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Panel PC with Touch Screen and Intel® Atom N270 1.6GHz CPU Gigabit Ethernet, Wireless LAN, USB 2.0, External SATA RS-232/422/485, Audio, RoHS Compliant, IP 64 Protection

User Manual



Rev. 3.20 – 21 September, 2012



Revision

Date	Version	Changes
21 September, 2012	3.20	Updated for R32 version
		Updated audio codec spec
		Added Section 5: Interface Connectors
		Added Appendix B: ALC892 Digital Microphone
		Configuration
22 February, 2012	3.10	Bluetooth function optional
28 December, 2011	2.13	Minor update to Figure 2-9: COM3 RS-232/422/485
		Serial Port Select Jumper Location
20 December, 2011	2.12	Minor update to Table 2-8 COM3 RX Function Select
		Jumper Settings
4 October, 2011	2.11	Added Section 2.5.4.1 COM3 RS-422 and RS-485 Pinouts
		Added Appendix B One Key Recovery
13 July, 2011	2.10	Updated WLAN card to RT3090.
		Added note to Section 2.9 Driver Installation.
		Added Section A.1.3 Product Disposal.
10 August, 2009	1.01	Minor edit
1 April, 2009	1.00	Initial release



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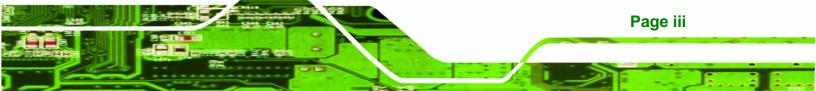




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Introduction





1.1 Overview



Figure 1-1: AFL-W10A-N270 Panel PC

The Afolux AFL-W10A-N270 is an Intel® Atom N270 powered all-in-one touch screen panel PC with a rich variety of functions and peripheral connections. It is designed for easy and simplified integration into conference center, home automation, and building control applications.

An Intel® 945GSE graphics memory controller hub (GMCH) coupled with an Intel® ICH7M input/output controller hub ensures optimal memory, graphics, and peripheral I/O support. The system comes with 1.0 GB of preinstalled DDR2 SDRAM and supports a maximum of 2.0 GB of DDR2 SDRAM ensuring smooth data throughputs with reduced bottlenecks and fast system access.

Two serial ports and two external USB 2.0 ports ensure simplified connectivity to a variety of external peripheral devices. Wi-Fi capabilities and two RJ-45 Ethernet connectors ensure uninterrupted connection of the system to an external LAN.

The AFL-W10A-N270 panel PC is an elegant yet sophisticated system that is as easily implemented in commercial, industrial, and corporate environments as the home.

1.1.1 Features

The AFL-W10A-N270 features the following:

- Intel® Atom™ processor
- Intel® 945GSE chipset
- 1GB 533 MHz DDR2 SDRAM preinstalled
- 802.11 b/g/n wireless module
- Two USB 2.0 ports
- Watchdog timer that triggers a system reset if the system hangs for some reason

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- IP 64 compliant front panel
- AT or ATX power mode
- Touch screen
- RoHS compliance

1.2 External Overview

The stylish AFL-W10A-N270 panel PC comprises of a screen, rear panel, top panel, bottom panel and two side panels (left and right). An ABS/PC plastic front frame surrounds the front screen. The rear panel provides screw holes for a wall-mounting bracket compliant with VESA FDMI standard. An I/O interface panel on the bottom panel of the AFL-W10A-N270 provides access to external interface connectors.

1.2.1 Front Panel

The front side of the AFL-W10A-N270 is a panel TFT LCD screen surrounded by an ABS/PC plastic frame. The top of the front panel has a digital camera and microphone. A power LED is located on the bottom of the front panel with an integrated IEI logo. Refer to **Figure 1-2**.





Figure 1-2: AFL-W10A-N270 Front View

1.2.2 Rear Panel

The rear panel provides access to the internal components of the AFL-W10A-N270 and CF card slot. Refer to **Figure 1-3** for back cover retention screw holes and VESA mount screw holes.



VESA mount screw holes



Back cover retention screws

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Figure 1-3: AFL-W10A-N270 Rear View

1.2.3 I/O Interface Panel

The I/O interface panel located on the bottom of the AFL-W10A-N270 has the following I/O interface connectors:

- 1 x 12 V DC-IN connector
- 1 x Audio line-out jack
- 1 x External SATA port
- 1 x Mic-in jack
- 1 x Power switch
- 1 x Reset button
- 2 x RJ-45 LAN connectors
- 1 x RS-232 serial port
- 1 x RS-232/422/485 serial port
- 2 x USB 2.0 connectors

The external I/O interface connector panel is shown in the following figure.

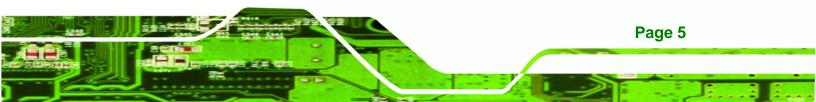




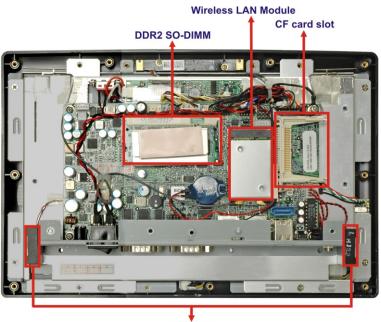


Figure 1-4: AFL-W10A-N270 I/O Interface Connector Panel

1.3 Internal Overview

The AFL-W10A-N270 has the following components installed internally:

- 1 x Motherboard
- 1 x 1.0 GB 533 MHz DDR2 SDRAM SO-DIMM
- 1 x Wireless module
- 2 x 1.5 W speaker



Speakers

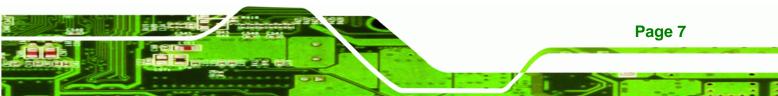


1.4 System Specifications

The technical specifications for the AFL-W10A-N270 systems are listed below.

