup procedures for Linux system are described in **Section B.3**.

B.1.1 System Requirement

**NOTE:**

The recovery CD can only be used with IEI products. The software will fail to run and a warning message will appear when used on non-IEI hardware.



To create the system backup, the main storage device must be split into two partitions (three partitions for Linux). The first partition will be for the operating system, while the second partition will be invisible to the operating system and contain the backup made by the one key recovery software.

The partition created for recovery images must be big enough to contain both the factory default image and the user backup image. The size must be calculated before creating the

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

partitions. Please take the following table as a reference when calculating the size of the partition.

	OS	OS Image after Ghost	Compression Ratio
Windows® 7	7 GB	5 GB	70%
Windows® XPE	776 MB	560 MB	70%
Windows® CE 6.0	36 MB	28 MB	77%



NOTE:

Specialized tools are required to change the partition size if the operating system is already installed.

B.1.2 Supported Operating System

The recovery CD is compatible with both Microsoft Windows and Linux operating system (OS). The supported OS versions are listed below.

- Microsoft Windows
 - Windows 2000
 - Windows XP (Service Pack 2 or 3 required)
 - Windows Vista
 - Windows 7
 - Windows CE 5.0
 - Windows CE 6.0
 - Windows XP Embedded
 - Windows Embedded Standard 7



NOTE:

The auto recovery function (described in **Section B.3**) and the restore through LAN function (described in **Section B.6**) are not supported in the Windows CE 5.0/6.0 operating system environment.

- Linux
 - Fedora Core 12 (Constantine)
 - Fedora Core 11 (Leonidas)
 - Fedora Core 10 (Cambridge)
 - Fedora Core 8 (Werewolf)
 - Fedora Core 7 (Moonshine)
 - RedHat RHEL-5.4
 - RedHat 9 (Ghirke)
 - Ubuntu 8.10 (Intrepid)
 - Ubuntu 7.10 (Gutsy)
 - Ubuntu 6.10 (Edgy)
 - Debian 5.0 (Lenny)
 - Debian 4.0 (Etch)
 - SuSe 11.2
 - SuSe 10.3

**NOTE:**

Installing unsupported OS versions may cause the recovery tool to fail.

B.2 Setup Procedure for Windows

Prior to using the recovery tool to backup or restore, a few setup procedures are required.

Step 1: Hardware and BIOS setup (see **Section B.2.1**)

Step 2: Create partitions (see **Section B.2.2**)

Step 3: Install operating system, drivers and system applications (see **Section B.2.3**)

Step 4: Build the recovery partition (see **Section B.2.4**) or build the auto recovery partition (see **Section B.3**)

Step 5: Create factory default image (see **Section B.2.5**)

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

The detailed descriptions are described in the following sections.



NOTE:

The setup procedures described below are for Microsoft Windows operating system users. For Linux, most of the setup procedures are the same except for several steps described in **Section B.3**.

B.2.1 Hardware and BIOS Setup

- Step 1:** Make sure the system is powered off and unplugged.
- Step 2:** Install a hard drive or SSD in the system. An unformatted and unpartitioned disk is recommended.
- Step 3:** Connect an optical disk drive to the system and insert the recovery CD.
- Step 4:** Turn on the system.
- Step 5:** Press the <DELETE> key as soon as the system is turned on to enter the BIOS.
- Step 6:** Select the connected optical disk drive as the 1st boot device. (**Boot** → **Boot Device Priority** → **1st Boot Device**).
- Step 7:** Save changes and restart the computer. Continue to the next section for instructions on partitioning the internal storage.

B.2.2 Create Partitions

To create the system backup, the main storage device must be split into two partitions (three partitions for Linux). The first partition will be for the operating system, while the second partition will be invisible to the operating system and contain the backup made by the one key recovery software.

- Step 1:** Put the recovery CD in the optical drive of the system.

Step 2: Boot the system from recovery CD. When prompted, press any key to boot from the recovery CD. It will take a while to launch the recovery tool. Please be patient!

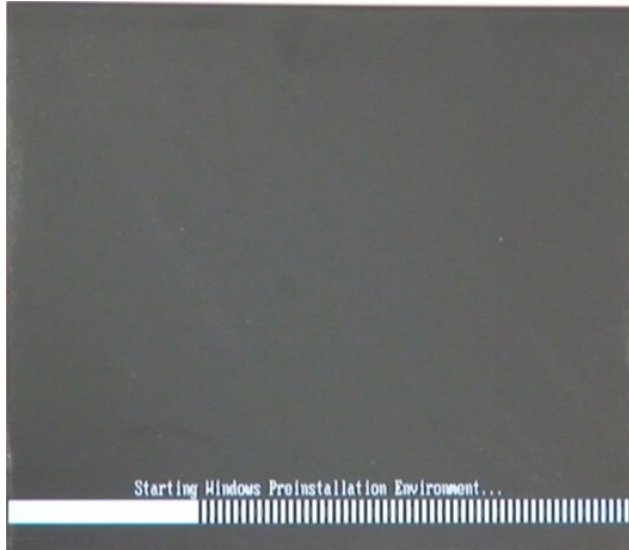


Figure B-2: Launching the Recovery Tool

Step 3: The recovery tool setup menu is shown as below.

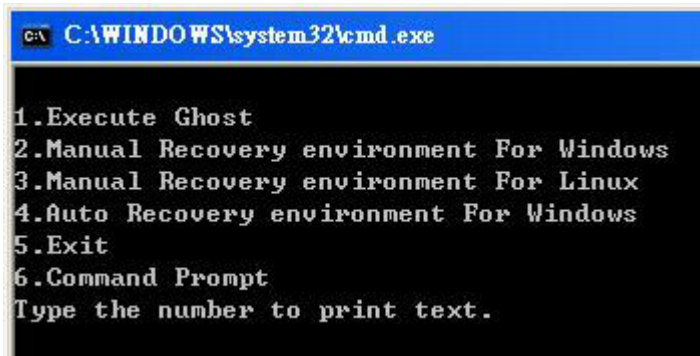
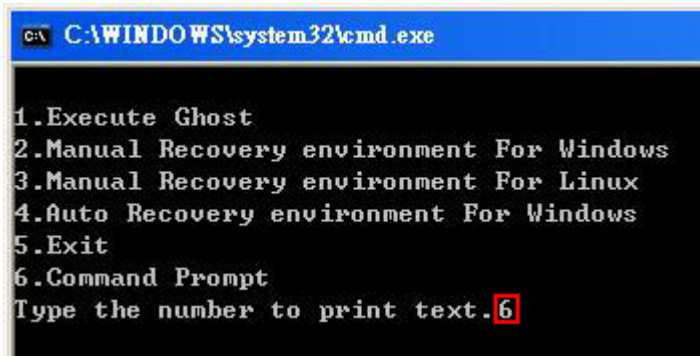


Figure B-3: Recovery Tool Setup Menu

Step 4: Press <6> then <Enter>.

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module



```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe

1.Execute Ghost
2.Manual Recovery environment For Windows
3.Manual Recovery environment For Linux
4.Auto Recovery environment For Windows
5.Exit
6.Command Prompt
Type the number to print text.6
```

Figure B-4: Command Prompt

Step 5: The command prompt window appears. Type the following commands (marked in red) to create two partitions. One is for the OS installation; the other is for saving recovery files and images which will be an invisible partition. (Press <Enter> after entering each line below)

```
system32>diskpart
DISKPART>list vol
DISKPART>sel disk 0
DISKPART>create part pri size= ____
DISKPART>assign letter=N
DISKPART>create part pri size= ____
DISKPART>assign letter=F
DISKPART>exit
system32>format N: /fs:ntfs /q /y
system32>format F: /fs:ntfs /q /v:Recovery /y
system32>exit
```

```

X:\I386\SYSTEM32\CMD.EXE
X:\I386\SYSTEM32>diskpart → Starts the Microsoft disk partitioning tool.

Microsoft DiskPart version 5.2.3790.1830
Copyright (C) 1999-2001 Microsoft Corporation.
On computer: MININT-JUC

DISKPART> list vol → Show partition information

Volume ### Ltr Label Fs Type Size Status Info
-----
Volume 0 X CD_ROM CDFS DUD-ROM 405 MB Healthy Boot
Volume 1 D FAT32 Removeable 3854 MB Healthy

DISKPART> sel disk 0 → Select a disk
Disk 0 is now the selected disk.

DISKPART> create part pri size=2000 → Create partition 1 and assign a size.
This partition is for OS installation.
DiskPart succeeded in creating the specified partition.

DISKPART> assign letter=N → Assign partition 1 a code name (N).
DiskPart successfully assigned the drive letter or mount point.

DISKPART> create part pri size=1800 → Create partition 2 and assign a size.
This partition is for recovery images.
DiskPart succeeded in creating the specified partition.

DISKPART> assign letter=F → Assign partition 2 a code name (F).
DiskPart successfully assigned the drive letter or mount point.

DISKPART> exit → Exit diskpart

X:\I386\SYSTEM32>format n: /fs:ntfs /q /y → Format partition 1 (N) as NTFS format.
The type of the file system is RAW.
The new file system is NTFS.
QuickFormatting 2000M
Creating file system structures.
Format complete.
2048254 KB total disk space.
2035620 KB are available.

X:\I386\SYSTEM32>format f: /fs:ntfs /q /v:Recovery /y
The type of the file system is RAW.
The new file system is NTFS.
QuickFormatting 1804M
Creating file system structures.
Format complete.
1847474 KB total disk space.
1835860 KB are available.

X:\I386\SYSTEM32>exit → Exit Windows PE
  
```

Figure B-5: Partition Creation Commands



NOTE:

Use the following commands to check if the partitions were created successfully.

```

X:\I386\SYSTEM32>diskpart
Microsoft DiskPart version 5.2.3790.1830
Copyright (C) 1999-2001 Microsoft Corporation.
On computer: MININT-JUC
DISKPART> sel disk 0
Disk 0 is now the selected disk.
DISKPART> list part
   Partition ###   Type              Size              Offset
-----
   Partition 1     Primary            2000 MB           32 KB
   Partition 2     Primary            1804 MB          2000 MB
DISKPART> exit
    
```

Step 6: Press any key to exit the recovery tool and automatically reboot the system.

Please continue to the following procedure: Build the Recovery Partition.

B.2.3 Install Operating System, Drivers and Applications

Install the operating system onto the unlabelled partition. The partition labeled "Recovery" is for use by the system recovery tool and should not be used for installing the operating system or any applications.



NOTE:

The operating system installation program may offer to reformat the chosen partition. DO NOT format the partition again. The partition has already been formatted and is ready for installing the new operating system.

To install the operating system, insert the operating system installation CD into the optical drive. Restart the computer and follow the installation instructions.

B.2.4 Build-up Recovery Partition

- Step 1:** Put the recover CD in the optical drive.
- Step 2:** Start the system.
- Step 3:** **Boot the system from the recovery CD.** When prompted, press any key to boot from the recovery CD. It will take a while to launch the recovery tool. Please be patient!

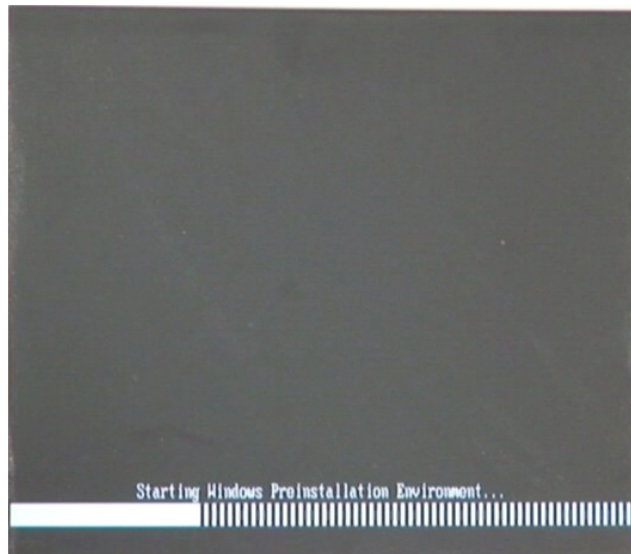


Figure B-6: Launching the Recovery Tool

- Step 4:** When the recovery tool setup menu appears, press <2> then <Enter>.

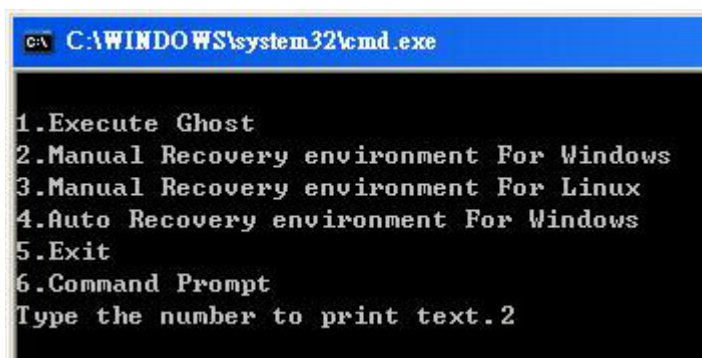


Figure B-7: Manual Recovery Environment for Windows

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

Step 5: The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts configuring the system to build a recovery partition. In this process the partition created for recovery files in **Section B.2.2** is hidden and the recovery tool is saved in this partition.

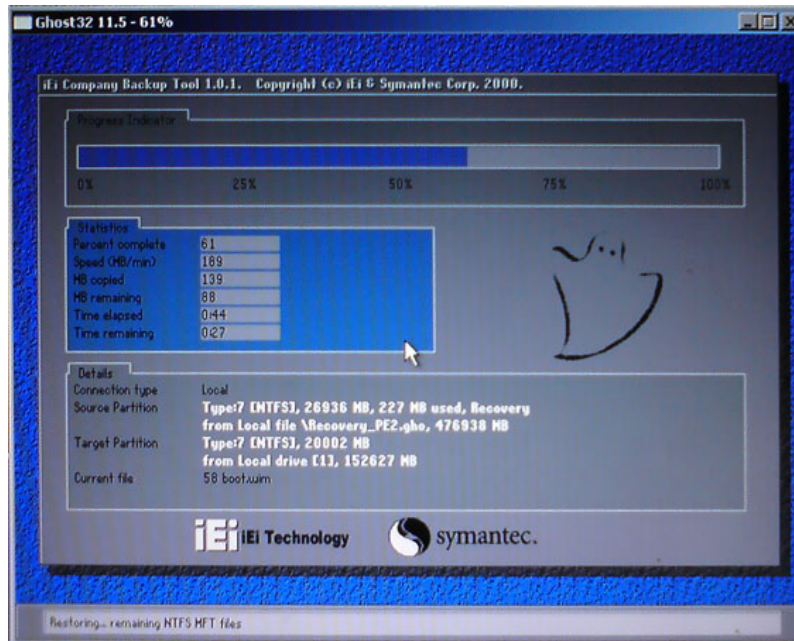


Figure B-8: Building the Recovery Partition

Step 6: After completing the system configuration, press any key in the following window to reboot the system.

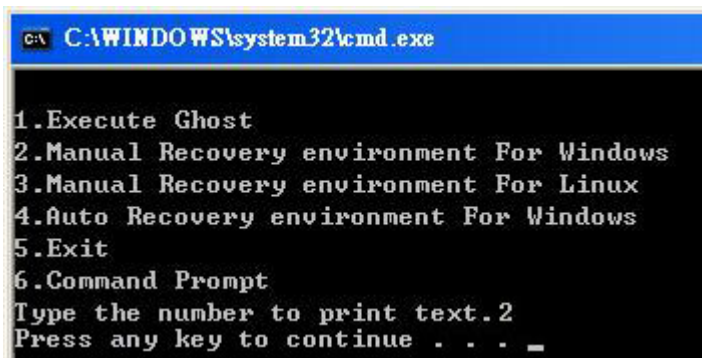


Figure B-9: Press Any Key to Continue

Step 7: Eject the recovery CD.

B.2.5 Create Factory Default Image

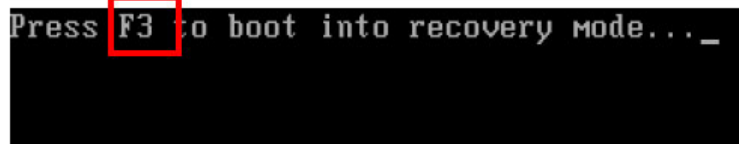


NOTE:

Before creating the factory default image, please configure the system to a factory default environment, including driver and application installations.

To create a factory default image, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: Turn on the system. When the following screen displays (**Figure B-10**), press the <F3> key to access the recovery tool. The message will display for 10 seconds, please press F3 before the system boots into the operating system.



```
Press F3 to boot into recovery mode... _
```

Figure B-10: Press F3 to Boot into Recovery Mode

Step 2: The recovery tool menu appears. Type <4> and press <Enter>. (**Figure B-11**)

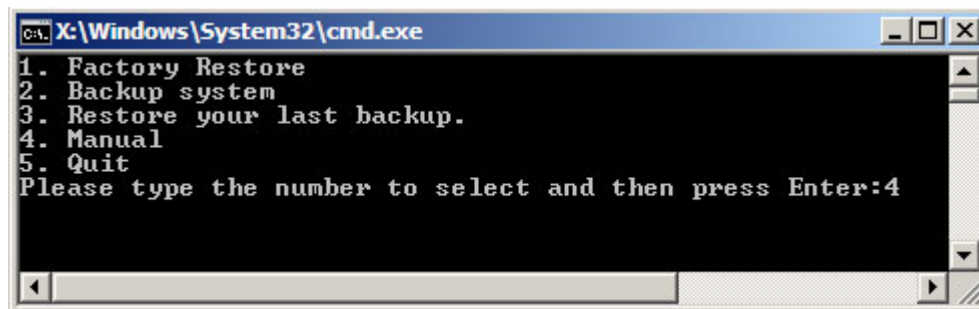


Figure B-11: Recovery Tool Menu

Step 3: The About Symantec Ghost window appears. Click **OK** button to continue.

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

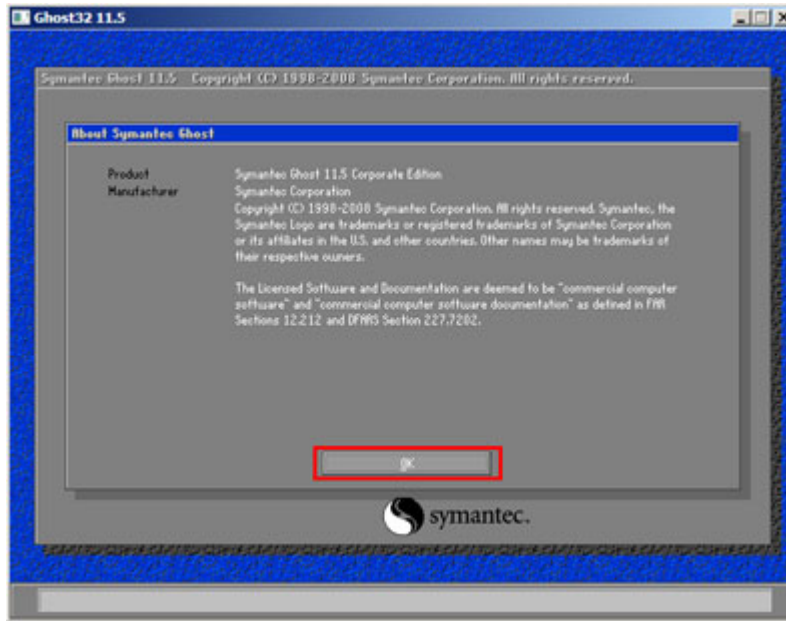


Figure B-12: About Symantec Ghost Window

Step 4: Use mouse to navigate to the option shown below (Figure B-13).

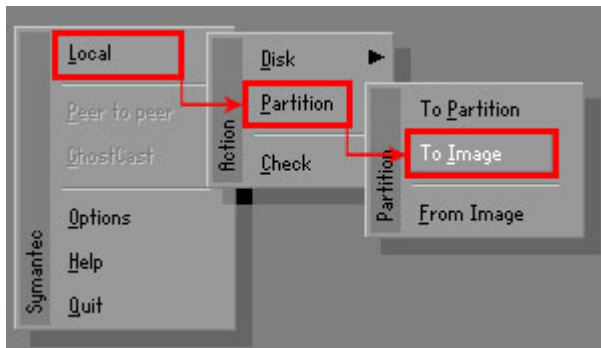
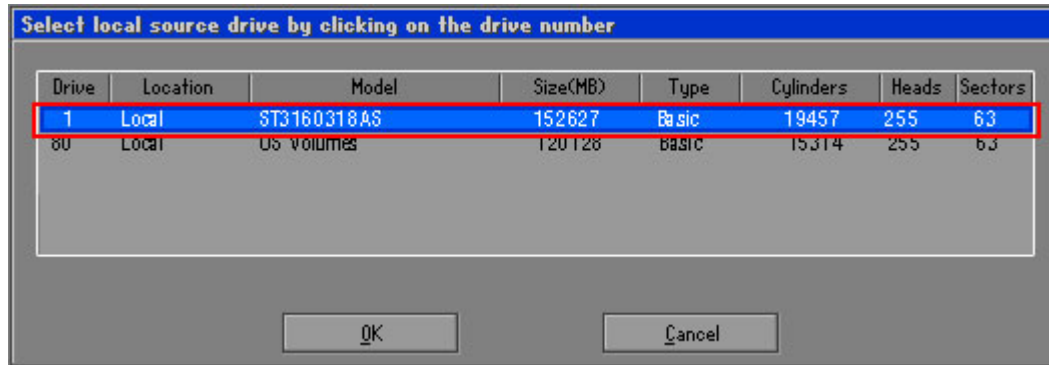
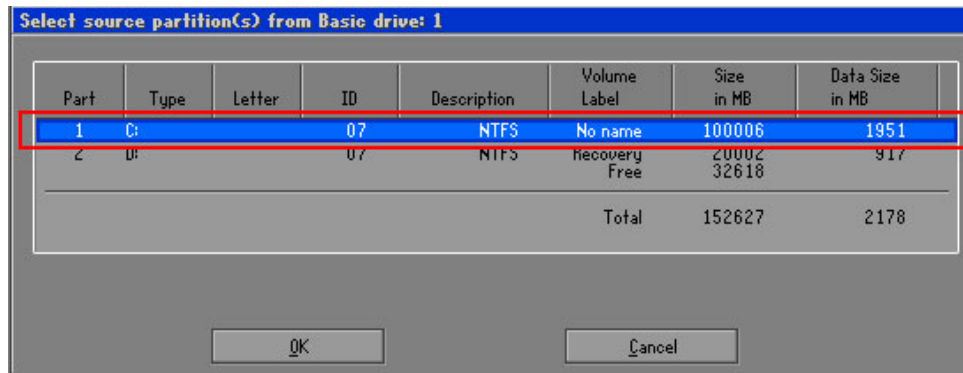


Figure B-13: Symantec Ghost Path

Step 5: Select the local source drive (Drive 1) as shown in Figure B-14. Then click OK.