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Specifications	AFL-W10A-N270
LCD Size	10.2"
Max Resolution	1024 x 600
Brightness (cd/m2)	400
Contrast Ratio	400:1
LCD Color	262K
Pixel Pitch (mm)	0.2175(H) x 0.2175(V)
Viewing Angle (H-V)	140/120
Backlight	LED backlight
CPU	Intel® Atom™ N270 1.6GHz CPU
Chipset	Intel® 945GSE + ICH7M
RAM	1 GB 533MHz DDR2 SO-DIMM Supports one 400 MHz or 533 MHz DDR2 SO-DIMM (2 GB Max.)
Audio Codec	Realtek ALC892
I/O Ports and Switches	One 12V DC power jack One Audio line-out jack One External SATA port One MIC-in jack One Power switch One Reset switch Two RJ-45 for Giga LAN One RS-232 serial port One RS-232/422/485 serial port Two USB 2.0 ports
SSD	СҒ Туре ІІ
Watchdog Timer	Software programmable supports 1~255 sec. System reset



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AFL-W10A-N270 User Manual

Specifications	AFL-W10A-N270	
Audio	AMP 1.5 W + 1.5 W internal speakers	
Digital Camera with microphone	2-megapixel digital camera on the front panel	
Wireless LAN	Wireless LAN 802.11 b/g/n PCIe Mini card module	
Bluetooth V2.0	Optional	
Construction Material	ABS + PC Plastic front frame	
LED Function	One power on/off LED on the front panel	
Mounting	Panel, Wall, Rack, Arm, Stand (VESA 100mm x 100mm)	
Front Panel Color	Grey 7539U	
Dimension (W x H x D) (mm)	280 x 186 x 49	
Operation Temperature (°C)	-10°C~50°C	
Storage Temperature (°C)	-20°C~60°C	
Net Weight	1.4 kg IP 64 compliant front panel	
IP Level		
EMC	CE, FCC, CCC	
Safety	СВ	
Touch Screen	5-wire resistive type	
Power Adapter	36 W power adapter Input: 100 V AC ~ 240 V AC; 50 Hz ~ 60 Hz Output: 12 V DC	
Power Requirement	12 V DC	
Power Consumption	28 W	

Table 1-1: AFL-W10A-N270 Specifications

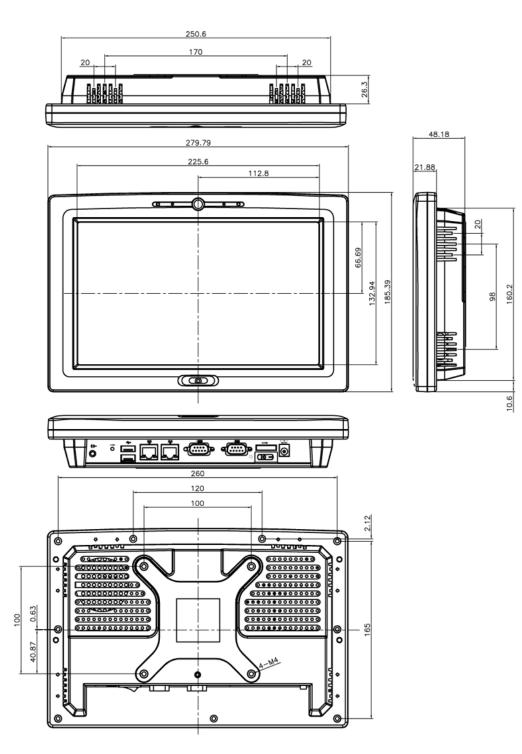
1.5 Dimensions

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The AFL-W10A-N270 dimensions are listed below and shown in the following figure.

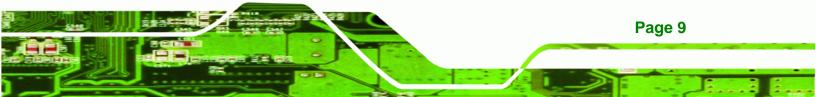
Width: 280 mm

- Height: 186 mm
- **Depth**: 49 mm

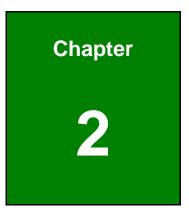


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Figure 1-6: AFL-W10A-N270 Dimensions (mm)







Installation





When installing the AFL-W10A-N270, make sure to:

 Turn the power off: Chance of electrocution. Turn off the monitor and unplug it from the power supply.

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- Only let certified engineers change the hardware settings: Incorrect settings can cause irreparable damage to the product.
- Install the monitor with assistance: The product is very heavy and may be damaged by drops and bumps. Two or more people should install the panel PC.
- Take anti-static precautions: Electrostatic discharge can destroy electrical components and injure the user. Users must ground themselves using an anti-static wristband or similar device.

The installation steps below should be followed in order.

- Step 1: Unpack the panel PC
- Step 2: Check all the required parts are included
- Step 3: Install the CompactFlash® card
- Step 4: Mount the panel PC
- Step 5: Connect peripheral devices to the bottom panel of the panel PC
- Step 6: Connect the power cable
- Step 7: Configure the system

2.1 Unpack the Panel PC

To unpack the panel PC, follow the steps below:





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Only remove the protective plastic cover stuck to the front screen after installation. The plastic layer protects the monitor surface during installation process.