Figure B-14: Select a Local Source Drive

Step 6: Select a source partition (Part 1) from basic drive as shown in **Figure B-15**. Then click OK.


Figure B-15: Select a Source Partition from Basic Drive

Step 7: Select **1.2: [Recovery] NTFS drive** and enter a file name called **iei** (**Figure B-16**). Click **Save**. The factory default image will then be saved in the selected recovery drive and named **IEI.GHO**.


WARNING:

The file name of the factory default image must be **iei.GHO**.

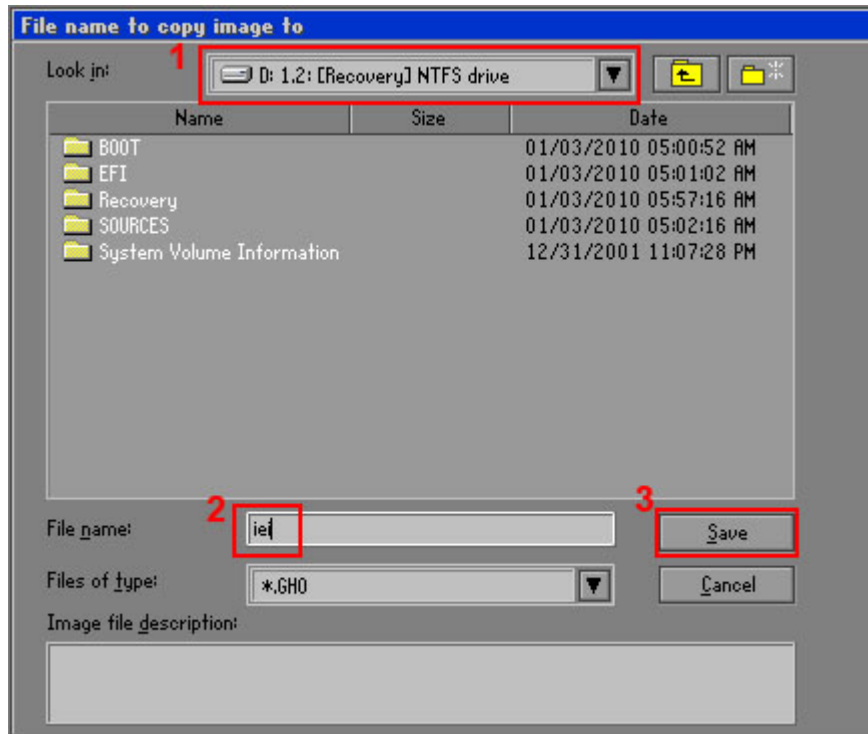


Figure B-16: File Name to Copy Image to

Step 8: When the Compress Image screen in **Figure B-17** prompts, click **High** to make the image file smaller.

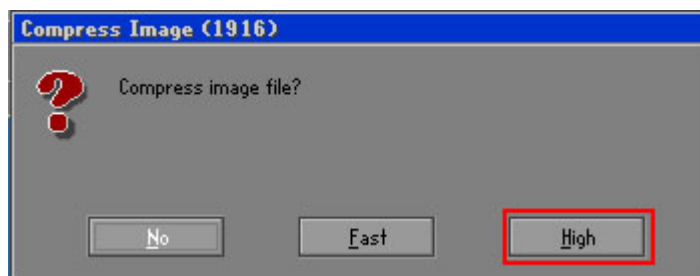


Figure B-17: Compress Image

Step 9: The Proceed with partition image creation window appears, click **Yes** to continue.

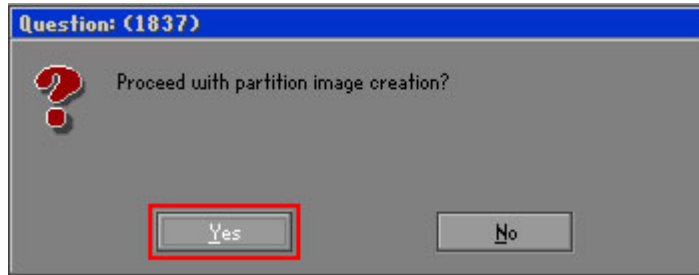


Figure B-18: Image Creation Confirmation

Step 10: The Symantec Ghost starts to create the factory default image (**Figure B-19**).

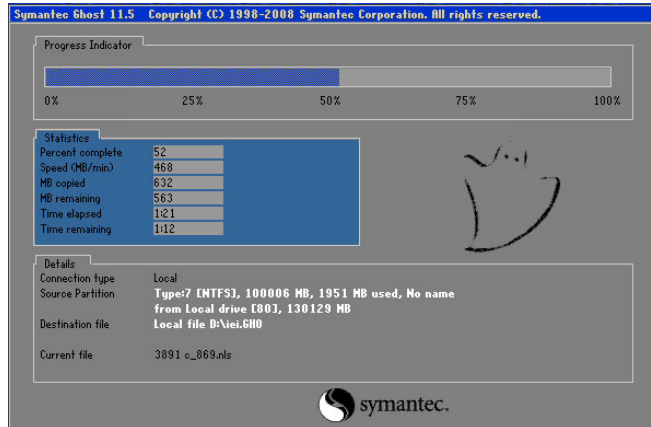


Figure B-19: Image Creation Complete

Step 11: When the image creation completes, a screen prompts as shown in **Figure B-20**.

Click **Continue** and close the Ghost window to exit the program.

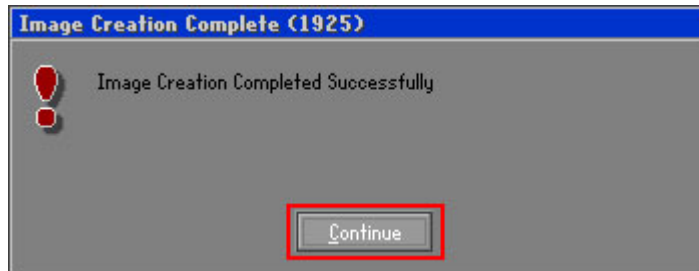
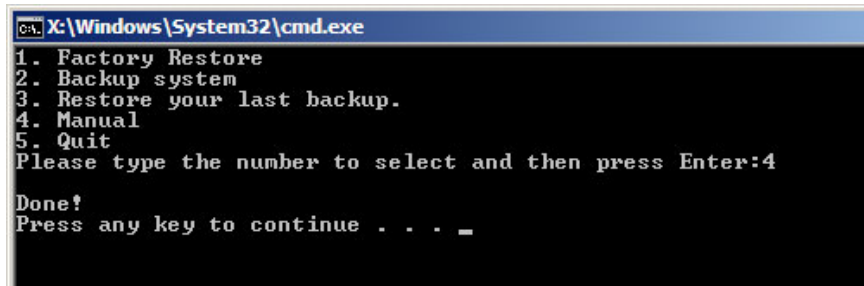


Figure B-20: Image Creation Complete

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

Step 12: The recovery tool main menu window is shown as below. Press any key to reboot the system.



```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
1. Factory Restore
2. Backup system
3. Restore your last backup.
4. Manual
5. Quit
Please type the number to select and then press Enter:4
Done!
Press any key to continue . . . _
```

Figure B-21: Press Any Key to Continue

B.3 Auto Recovery Setup Procedure

The auto recovery function allows a system to automatically restore from the factory default image after encountering a Blue Screen of Death (BSoD) or a hang for around 10 minutes. To use the auto recovery function, follow the steps described in the following sections.



CAUTION:

The auto recovery function can only run on a Microsoft Windows system with the following OS versions:

- Windows 2000
- Windows XP
- Windows Vista
- Windows 7
- Windows XP Embedded
- Windows Embedded Standard 7



CAUTION:

The setup procedure may include a step to create a factory default image. It is suggested to configure the system to a factory default environment before the configuration, including driver and application installations.

- Step 1:** Follow the steps described in **Section B.2.1 ~ Section B.2.3** to setup BIOS, create partitions and install operating system.
- Step 2:** Install the auto recovery utility into the system by double clicking the **Utility/AUTORECOVERY-SETUP.exe** in the One Key Recovery CD. This utility **MUST** be installed in the system, otherwise, the system will automatically restore from the factory default image every ten (10) minutes.



Figure B-22: Auto Recovery Utility

- Step 3:** **Disable the automatically restart function before creating the factory default image.** Go to: My Computer → Properties → Advanced. Click the Settings button of Startup and Recovery. Deselect “Automatically restart”. Click OK to save the settings and exit. (See **Figure B-23**)

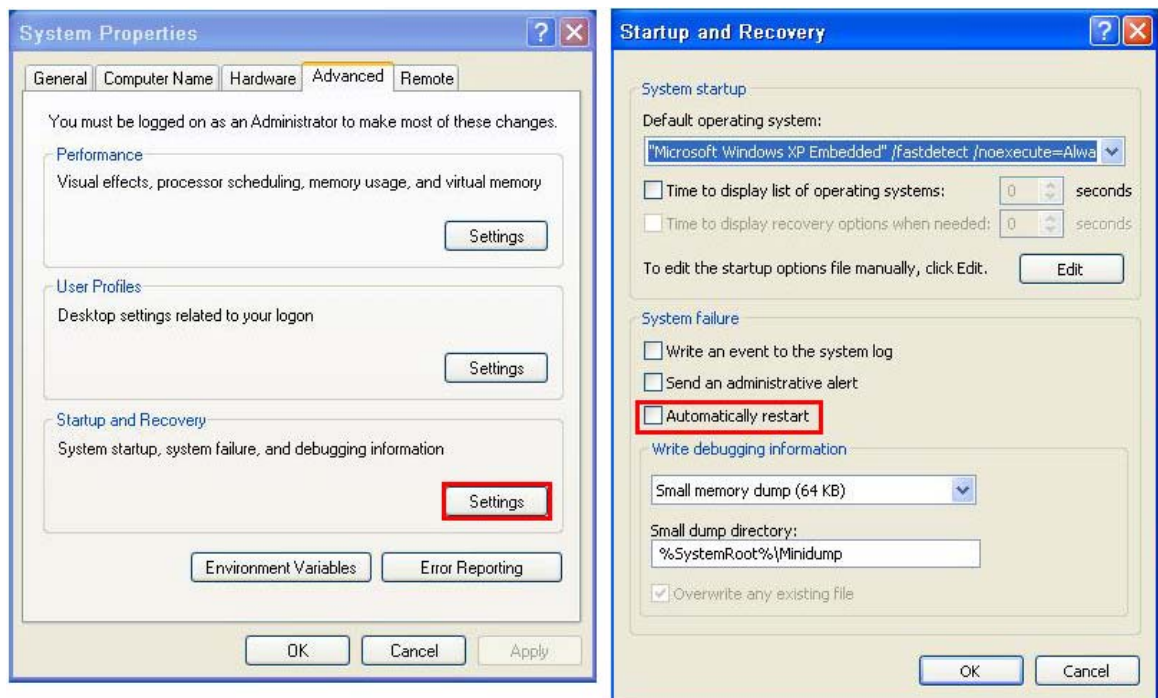


Figure B-23: Disable Automatically Restart

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

Step 4: Reboot the system from the recovery CD. When prompted, press any key to boot from the recovery CD. It will take a while to launch the recovery tool. Please be patient!

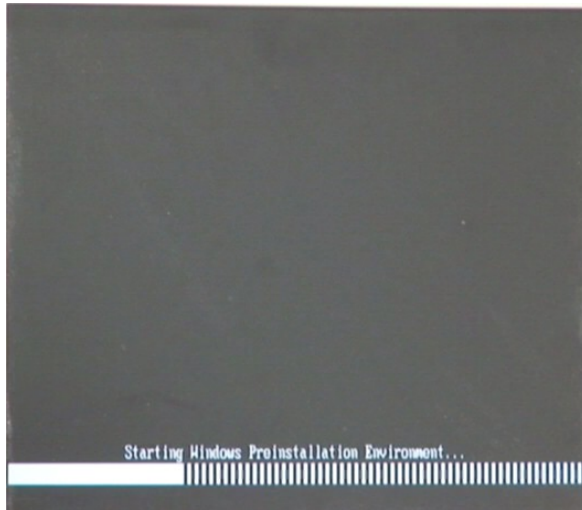


Figure B-24: Launching the Recovery Tool

Step 5: When the recovery tool setup menu appears, press <4> then <Enter>.

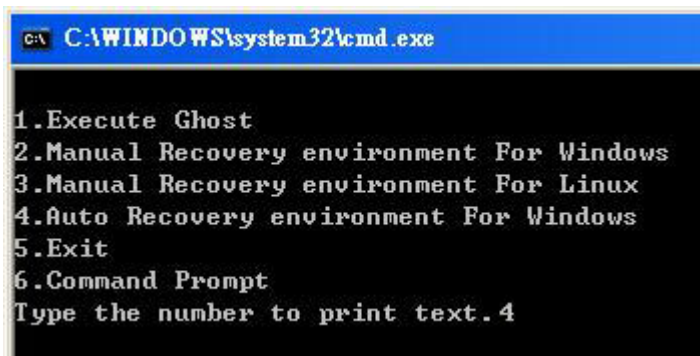


Figure B-25: Auto Recovery Environment for Windows

Step 6: The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts configuring the system to build an auto recovery partition. In this process the partition created for recovery files in **Section B.2.2** is hidden and the auto recovery tool is saved in this partition.

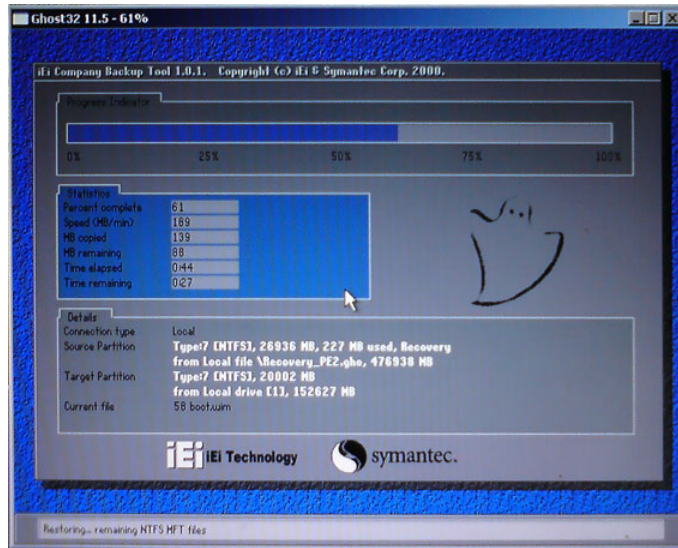


Figure B-26: Building the Auto Recovery Partition

Step 7: After completing the system configuration, the following message prompts to confirm whether to create a factory default image. Type **Y** to have the system create a factory default image automatically. Type **N** within 6 seconds to skip this process (The default option is YES). It is suggested to choose YES for this option.



Figure B-27: Factory Default Image Confirmation

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

Step 8: The Symantec Ghost starts to create the factory default image (**Figure B-28**).

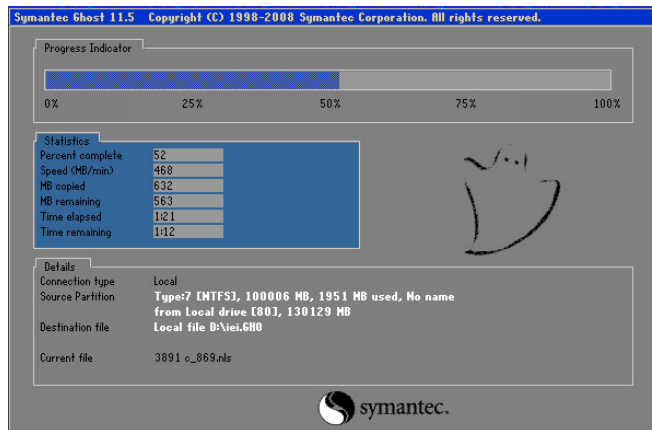


Figure B-28: Image Creation Complete

Step 9: After completing the system configuration, press any key in the following window to restart the system.

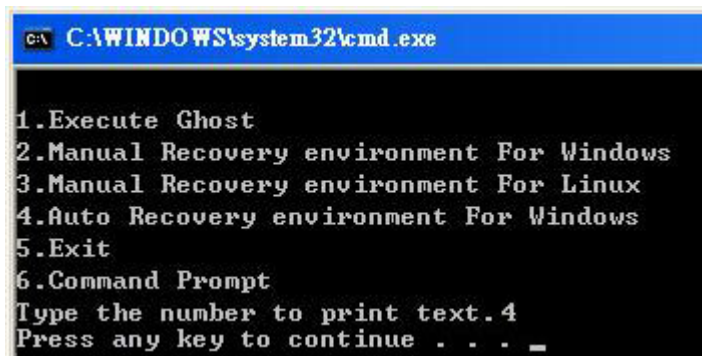


Figure B-29: Press any key to continue

Step 10: Eject the One Key Recovery CD and restart the system.

Step 11: Press the <DELETE> key as soon as the system is turned on to enter the BIOS.

Step 12: Enable the Auto Recovery Function option (**Advanced** → **iEi Feature** → **Auto Recovery Function**).

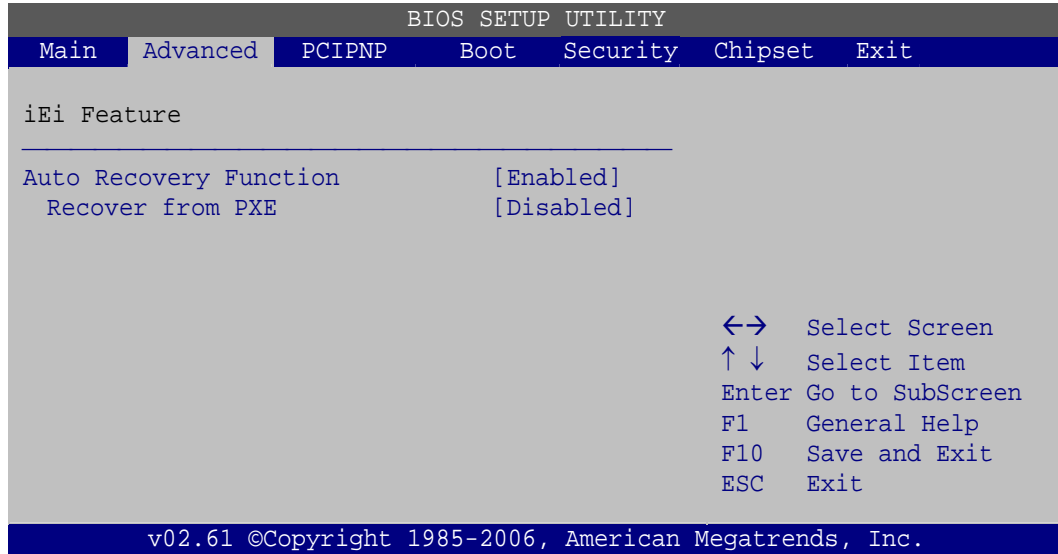


Figure B-30: IEI Feature

Step 13: Save changes and restart the system. If the system encounters a Blue Screen of Death (BSoD) or a hang for around 10 minutes, it will automatically restore from the factory default image.

B.4 Setup Procedure for Linux

The initial setup procedures for a Linux system are mostly the same with the procedure for Microsoft Windows. Please follow the steps below to setup the recovery tool for Linux OS.

Step 1: Hardware and BIOS setup. Refer to **Section B.2.1**.

Step 2: Install Linux operating system. Make sure to install GRUB (v0.97 or earlier) MBR type and Ext3 partition type. Leave enough space on the hard drive to create the recover partition later.



NOTE:

If the Linux OS is not installed with GRUB (v0.97 or earlier) and Ext3, the Symantec Ghost may not function properly.

While installing Linux OS, please create two partitions:

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

- Partition 1: /
- Partition 2: SWAP

**NOTE:**

Please reserve enough space for partition 3 for saving recovery images.

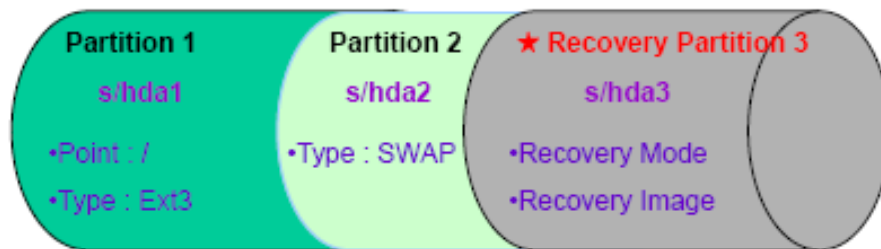


Figure B-31: Partitions for Linux

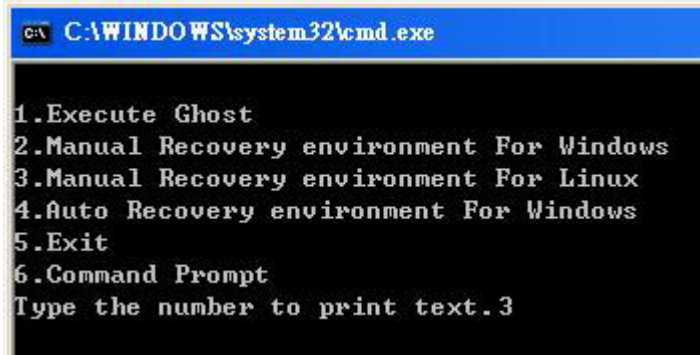
Step 3: Create a recovery partition. Insert the recovery CD into the optical disk drive.