- **Step 1:** Carefully cut the tape sealing the box. Only cut deep enough to break the tape.
- Step 2: Open the outside box.
- **Step 3:** Carefully cut the tape sealing the box. Only cut deep enough to break the tape.
- Step 4: Open the inside box.
- Step 5: Lift the monitor out of the boxes.
- **Step 6:** Remove the peripheral parts box from the main box.

2.1.1 Packing List

The AFL-W10A-N270 panel PC is shipped with the following components:

Quantity	Item	Image
1	AFL-W10A-N270	
1	Power adapter (P/N : 63000-FSP036RAB608-RS)	

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1	Power cord	
	(P/N : 32702-000400-100-RS)	
1	Power transfer cord	\land
	(P/N : 32702-000300-100-RS)	
4	Screw kit (M4*6)	
	(P/N : 44403-040061-RS)	
1	Touch pen	
	(P/N : 43125-0002C0-00-RS)	
1	User manual CD and driver CD	
1	One Key Recovery CD	
Optional		
WIN CE	6.0	
ALFCF-V	V10-N270-CE060	ICF
WIN XPE		
ALFCF-W10-N270-XPE		ICF
Linux		
ALFCF-V	V10-N270-LNX-R10	iEr
Panel mounting kit		
(P/N : AFLPK-12)		

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Wall mounting kit (P/N : AFLWK-19)	
Rack mounting kit (P/N : AFLRK-10)	
VSTAND: (P/N : VSTAND-A12)	
Stand (P/N :STAND-A12)	
Stand (P/N :STAND-100-RS)	a minimum a second
Stand (P/N : STAND-150-RS)	
Arm (P/N : ARM-11-RS)	

Arm (P/N : ARM-31-RS)	
Hybrid card reader	
(P/N : AFLP-10AMSI-U)	
Magnetic stripe reader	
(P/N : AFLP-10AMSR-U)	
60 W DC/DC 9-30 VDC input vehicle power adapter:	
IDD-930160-KIT	
DC 12 V Input UPS	St
AUPS-B10-R10	0.0 :19=
DC 9-36V Input UPS	101 - 101 - 101 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100
AUPS-B20-R10	

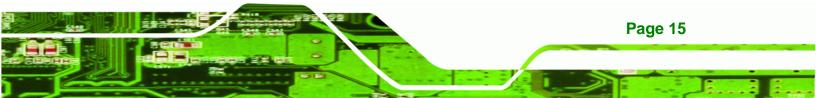
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Make sure all the components listed in the packing list are present. If any of these items are missing or damaged, contact the distributor or sales representative immediately.

2.2 Removing the Rear Panel

To access the AFL-W10A-N270 internally the rear panel must be removed. To remove the rear panel, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: Remove the retention screws (**Figure 2-1**).







Back cover retention screws

Figure 2-1: Back Cover Retention Screws

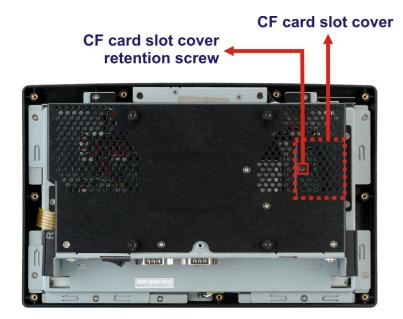
Step 2: Lift the cover and pull down the cover a bit to make it possible to fully remove it.More strength is required to separate the cover from the chassis.

2.3 CF Card Installation

The AFL-W10A-N270 has one CF Type II slot inside the rear panel. The slot can be access without removing the back cover. To install the CF card, follow the instructions below.

- Step 1: Remove the rear panel. See Section 2.2.
- Step 2: Locate the CF slot cover. Remove the retention screw and cover (Figure 2-2).





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Figure 2-2: CF card slot location

Step 3: Insert a CF card into the slot (**Figure 2-3**).



Figure 2-3: CF Card Location

- **Step 4:** Replace the CF card slot cover.
- **Step 5:** Reinsert retention screw.





2.4 AT/ATX Mode Selection

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AT and ATX power modes can both be used on the AFL-W10A-N270. The selection is made through an AT/ATX switch on the top edge of the inner aluminum cover (**Figure 2-4**). To select AT mode or ATX mode, follow the steps below.

Step 1: Locate the AT/ATX switch on the top edge of the aluminum cover (Figure 2-4).

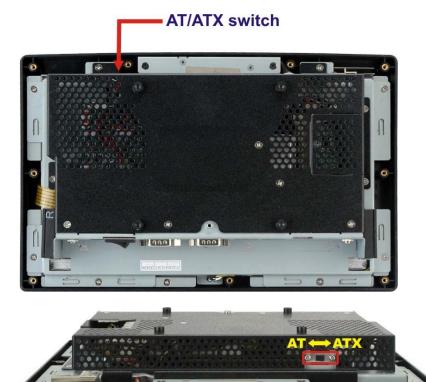


Figure 2-4: AT/ATX Switch Location

Step 2: Adjust the AT/ATX switch.

2.4.1 AT Power Mode

With the AT mode selected, the power is controlled by a central power unit rather than a power switch. The AFL-W10A-N270 panel PC turns on automatically when the power is connected. The AT mode benefits a production line to control multiple panel PCs from a central management center and other applications including:

ATM

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- Self-service kiosk
- Plant environment monitoring system
- Factory automation platform
- Manufacturing shop flow

2.4.2 ATX Power Mode

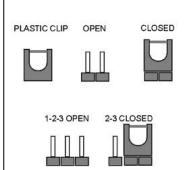
With the ATX mode selected, the AFL-W10A-N270 panel PC goes in a standby mode when it is turned off. The panel PC can be easily turned on via network or a power switch in standby mode. Remote power control is perfect for advertising applications since the broadcasting time for each panel PC can be set individually and controlled remotely. Other possible application includes

- Security surveillance
- Point-of-Sale (POS)
- Advertising terminal

2.5 Jumper Settings



A jumper is a metal bridge used to close an electrical circuit. It consists of two or three metal pins and a small metal clip (often protected by a plastic cover) that slides over the pins to connect them. To CLOSE/SHORT a jumper means connecting the pins of the jumper with the plastic clip and to OPEN a jumper means removing the plastic clip from a jumper.