Follow **Step 1 ~ Step 3** described in **Section B.2.2**. Then type the following commands (marked in red) to create a partition for recovery images.

```
system32>diskpart
DISKPART>list vol
DISKPART>sel disk 0
DISKPART>create part pri size= ____
DISKPART>assign letter=N
DISKPART>exit
system32>format N: /fs:ntfs /q /v:Recovery /y
system32>exit
```

Step 4: Build-up recovery partition. Press any key to boot from the recovery CD. It will take a while to launch the recovery tool. Please be patient. When the recovery tool setup menu appears, type <3> and press <Enter> (**Figure B-32**). The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts configuring the system to build-up a

recovery partition. After completing the system configuration, press any key to reboot the system. Eject the recovery CD.



```

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe

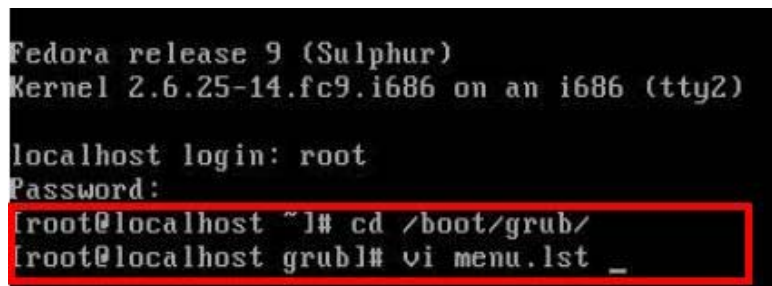
1.Execute Ghost
2.Manual Recovery environment For Windows
3.Manual Recovery environment For Linux
4.Auto Recovery environment For Windows
5.Exit
6.Command Prompt
Type the number to print text.3
    
```

Figure B-32: System Configuration for Linux

Step 5: Access the recovery tool main menu by modifying the “menu.lst”. To first access the recovery tool main menu, the menu.lst must be modified. In Linux, enter Administrator (root). When prompt appears, type:

cd /boot/grub

vi menu.lst



```

Fedora release 9 (Sulphur)
Kernel 2.6.25-14.fc9.i686 on an i686 (tty2)

localhost login: root
Password:
[root@localhost ~]# cd /boot/grub/
[root@localhost grub]# vi menu.lst
    
```

Figure B-33: Access menu.lst in Linux (Text Mode)

Step 6: Modify the menu.lst as shown below.


```
#boot=/dev/sda
default=0
timeout=10
splashimage=(hd0,0)/grub/splash.xpm.gz
hiddenmenu
title Fedora (2.6.25-14.fc9.i686)
    root (hd0,0)
    kernel /vmlinuz-2.6.25-14.fc9.i686 ro root=UUID=10f1acd
ac38b5c78910 rhgb quiet
    initrd /initrd-2.6.25-14.fc9.i686.img

title Recovery Partition
    root (hd0,2)
    makeactive
    chainloader +1
```

- Type command:
title Recovery Partition
root (hd0,2)
makeactive
chainloader +1

Step 7: The recovery tool menu appears. (Figure B-34)

```
1. Factory Restore
2. Backup system
3. Restore your last backup.
4. Manual
5. Quit
Please type the number to select and then press Enter:
```

Figure B-34: Recovery Tool Menu

Step 8: Create a factory default image. Follow **Step 2 ~ Step 12** described in **Section B.2.5** to create a factory default image.

B.5 Recovery Tool Functions

After completing the initial setup procedures as described above, users can access the recovery tool by pressing **<F3>** while booting up the system. However, if the setup procedure in Section B.3 has been completed and the auto recovery function is enabled, the system will automatically restore from the factory default image without pressing the F3 key. The recovery tool main menu is shown below.

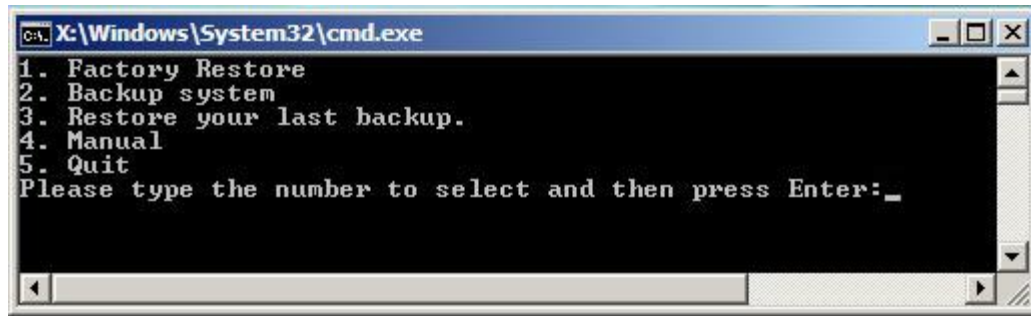


Figure B-35: Recovery Tool Main Menu

The recovery tool has several functions including:

1. **Factory Restore:** Restore the factory default image (iei.GHO) created in **Section B.2.5**.
2. **Backup system:** Create a system backup image (iei_user.GHO) which will be saved in the hidden partition.
3. **Restore your last backup:** Restore the last system backup image
4. **Manual:** Enter the Symantec Ghost window to configure manually.
5. **Quit:** Exit the recovery tool and restart the system.



WARNING:

Please do not turn off the system power during the process of system recovery or backup.



WARNING:

All data in the system will be deleted during the system recovery. Please backup the system files before restoring the system (either Factory Restore or Restore Backup).

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

B.5.1 Factory Restore

To restore the factory default image, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: Type <1> and press <Enter> in the main menu.

Step 2: The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts to restore the factory default. A factory default image called **iei.GHO** is created in the hidden Recovery partition.

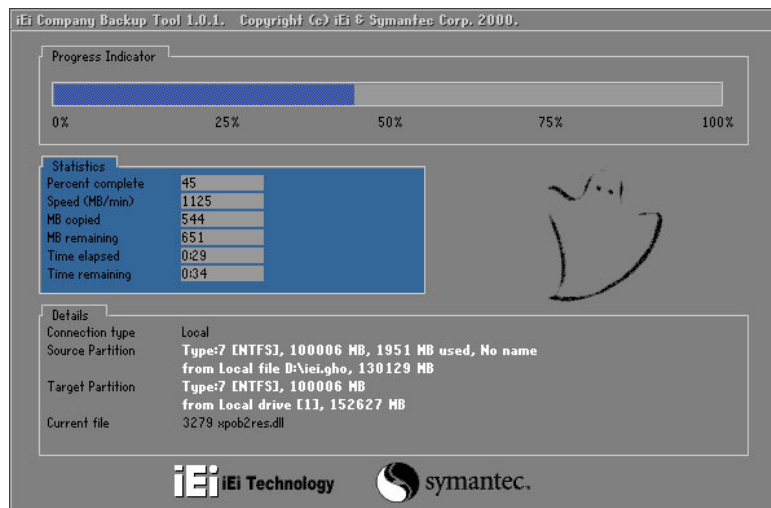


Figure B-36: Restore Factory Default

Step 3: The screen is shown in **Figure B-37** appears when completed. Press any key to reboot the system.

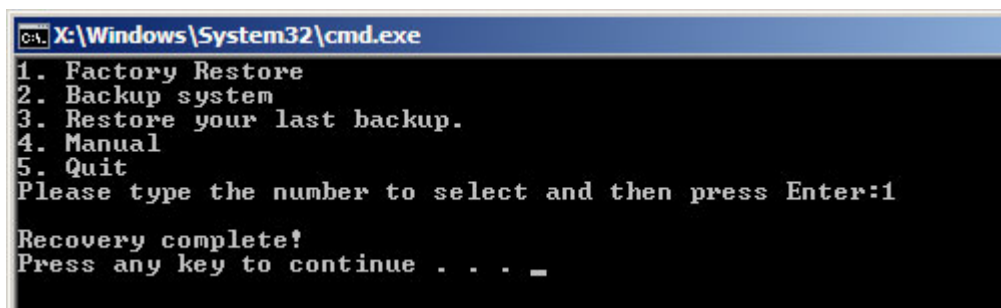


Figure B-37: Recovery Complete Window

B.5.2 Backup System

To backup the system, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: Type <2> and press <Enter> in the main menu.

Step 2: The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts to backup the system. A backup image called `iei_user.GHO` is created in the hidden Recovery partition.

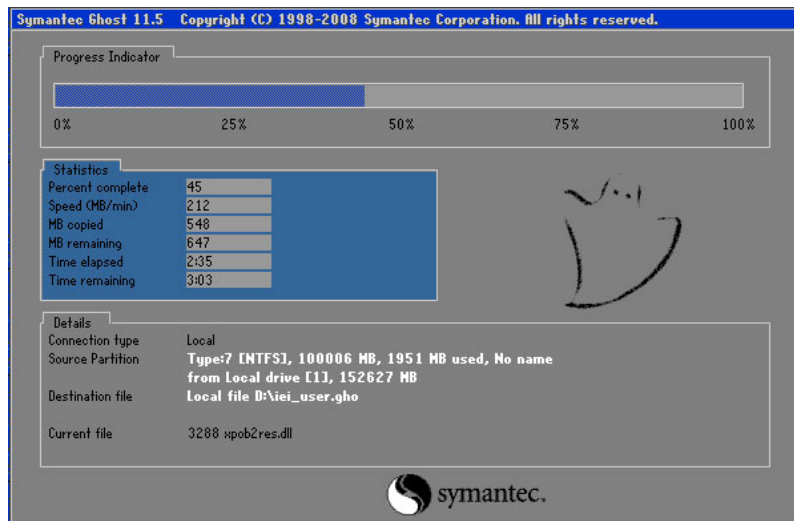


Figure B-38: Backup System

Step 3: The screen is shown in **Figure B-39** appears when system backup is complete. Press any key to reboot the system.

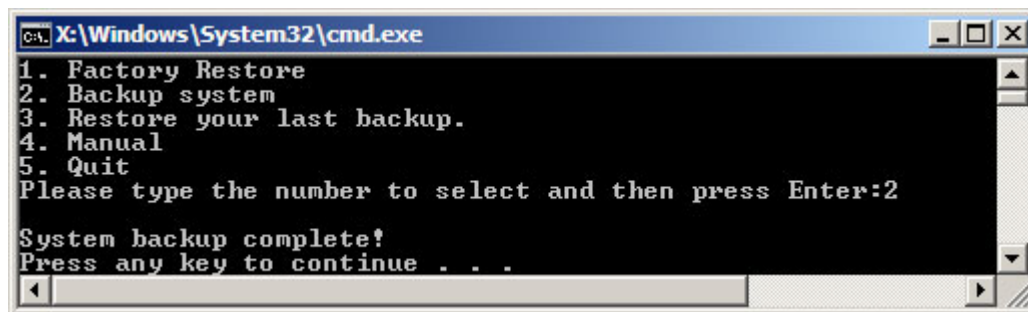


Figure B-39: System Backup Complete Window

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

B.5.3 Restore Your Last Backup

To restore the last system backup, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: Type <3> and press <Enter> in the main menu.

Step 2: The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts to restore the last backup image (iei_user.GHO).