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The following jumpers and switches can be changed after removing the rear cover.

Description	Label	Туре
Clear CMOS	J_COMS1	2-pin header
COM1 Pin 9 setting	JP8	10-pin header



COM3 Pin 9 setting	JP10	6-pin header
COM3 RX RS-232/422/485 select	JP9	8-pin header
COM3 TX RS-422/485 select	JP11	6-pin header
COM3 RS-232/422/485 select	JP6	12-pin header
CompactFlash® setup	JCF1	2-pin header

Table 2-1: Jumpers

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2.5.1 Access the Jumpers

To access the jumpers, remove the back cover. To remove the back cover, please refer to **Section 3.3**.

2.5.2 Preconfigured Jumpers



Do not change the settings on the jumpers in described here. Doing so may disable or damage the system.

The following jumpers are preconfigured for the AFL-W10A-N270. Users should not change these jumpers (**Table 2-2**). The jumper settings of the preconfigured jumpers are listed in Chapter 5 for reference.

Jumper Name	Label	Туре
Backlight voltage selection	J_BL1	3-pin header
Inverter power selection	JP12	6-pin header
LVDS voltage selection	J_VLVDS1	3-pin header
MCU LCD type selection	JP14	4-pin header
MCU PWM power selection	JP13	3-pin header
Panel type and resolution	J_LCD_TYPE1	10-pin header
Touchscreen selection	J1	4-pin header

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USB2 and USB4 power selection	JP15	6-pin header	
USDZ and USD4 power selection	51-15	0-pin neadei	

Technology

Corp.

Table 2-2: Preconfigured Jumpers

2.5.3 Clear CMOS Jumper

Jumper Label:	J_CMOS1	
Jumper Type:	2-pin header	
Jumper Settings:	See Table 2-3	
Jumper Location:	See Figure 2-5	

If the AFL-W10A-N270 fails to boot due to improper BIOS settings, the clear CMOS jumper clears the CMOS data and resets the system BIOS information. To do this, use the jumper cap to close the pins for a few seconds then remove the jumper clip.

If the "CMOS Settings Wrong" message is displayed during the boot up process, the fault may be corrected by pressing the F1 to enter the CMOS Setup menu. Do one of the following:

- Enter the correct CMOS setting
- Load Optimal Defaults
- Load Failsafe Defaults.

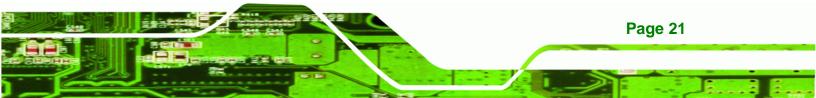
After having done one of the above, save the changes and exit the CMOS Setup menu.

The clear CMOS jumper settings are shown in Table 2-3.

Clear CMOS	Description	
Short 1 - 2	Keep CMOS Setup	Default
Short 2 - 3	Clear CMOS Setup	

Table 2-3: Clear CMOS Jumper Settings

The location of the clear CMOS jumper is shown in Figure 2-5 below.



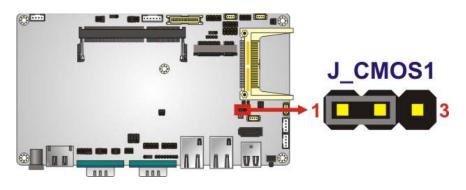


Figure 2-5: Clear CMOS Jumper

2.5.4 COM Port Pin 9 Select

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Jumper Label:	JP8 and JP10
Jumper Settings:	See Table 2-4
Jumper Location:	See Figure 2-6

Two jumpers (JP8 and JP10) configure pin 9 on COM1 and COM3 DB-9 connectors. Pin 9 on the COM1 and the COM3 DB-9 connectors can be set as the ring (RI) signal, +5 V or +12 V. The COM1 and COM3 Pin 9 Setting jumper selection options are shown in **Table 2-4**.

JP8	Description	
Short 1-3	COM1 RI Pin use +12 V	
Short 3-5	COM1 RI Pin use +5 V	
Short 7-9	COM1 RI Pin use RI	Default

Table 2-4: COM1 Pin 9 Setting Jumper Settings

JP10	Description	
Short 1-2	COM3 RI Pin use +12 V	
Short 3-4	COM3 RI Pin use RI	Default
Short 5-6	COM3 RI Pin use +5 V	

 Table 2-5: COM3 Pin 9 Setting Jumper Settings

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The COM1 and COM3 Pin 9 Setting jumper locations are shown in Figure 2-6 below.

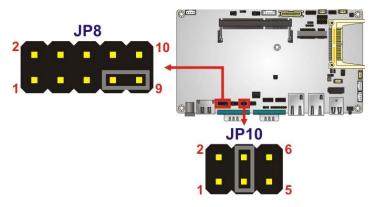


Figure 2-6: COM1 and COM3 Pin 9 Setting Jumper Locations

2.5.4.1 COM3 RS-422 and RS-485 Pinouts

The pinouts for RS-422 and RS-485 operation of external serial port COM 3 are detailed below.

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COM 3	RS-422 Description
Pin 1	TX-
Pin 2	TX+
Pin 6	RX-
Pin 7	RX+

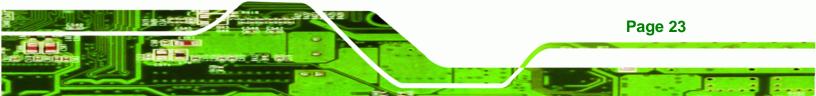
Table 2-6: RS-422 Pinouts

COM 3	RS-485 Description
Pin 1	Data-
Pin 2	Data+

Table 2-7: RS-485 Pinouts

2.5.5 COM3 RX Function Select Jumper

Jumper Label:	JP9
Jumper Type:	8-pin header
Jumper Settings:	See Table 2-8
Jumper Location:	See Figure 2-7

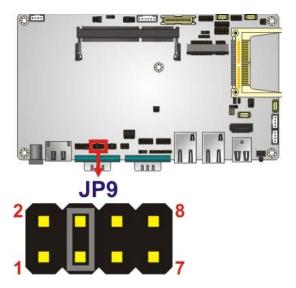


The COM3 RX Function Select jumper sets the communication protocol used by the RX serial communications port COM3 as RS-232, RS-422 or RS-485. The COM3 RX Function Select jumper settings are shown in **Table 2-8**.

COM3 RX Function Select	Description	
Short 1-2	DET BIOS	
	RS-232/422/485	
Short 3-4	RS-232	Default
Short 5-6	RS-422	
Short 7-8	RS-485	

Table 2-8: COM3 RX Function Select Jumper Settings

The COM3 RX Function Select jumper location is shown in Figure 2-7.





2.5.6 COM3 TX Function Select Jumper

Jumper Label:	JP11
Jumper Type:	6-pin header
Jumper Settings:	See Table 2-9
Jumper Location:	See Figure 2-8



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The COM3 TX Function Select jumper configures the TX pin on COM3 serial port connector as RS-422 as an RS-485. The COM3 TX Function Select jumper selection options are shown in **Table 2-9**.

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COM3 TX Function Select	Description
Short 1 – 3	RS-422 TX-
Short 2 – 4	RS-422 TX+
Short 3 – 5	RS-485 D-
Short 4 – 6	RS-485 D+

Table 2-9: COM3 TX Function Select Jumper Settings

The COM3 TX Function Select jumper location is shown in **Figure 2-8** below.

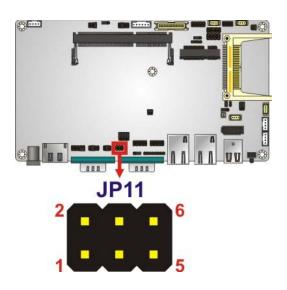
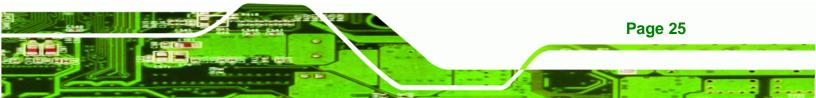


Figure 2-8: COM3 TX Function Select Jumper Pinout Locations

2.5.7 COM3 RS-232/422/485 Serial Port Select Jumper

Jumper Label:	JP6
Jumper Type:	12-pin header (four 3-pin headers combined)
Jumper Settings:	See Table 2-10
Jumper Location:	See Figure 2-9



The COM3 RS-232/422/485 Serial Port Select jumper sets the communication protocol used by the second serial communications port (COM3) as RS-232, RS-422 or RS-485. The COM3 RS-232/422/485 Serial Port Select settings are shown in **Table 2-10**.

RS-232/485 Select	Description	
Short 1-2	RS-232	Default
Short 4-5	RS-232	Default
Short 7-8	RS-232	Default
Short 10-11	RS-232	Default
Short 2-3	RS-422/485	
Short 5-6	RS-422/485	
Short 8-9	RS-422/485	
Short 11-12	RS-422/485	

Table 2-10: COM3 RS-232/422/485 Serial Port Select Jumper Settings

The COM3 RS-232/422/485 Serial Port Select jumper location is shown in Figure 2-9.

Figure 2-9: COM3 RS-232/422/485 Serial Port Select Jumper Location

2.5.8 CompactFlash® Setup

Jumper Label: JCF1

Jumper Type: 2-pin header

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Jumper Settings:	See Table 2-11
Jumper Location:	See Figure 2-10

The CompactFlash® slot is connected through an IDE connection. This jumper sets the CompactFlash® card as the master or slave IDE device.

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Setting	Description
Open	Master (Default)
Short	Slave

Table 2-11: CompactFlash® Setup Jumper Settings

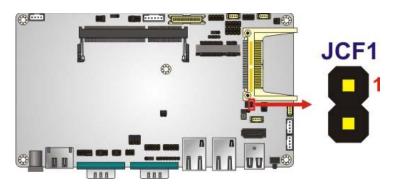


Figure 2-10: CompactFlash® Setup Jumper Location

2.6 Mounting the System



When mounting the panel PC onto an arm, onto the wall or onto a panel, it is better to have more than one person to help with the installation to make sure the panel PC does not fall down and get damaged.

The four methods of mounting the AFL-W10A-N270 are listed below.

- Wall mounting
- Panel mounting
- Arm mounting
- Rack mounting





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The four mounting methods are described below.

2.6.1 Wall Mounting

To mount the panel PC onto the wall, please follow the steps below.

- Step 1: Select the location on the wall for the wall-mounting bracket.
- Step 2: Carefully mark the locations of the four screw holes in the bracket on the wall.
- **Step 3:** Drill four pilot holes at the marked locations on the wall for the bracket retention screws.
- **Step 4:** Align the wall-mounting bracket screw holes with the pilot holes.
- Step 5: Secure the mounting-bracket to the wall by inserting the retention screws into the four pilot holes and tightening them (Figure 2-11).