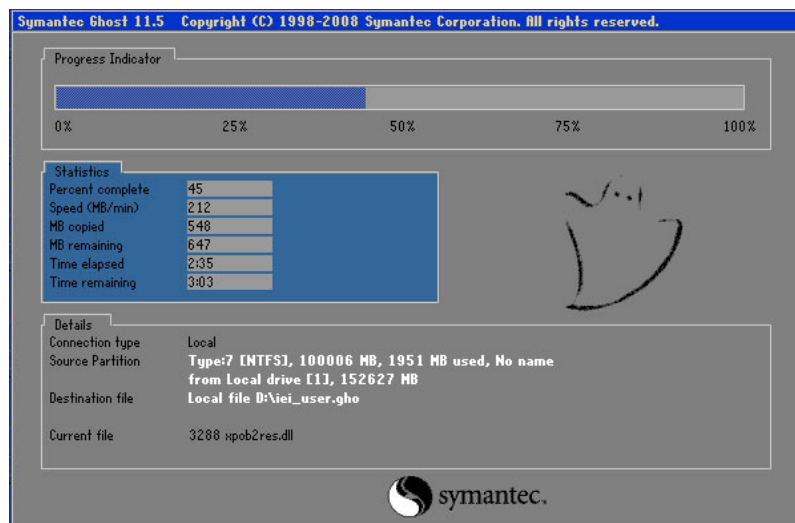


Figure B-40: Restore Backup

Step 3: The screen shown in **Figure B-41** appears when backup recovery is complete. Press any key to reboot the system.

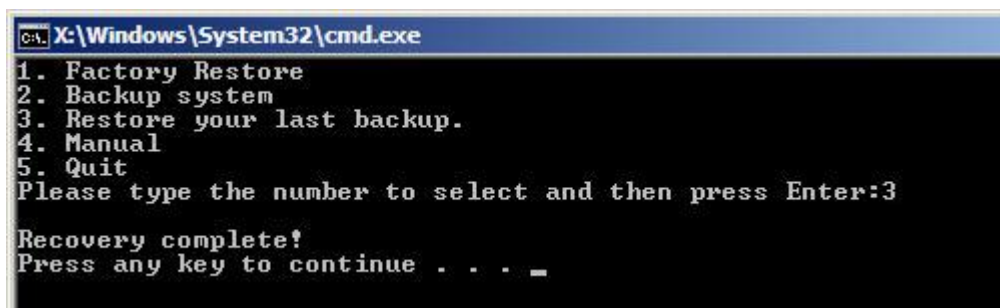


Figure B-41: Restore System Backup Complete Window

B.5.4 Manual

To restore the last system backup, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: Type <4> and press <Enter> in the main menu.

Step 2: The Symantec Ghost window appears. Use the Ghost program to backup or recover the system manually.

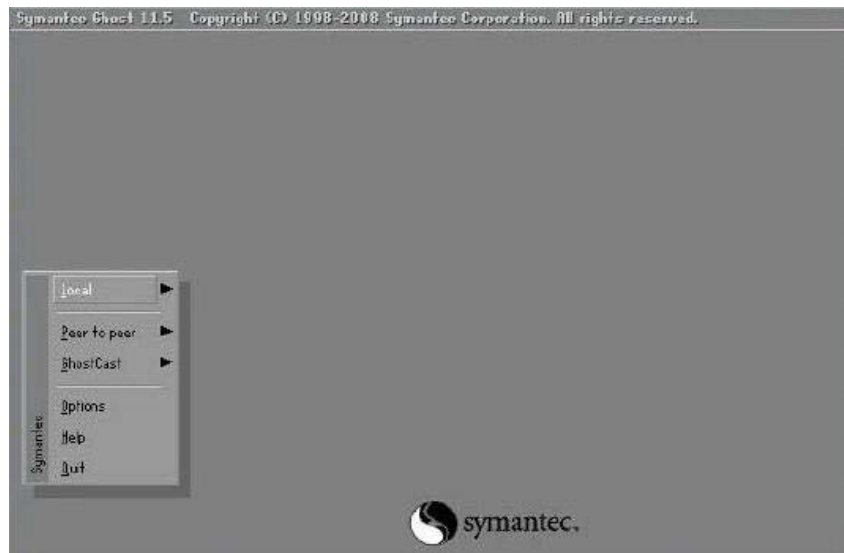
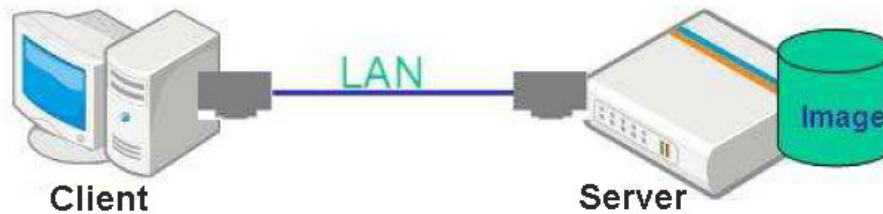


Figure B-42: Symantec Ghost Window

Step 3: When backup or recovery is completed, press any key to reboot the system.

B.6 Restore Systems from a Linux Server through LAN

The One Key Recovery allows a client system to automatically restore to a factory default image saved in a Linux system (the server) through LAN connectivity after encountering a Blue Screen of Death (BSOD) or a hang for around 10 minutes. To be able to use this function, the client system and the Linux system MUST reside in the same domain.



CAUTION:

The supported client OS includes:

- Windows 2000
- Windows XP
- Windows Vista
- Windows 7
- Windows XP Embedded
- Windows Embedded Standard 7

Prior to restoring client systems from a Linux server, a few setup procedures are required.

Step 1: Configure DHCP server settings

Step 2: Configure TFTP settings

Step 3: Configure One Key Recovery server settings

Step 4: Start DHCP, TFTP and HTTP

Step 5: Create a shared directory

Step 6: Setup a client system for auto recovery

The detailed descriptions are described in the following sections. In this document, two types of Linux OS are used as examples to explain the configuration process – CentOS 5.5 (Kernel 2.6.18) and Debian 5.0.7 (Kernel 2.6.26).

B.6.1 Configure DHCP Server Settings

Step 1: Install the DHCP

`#yum install dhcp` (CentOS, commands marked in red)

`#apt-get install dhcp3-server` (Debian, commands marked in blue)

Step 2: Confirm the operating system default settings: dhcpd.conf.

CentOS

Use the following command to show the DHCP server sample location:

`#vi /etc/dhcpd.conf`

The DHCP server sample location is shown as below:

```
# DHCP Server Configuration file.
# see /usr/share/doc/dhcp*/dhcpd.conf.sample
#
```

Use the following command to copy the DHCP server sample to etc/dhcpd.conf:

`#cp /usr/share/doc/dhcp-3.0.5/dhcpd.conf.sample /etc/dhcpd.conf`

`#vi /etc/dhcpd.conf`

```
ddns-update-style interim;
ignore client-updates;

subnet 192.168.0.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 {
# --- default gateway
    option routers                192.168.0.2;
    option subnet-mask            255.255.255.0;

    option nis-domain             "domain.org";
    option domain-name            "domain.org";
    option domain-name-servers   192.168.0.1;
    next-server 192.168.0.6;
    filename "pxelinux.0";
    option time-offset            -18000; # Eastern Standard Time
    option ntp-servers            192.168.1.1;
    option bootfile-name          "pxelinux.0";
}
```

Debian

`#vi /etc/dhcpd.conf`

Edit “/etc/dhcpd.conf” for your environment. For example, add

`next-server PXE server IP address;`

filename "pxelinux.0";

```
ddns-update-style interim;
ignore client-updates;

subnet 192.168.0.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 {
# --- default gateway
option routers                192.168.0.2;
option subnet-mask            255.255.255.0;

option nis-domain              "domain.org";
option domain-name             "domain.org";
option domain-name-servers     192.168.0.1;
next-server 192.168.0.6;
filename "pxelinux.0";
option time-offset             -18000; # Eastern Standard Time
option ntp-servers              192.168.1.1;
}
```

B.6.2 Configure TFTP Settings

Step 1: Install the tftp, httpd and syslinux.

`#yum install tftp-server httpd syslinux` (CentOS)

`#apt-get install tftpd-hpa xinetd syslinux` (Debian)

Step 2: Enable the TFTP server by editing the "/etc/xinetd.d/tftp" file and make it use the remap file. The "-vvv" is optional but it could definitely help on getting more information while running the remap file. For example:

CentOS

`#vi /etc/xinetd.d/tftp`

Modify:

`disable = no`

`server_args = -s /tftpboot -m /tftpboot/tftpd.remap -vvv_`

```
socket_type      = dgram
protocol         = udp
wait             = yes
user             = root
server           = /usr/sbin/in.tftpd
server_args      = -s /tftpboot -m /tftpboot/tftpd.remap -vvv
disable          = no
per_source       = 11
cps              = 100 2
flags            = IPv4
```

Debian

Replace the TFTP settings from “inetd” to “xinetd” and annotate the “inetd” by adding “#”.

`#vi /etc/inetd.conf`

Modify: `#tftp dgram udp wait root /usr/sbin.....` (as shown below)

```
#:BOOT: TFTP service is provided primarily for booting. Most sites
# run this only on machines acting as "boot servers."
#tftp dgram udp wait root /usr/sbin/in.tftpd /usr/sbin/in.tftpd -s
/var/lib/tftpboot
```

`#vi /etc/xinetd.d/tftp`

```
socket_type      = dgram
protocol        = udp
wait            = yes
user            = root
server          = /usr/sbin/in.tftpd
server_args     = -s /tftpboot -n /tftpboot/tftpd.remap -vvv
disable         = no
per_source      = 11
cps             = 100 2
flags           = IPv4
```

B.6.3 Configure One Key Recovery Server Settings

Step 1: Copy the **Utility/RECOVERYR10.TAR.BZ2** package from the One Key Recovery CD to the system (server side).



Step 2: Extract the recovery package to /.

```
#cp RecoveryR10.tar.bz2 /
#cd /
#tar -xvjf RecoveryR10.tar.bz2
```

Step 3: Copy “pxelinux.0” from “syslinux” and install to “tftpboot”.

```
#cp /usr/lib/syslinux/pxelinux.0 /tftpboot/
```

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

B.6.4 Start the DHCP, TFTP and HTTP

Start the DHCP, TFTP and HTTP. For example:

CentOS

```
#service xinetd restart
```

```
#service httpd restart
```

```
#service dhcpd restart
```

Debian

```
#/etc/init.d/xinetd reload
```

```
#/etc/init.d/xinetd restart
```

```
#/etc/init.d/dhcp3-server restart
```

B.6.5 Create Shared Directory

Step 1: Install the samba.

```
#yum install samba
```

Step 2: Create a shared directory for the factory default image.

```
#mkdir /share
```

```
#cd /share
```

```
#mkdir /image
```

```
#cp iei.gho /image
```



WARNING:

The file name of the factory default image must be **iei.gho**.

Step 3: Confirm the operating system default settings: smb.conf.

```
#vi /etc/samba/smb.conf
```

Modify:

[image]

comment = One Key Recovery

path = /share/image

browseable = yes

writable = yes

public = yes

create mask = 0644

directory mask = 0755

Step 4: Edit “/etc/samba/smb.conf” for your environment. For example:

```
# "security = user" is always a good idea. This will require a Unix account
# in this server for every user accessing the server. See
# /usr/share/doc/samba-doc/htmldocs/Samba3-HOWTO/ServerType.html
# in the samba-doc package for details.
security = share
```

```
[image]
comment = One Key Recovery
path = /share/image
browseable = yes
writable = yes
public = yes
create mask = 0644
directory mask = 0755
```

Step 5: Modify the hostname

```
#vi /etc/hostname
```

Modify: RecoveryServer

```
RecoveryServer
```

B.6.6 Setup a Client System for Auto Recovery

Step 1: Disable the automatically restart function before creating the factory default image. Go to: My Computer → Properties → Advanced. Click the Settings button of Startup and Recovery. Deselect “Automatically restart”. Click OK to save the settings and exit. (See **Figure B-43**)

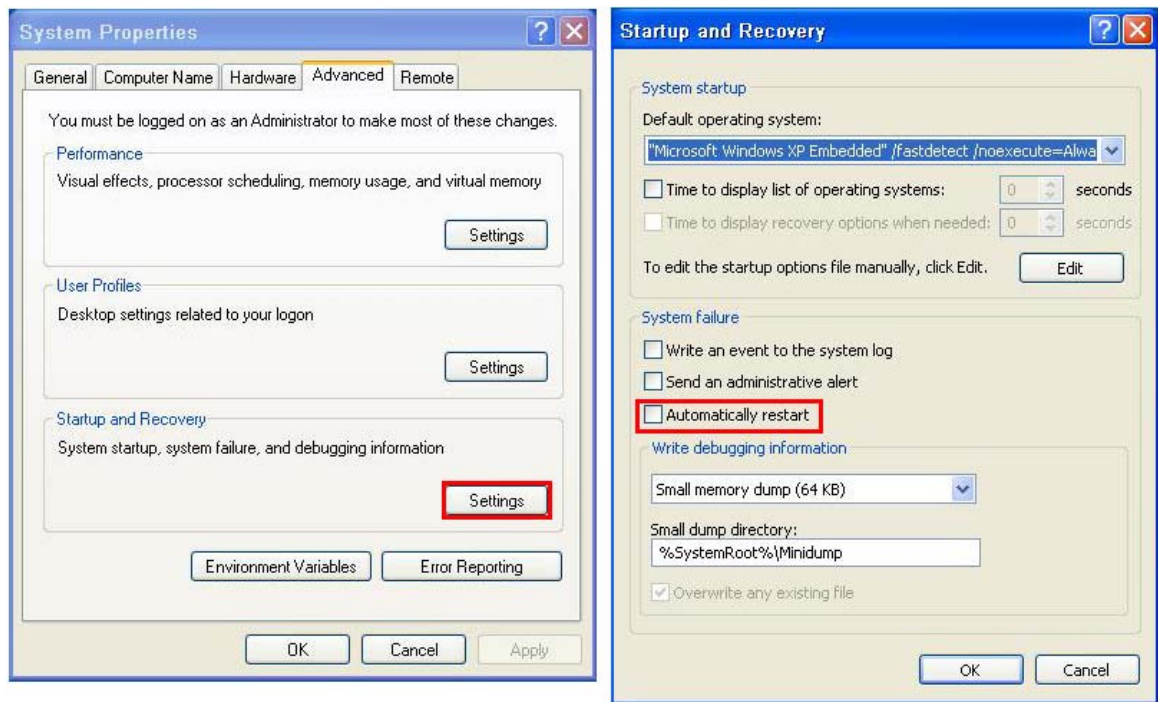


Figure B-43: Disable Automatically Restart

Step 2: Configure the following BIOS options of the client system.

Advanced → iEi Feature → Auto Recovery Function → **Enabled**

Advanced → iEi Feature → Recover from PXE → **Enabled**

Boot → Launch PXE OpROM → **Enabled**

Step 3: Continue to configure the **Boot Option Priorities** BIOS option of the client system:

Boot Option #1 → remain the default setting to boot from the original OS.

Boot Option #2 → select the boot from LAN option.

Step 4: Save changes and exit BIOS menu.

Exit → **Save Changes and Exit**

Step 5: Install the auto recovery utility into the system by double clicking the

Utility/AUTORECOVERY-SETUP.exe in the One Key Recovery CD. This utility

MUST be installed in the system, otherwise, the system will automatically restore from the factory default image every ten (10) minutes.



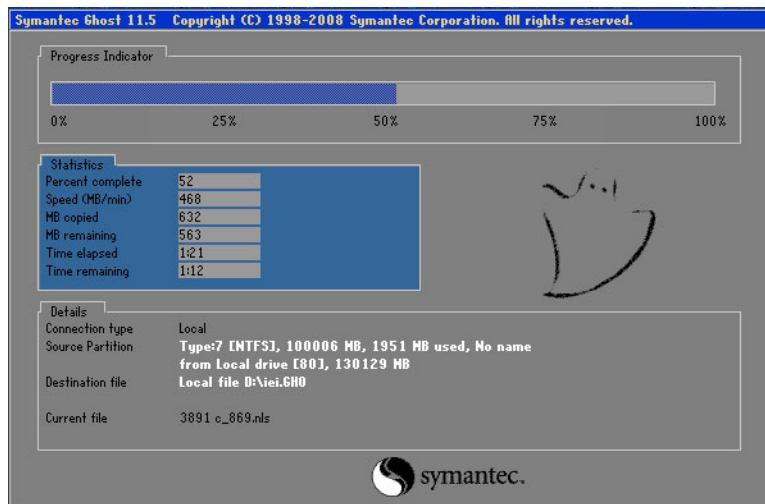
Step 6: Restart the client system from LAN. If the system encounters a Blue Screen of Death (BSoD) or a hang for around 10 minutes, it will automatically restore from the factory default image. The following screens will show when the system starts auto recovering.

```
Realtek PCIe GBE Family Controller Series v2.35 (06/14/10)
CLIENT MAC ADDR: 00 18 7D 13 E6 89  GUID: 00020003-0004-0005-0006-0007000000
DHCP.. /
```

```
My IP address seems to be C0A80009 192.168.0.9
ip=192.168.0.9:192.168.0.8:192.168.0.2:255.255.255.0
TFTP prefix:
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/00020003-0004-0005-0006-000700000009
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/01-00-18-7d-13-e6-89
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/C0A80009
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/C0A8000
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/C0A800
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/C0A80
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/C0A8
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/C0A
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/C0
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/C
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/default
boot:
```

```
Windows is loading files...
IP: 192.168.0.8, File: \Boot\WinPE.wim
```

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module



NOTE:

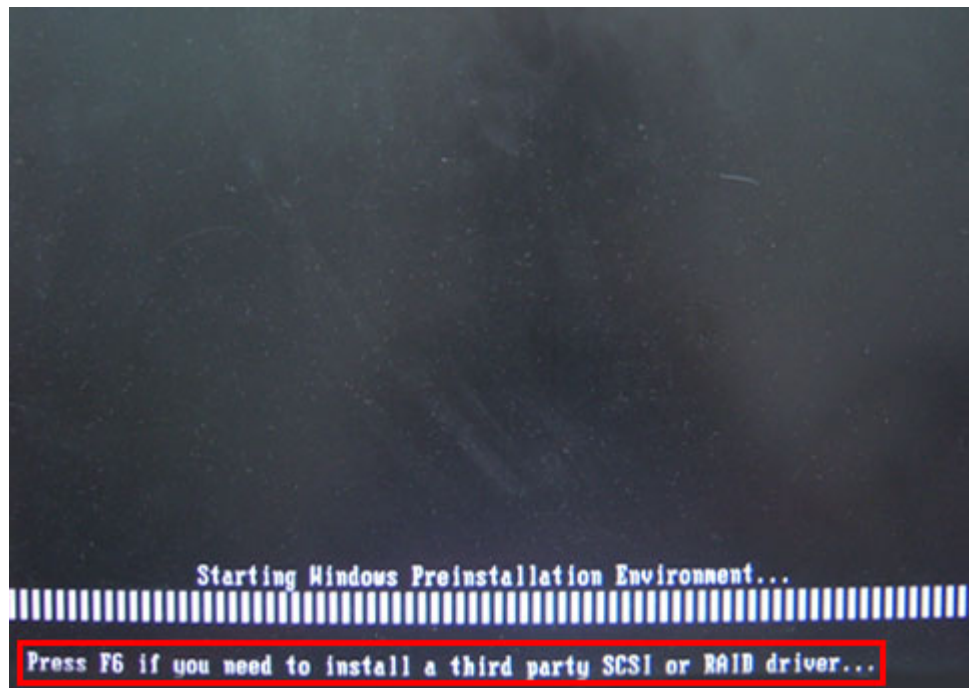
A firewall or a SELinux is not in use in the whole setup process described above. If there is a firewall or a SELinux protecting the system, modify the configuration information to accommodate them.

B.7 Other Information

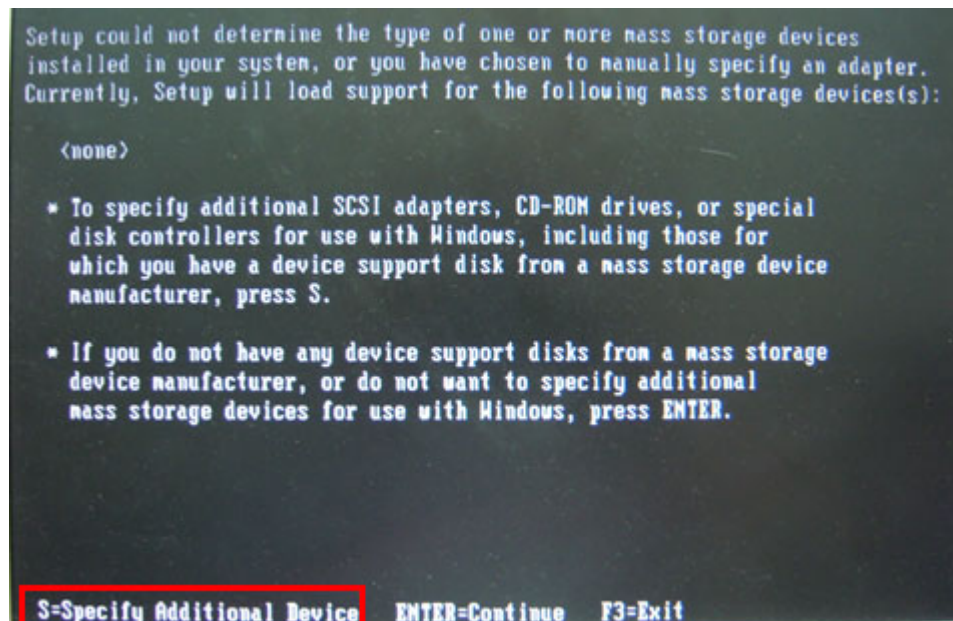
B.7.1 Using AHCI Mode or ALi M5283 / VIA VT6421A Controller

When the system uses AHCI mode or some specific SATA controllers such as ALi M5283 or VIA VT6421A, the SATA RAID/AHCI driver must be installed before using one key recovery. Please follow the steps below to install the SATA RAID/AHCI driver.

- Step 1:** Copy the SATA RAID/AHCI driver to a floppy disk and insert the floppy disk into a USB floppy disk drive. The SATA RAID/AHCI driver must be especially designed for the on-board SATA controller.
- Step 2:** Connect the USB floppy disk drive to the system.
- Step 3:** Insert the One Key Recovery CD into the system and boot the system from the CD.
- Step 4:** When launching the recovery tool, press <F6>.