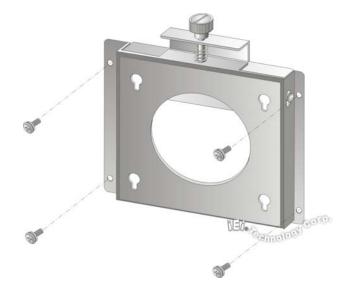


Figure 2-11: Wall-mounting Bracket

- Step 6: Insert the four monitor mounting screws provided in the wall mounting kit into the four screw holes on the real panel of the panel PC and tighten until the screw shank is secured against the rear panel (Figure 2-12).
- **Step 7:** Align the mounting screws on the monitor rear panel with the mounting holes on the bracket.

Step 8: Carefully insert the screws through the holes and gently pull the monitor downwards until the monitor rests securely in the slotted holes (Figure 2-12). Ensure that all four of the mounting screws fit snuggly into their respective slotted holes.

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In the diagram below the bracket is already installed on the wall.

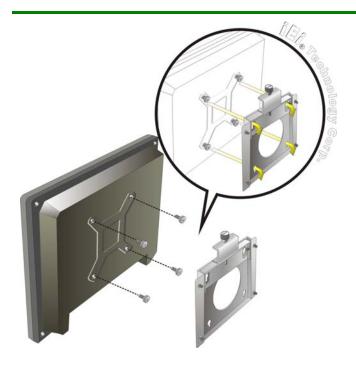
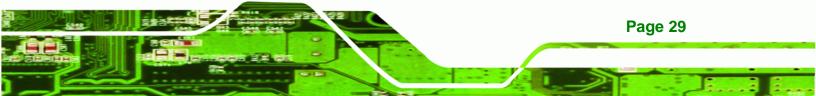


Figure 2-12: Chassis Support Screws

Step 9: Secure the panel PC by fastening the retention screw of the wall-mounting bracket. (Figure 2-13).





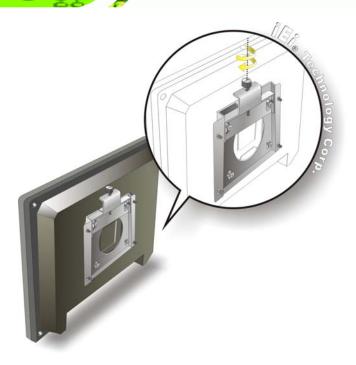


Figure 2-13: Secure the Panel PC

2.6.2 Panel Mounting

To mount the AFL-W10A-N270 panel PC into a panel, please follow the steps below.

- **Step 1:** Select the position on the panel to mount the panel PC.
- Step 2: Cut out a section from the panel that corresponds to the rear panel dimensions of the panel PC. Take care that the panel section that is cut out is smaller than the overall size of the metal frame that surrounds the panel PC but just large enough for the rear panel of the panel PC to fit through (Figure 2-14).



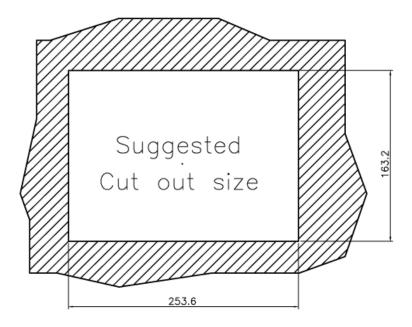
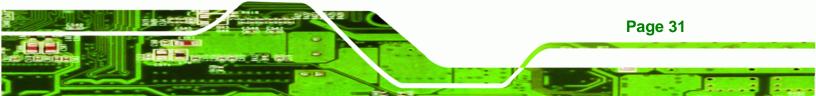


Figure 2-14: AFL-15B-AM2 Cutout Dimensions (units in mm)

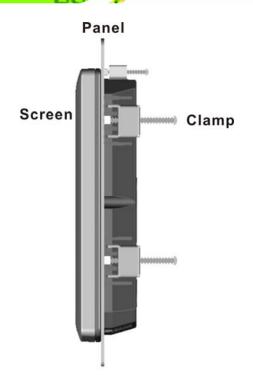
Step 3: Slide the panel PC through the hole until the aluminum frame is flush against the panel.

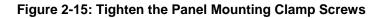
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- **Step 4:** Insert the panel mounting clamps into the pre-formed holes along the edges of the chassis, behind the aluminum frame.
- **Step 5:** Tighten the screws that pass through the panel mounting clamps until the plastic caps at the front of all the screws are firmly secured to the panel (**Figure 2-15**).









2.6.3 Cabinet and Rack Installation

The AFL-W10A-N270 panel PC can be installed into a cabinet or rack. The installation procedures are similar to the panel mounting installation. To do this, please follow the steps below:



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When purchasing the cabinet/rack installation bracket, make sure it is compatible with both the AFL-W10A-N270 panel PC and the rack/cabinet into which the AFL-W10A-N270 is installed.

Step 1: Slide the rear of the AFL-W10A-N270 panel PC through the rack/cabinet bracket until the aluminum frame is flush against the front of the bracket (**Figure 2-16**).

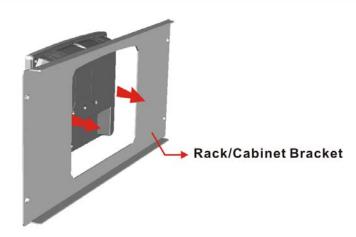
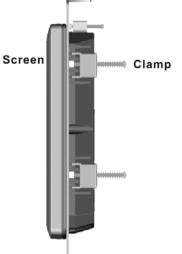


Figure 2-16: The Rack/Cabinet Bracket

Step 2: Insert the rack mounting clamps into the pre-formed holes along the edges of the panel PC, behind the ABS/PC plastic frame.

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Step 3: Tighten the screws that pass through the rack mounting clamps until the plastic caps at the front of all the screws are firmly secured to the bracket (Figure 2-17).

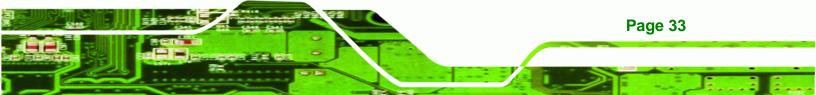


Rack/Cabinet Bracket



Step 4: Slide the panel PC with the attached rack/cabinet bracket into a rack or cabinet

(Figure 2-18).





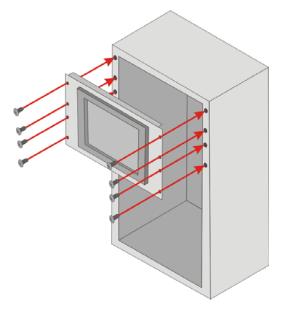


Figure 2-18: Install into a Rack/Cabinet

Step 5: Once the panel PC with the attached rack/cabinet bracket has been properly inserted into the rack or cabinet, secure the front of the rack/cabinet bracket to the front of the rack or cabinet (Figure 2-18).

2.6.4 Arm Mounting

The AFL-W10A-N270 is VESA (Video Electronics Standards Association) compliant and can be mounted on an arm with a 100mm interface pad. To mount the panel PC on an arm, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: Please correctly mount the arm onto the surface it uses as a base. To do this, refer to the installation documentation that came with the mounting arm.



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When purchasing the mounting arm please ensure that it is VESA compliant and that the arm has a 100mm interface pad. If it is not VESA compliant, it cannot be used to support the AFL-W10A-N270 panel PC.

Step 2: Once the mounting arm has been firmly attached to the surface, lift the panel PC onto the interface pad of the mounting arm.

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Step 3: Align the retention screw holes on the mounting arm interface with those in the panel PC. The arm mount retention screw holes are shown in **Figure 2-19**.



Figure 2-19:AFL-W10A-N270 Arm Mounting Retention Screw Holes

Step 4: Secure the panel PC to the interface pad by inserting the retention screws through the bottom of the mounting arm interface pad and into the panel PC.

2.7 Bottom Panel Connectors

All I/O interface connections of the AFL-W10A-N270 are found on the bottom panel.

2.7.1 LAN Connection

There is one external RJ-45 LAN connector. The RJ-45 connector enables connection to an external network. To connect a LAN cable with an RJ-45 connector, please follow the instructions below.

Step 1: Locate the RJ-45 connector on the bottom panel of the AFL-W10A-N270 Series.



Step 2: Align the connector. Align the RJ-45 connector on the LAN cable with one of the RJ-45 connectors on the bottom panel of the AFL-W10A-N270. See Figure 2-20.

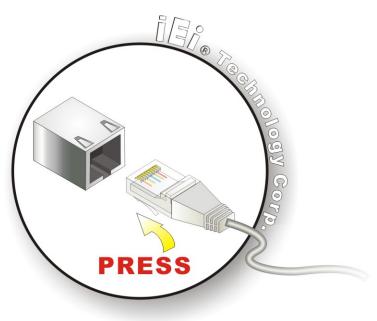


Figure 2-20: LAN Connection

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Step 3: Insert the LAN cable RJ-45 connector. Once aligned, gently insert the LAN cable RJ-45 connector into the onboard RJ-45 connector.

2.7.2 Serial Device Connection

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The AFL-W10A-N270 has two DB-9 connectors for connecting to RS-232 and RS-232/422/485 serial devices on the bottom panel. Follow the steps below to connect a serial device to the AFL-W10A-N270 panel PC.

- Step 1: Locate the DB-9 connector. The location of the DB-9 connector is shown in Chapter 3.
- Step 2: Insert the serial connector. Insert the DB-9 connector of a serial device into the DB-9 connector on the external peripheral interface. See Figure 2-21.

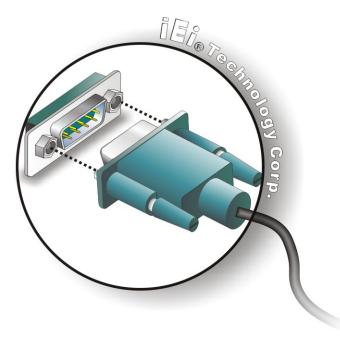


Figure 2-21: Serial Device Connector

Step 3: Secure the connector. Secure the serial device connector to the external interface by tightening the two retention screws on either side of the connector.

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2.7.3 USB Device Connection

There are four external USB 2.0 connectors. All connectors are perpendicular to the AFL-W10A-N270. To connect a USB 2.0 or USB 1.1 device, please follow the instructions below.

- Step 1: Located the USB connectors. The locations of the USB connectors are shown in Chapter 2.
- Step 2: Align the connectors. Align the USB device connector with one of the connectors on the bottom panel. See Figure 2-22.





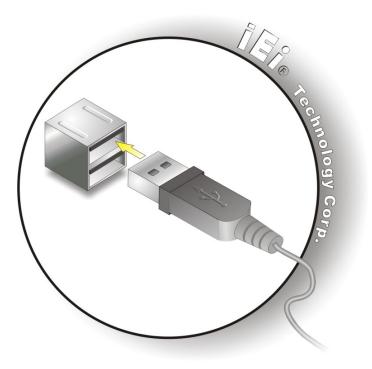


Figure 2-22: USB Device Connection

Step 3: Insert the device connector. Once aligned, gently insert the USB device connector into the onboard connector.

2.8 Power Connection

The power cable connects the power adapter to the power outlet. The power adapter and power cable are required for operation of the panel PC.

- **Step 1:** Connect the power adapter to the panel PC.
- Step 2: Connect the power cable to the included power adapter.
- Step 3: Connect the power cable to the power outlet.



2.9 Driver Installation



The content of the CD may vary throughout the life cycle of the product and is subject to change without prior notice. Visit the IEI website or contact technical support for the latest updates.