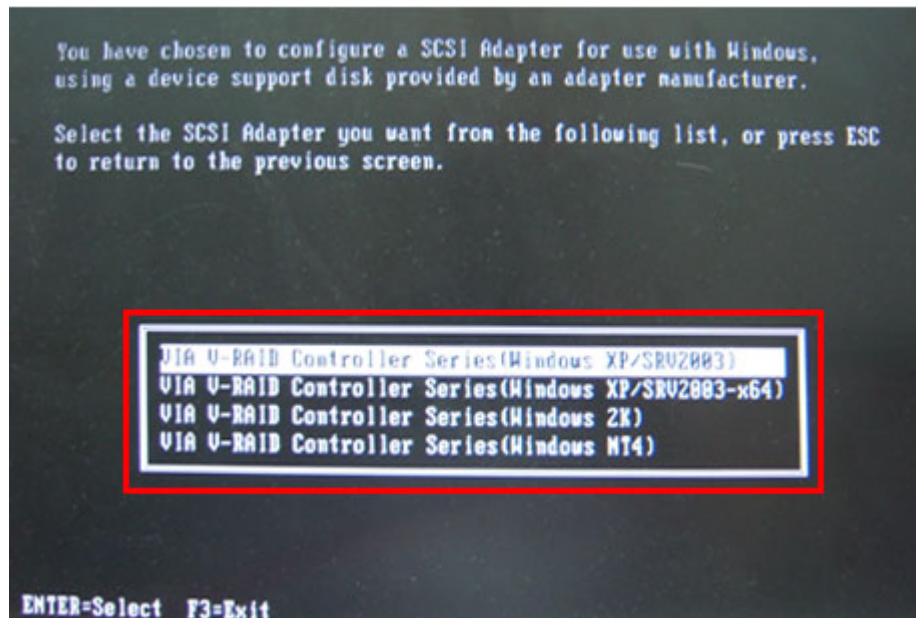


Step 5: When the following window appears, press <S> to select “Specify Additional Device”.



ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

Step 6: In the following window, select a SATA controller mode used in the system. Then press <Enter>. The user can now start using the SATA HDD.



Step 7: After pressing <Enter>, the system will get into the recovery tool setup menu. Continue to follow the setup procedure from **Step 4** in **Section B.2.2 Create Partitions** to finish the whole setup process.

B.7.2 System Memory Requirement

To be able to access the recovery tool by pressing <F3> while booting up the system, please make sure to have enough system memory. The minimum memory requirement is listed below.

- **Using Award BIOS:** 128 MB system memory
- **Using AMI BIOS:** 512 MB system memory.

Appendix

C

Terminology

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

AC '97	Audio Codec 97 (AC'97) refers to a codec standard developed by Intel® in 1997.
ACPI	Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) is an OS-directed configuration, power management, and thermal management interface.
AHCI	Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) is a SATA Host controller register-level interface.
ATA	The Advanced Technology Attachment (ATA) interface connects storage devices including hard disks and CD-ROM drives to a computer.
ARMD	An ATAPI Removable Media Device (ARMD) is any ATAPI device that supports removable media, besides CD and DVD drives.
ASKIR	Amplitude Shift Keyed Infrared (ASKIR) is a form of modulation that represents a digital signal by varying the amplitude (“volume”) of the signal. A low amplitude signal represents a binary 0, while a high amplitude signal represents a binary 1.
BIOS	The Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) is firmware that is first run when the computer is turned on and can be configured by the end user
CODEC	The Compressor-Decompressor (CODEC) encodes and decodes digital audio data on the system.
CMOS	Complimentary metal-oxide-conductor is an integrated circuit used in chips like static RAM and microprocessors.
COM	COM refers to serial ports. Serial ports offer serial communication to expansion devices. The serial port on a personal computer is usually a male DB-9 connector.
DAC	The Digital-to-Analog Converter (DAC) converts digital signals to analog signals.
DDR	Double Data Rate refers to a data bus transferring data on both the rising and falling edges of the clock signal.
DMA	Direct Memory Access (DMA) enables some peripheral devices to bypass the system processor and communicate directly with the system memory.

DIMM	Dual Inline Memory Modules are a type of RAM that offer a 64-bit data bus and have separate electrical contacts on each side of the module.
DIO	The digital inputs and digital outputs are general control signals that control the on/off circuit of external devices or TTL devices. Data can be read or written to the selected address to enable the DIO functions.
EHCI	The Enhanced Host Controller Interface (EHCI) specification is a register-level interface description for USB 2.0 Host Controllers.
EIDE	Enhanced IDE (EIDE) is a newer IDE interface standard that has data transfer rates between 4.0 MBps and 16.6 MBps.
EIST	Enhanced Intel® SpeedStep Technology (EIST) allows users to modify the power consumption levels and processor performance through application software. The application software changes the bus-to-core frequency ratio and the processor core voltage.
FSB	The Front Side Bus (FSB) is the bi-directional communication channel between the processor and the Northbridge chipset.
GbE	Gigabit Ethernet (GbE) is an Ethernet version that transfers data at 1.0 Gbps and complies with the IEEE 802.3-2005 standard.
GPIO	General purpose input
HDD	Hard disk drive (HDD) is a type of magnetic, non-volatile computer storage device that stores digitally encoded data.
ICH	The Input/Output Control Hub (ICH) is an Intel® Southbridge chipset.
IrDA	Infrared Data Association (IrDA) specify infrared data transmission protocols used to enable electronic devices to wirelessly communicate with each other.
L1 Cache	The Level 1 Cache (L1 Cache) is a small memory cache built into the system processor.
L2 Cache	The Level 2 Cache (L2 Cache) is an external processor memory cache.
LCD	Liquid crystal display (LCD) is a flat, low-power display device that consists of two polarizing plates with a liquid crystal panel in between.

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

LVDS	Low-voltage differential signaling (LVDS) is a dual-wire, high-speed differential electrical signaling system commonly used to connect LCD displays to a computer.
POST	The Power-on Self Test (POST) is the pre-boot actions the system performs when the system is turned-on.
RAM	Random Access Memory (RAM) is volatile memory that loses data when power is lost. RAM has very fast data transfer rates compared to other storage like hard drives.
SATA	Serial ATA (SATA) is a serial communications bus designed for data transfers between storage devices and the computer chipsets. The SATA bus has transfer speeds up to 1.5 Gbps and the SATA II bus has data transfer speeds of up to 3.0 Gbps.
S.M.A.R.T	Self Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology (S.M.A.R.T) refers to automatic status checking technology implemented on hard disk drives.
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver-transmitter (UART) is responsible for asynchronous communications on the system and manages the system's serial communication (COM) ports.
UHCI	The Universal Host Controller Interface (UHCI) specification is a register-level interface description for USB 1.1 Host Controllers.
USB	The Universal Serial Bus (USB) is an external bus standard for interfacing devices. USB 1.1 supports 12Mbps data transfer rates and USB 2.0 supports 480Mbps data transfer rates.
VGA	The Video Graphics Array (VGA) is a graphics display system developed by IBM.

Appendix

D

Watchdog Timer



NOTE:

The following discussion applies to DOS environment. Contact IEI support or visit the IEI website for specific drivers for other operating systems.

The Watchdog Timer is provided to ensure that standalone systems can always recover from catastrophic conditions that cause the CPU to crash. This condition may have occurred by external EMIs or a software bug. When the CPU stops working correctly, Watchdog Timer either performs a hardware reset (cold boot) or a Non-Maskable Interrupt (NMI) to bring the system back to a known state.

A BIOS function call (INT 15H) is used to control the Watchdog Timer.

INT 15H:

AH – 6FH Sub-function:	
AL – 2:	Sets the Watchdog Timer’s period.
BL:	Time-out value (Its unit-second is dependent on the item “Watchdog Timer unit select” in CMOS setup).

Table D-1: AH-6FH Sub-function

Call sub-function 2 to set the time-out period of Watchdog Timer first. If the time-out value is not zero, the Watchdog Timer starts counting down. When the timer value reaches zero, the system resets. To ensure that this reset condition does not occur, calling sub-function 2 must periodically refresh the Watchdog Timer. However, the watchdog timer is disabled if the time-out value is set to zero.

A tolerance of at least 10% must be maintained to avoid unknown routines within the operating system (DOS), such as disk I/O that can be very time-consuming.

**NOTE:**

When exiting a program it is necessary to disable the Watchdog Timer, otherwise the system resets.

EXAMPLE PROGRAM:

```
; INITIAL TIMER PERIOD COUNTER
```

```
;
```

```
W_LOOP:
```

```
;
```

```
    MOV     AX, 6F02H      ;setting the time-out value  
    MOV     BL, 30        ;time-out value is 48 seconds  
    INT     15H
```

```
;
```

```
; ADD THE APPLICATION PROGRAM HERE
```

```
;
```

```
    CMP     EXIT_AP, 1    ;is the application over?  
    JNE     W_LOOP       ;No, restart the application
```

```
    MOV     AX, 6F02H    ;disable Watchdog Timer  
    MOV     BL, 0        ;  
    INT     15H
```

```
;
```

```
; EXIT ;
```


Appendix

E

Hazardous Materials Disclosure

E.1 Hazardous Materials Disclosure Table for IPB Products Certified as RoHS Compliant Under 2002/95/EC Without Mercury

The details provided in this appendix are to ensure that the product is compliant with the Peoples Republic of China (China) RoHS standards. The table below acknowledges the presences of small quantities of certain materials in the product, and is applicable to China RoHS only.

A label will be placed on each product to indicate the estimated “Environmentally Friendly Use Period” (EFUP). This is an estimate of the number of years that these substances would “not leak out or undergo abrupt change.” This product may contain replaceable sub-assemblies/components which have a shorter EFUP such as batteries and lamps. These components will be separately marked.

Please refer to the table on the next page.

ICE-CV-D25501/N26001 COM Express Module

Part Name	Toxic or Hazardous Substances and Elements					
	Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (CR(VI))	Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBB)	Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDE)
Housing	X	O	O	O	O	X
Display	X	O	O	O	O	X
Printed Circuit Board	X	O	O	O	O	X
Metal Fasteners	X	O	O	O	O	O
Cable Assembly	X	O	O	O	O	X
Fan Assembly	X	O	O	O	O	X
Power Supply Assemblies	X	O	O	O	O	X
Battery	O	O	O	O	O	O

O: This toxic or hazardous substance is contained in all of the homogeneous materials for the part is below the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006

X: This toxic or hazardous substance is contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials for this part is above the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006

此附件旨在确保本产品符合中国 RoHS 标准。以下表格标示此产品中某有毒物质的含量符合中国 RoHS 标准规定的限量要求。

本产品上会附有“环境友好使用期限”的标签，此期限是估算这些物质“不会有泄漏或突变”的年限。本产品可能包含有较短的环境友好使用期限的可替换元件，像是电池或灯管，这些元件将会单独标示出来。

部件名称	有毒有害物质或元素					
	铅 (Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉 (Cd)	六价铬 (CR(VI))	多溴联苯 (PBB)	多溴二苯 醚 (PBDE)
壳体	X	O	O	O	O	X
显示	X	O	O	O	O	X
印刷电路板	X	O	O	O	O	X
金属螺帽	X	O	O	O	O	O
电缆组装	X	O	O	O	O	X
风扇组装	X	O	O	O	O	X
电力供应组装	X	O	O	O	O	X
电池	O	O	O	O	O	O

O: 表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有物质材料中的含量均在 SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求以下。
X: 表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出 SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求。