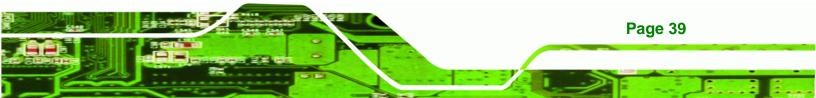
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The following drivers can be installed on the system; each driver is in its own directory on the driver CD:

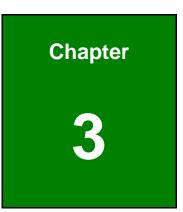
- Chipset driver
- Graphics driver
- LAN driver
- Audio driver
- Touch panel driver
- Wireless LAN card driver
- Bluetooth driver (optional)



When installing the Wireless LAN card driver, make sure to select the **RT3090** folder which indicates the WLAN card model installed on the system.







System Maintenance





Turn off the power before removing the back cover. Risk of electrocution. Severe damage to the product and injury to the body may occur if internal parts are touched while the power is still on.

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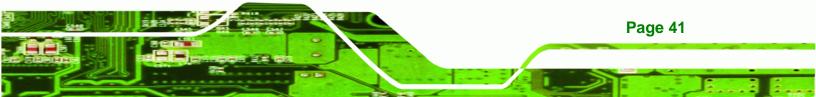
Take antistatic precautions when working on the internal components. Some internal components are easily damaged or destroyed by electrostatic discharge. Take antistatic precautions to prevent electrostatic discharge.

Step 1: If the components of the AFL-W10A-N270 fail they must be replaced.

Components that can be replaced include (see Figure 3-1):

- CF Module
- Wireless LAN module
- SO-DIMM module

Please contact the system reseller or vendor to purchase the replacement parts. Back cover removal instructions for the AFL-W10A-N270 are described below.





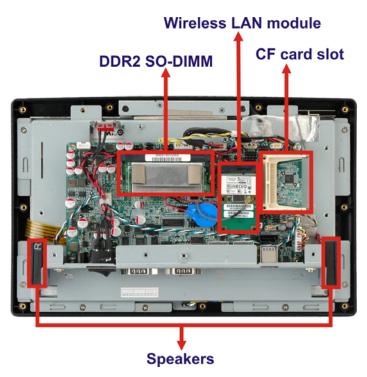


Figure 3-1: Replaceable Components

3.2 Motherboard Replacement

In the case of motherboard failure, please contact an IEI sales representative, reseller or system vendor. The motherboard is accessible after opening the rear cover.

3.3 Cover Removal

To access the AFL-W10A-N270 internally the back panel must be removed. To remove the back panel, please follow the steps below.

- Step 1: Follow all anti-static procedures. See Section A.1.2.
- Step 2: Turn off the power. See Section 3.1.
- Step 3: Remove the retention screws on the back. Remove the retention screws (Figure 3-2) from the rear panel.



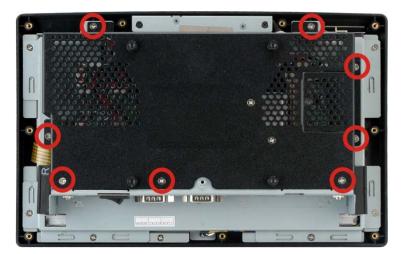


Back cover retention screws

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Figure 3-2: Back Cover Retention Screws

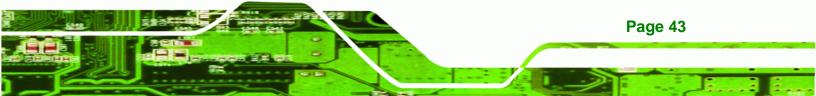
Step 4: Lift the cover and pull down the cover a bit to make it possible to fully remove it.More strength is required to separate the cover from the chassis.



Step 5: Remove the retention screws (**Figure 3-3**) from the aluminum cover.

Figure 3-3: Aluminum Cover Retention Screws

Step 6: Lift the cover off.





3.4 Memory Module Replacement

The panel PC is preinstalled with a 1 GB DDR2 memory module. If the memory module is fail, follow the instructions below to replace the memory module.

Step 1: Remove the aluminum back cover. See Section 3.3 above.

Step 2: Locate the DDR2 SO-DIMM on the motherboard (Figure 3-4).

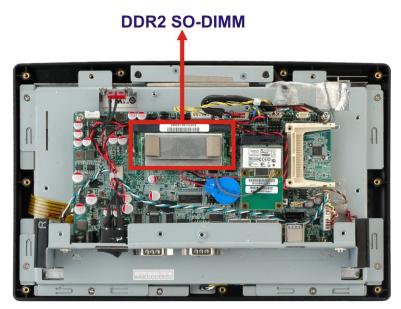
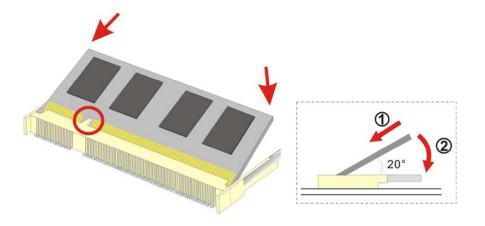


Figure 3-4:AFL-W10A-N270 SO-DIMM Socket Location

- Step 3: Remove the SO-DIMM by pulling both the spring retainer clips outward from the socket.
- Step 4: Grasp the SO-DIMM by the edges and carefully pull it out of the socket.
- Step 5: Install the new SO-DIMM by pushing it into the socket at an angle (Figure 3-5).
- **Step 6:** Push the SO-DIMM down until the spring retainer clips of the SO-DIMM socket clip into place and secure the SO-DIMM in the socket.





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Figure 3-5: DDR2 SO-DIMM Module Installation

3.5 CF Card Replacement

The AFL-W10A-N270 has one CF Type II slot. Follow the instructions below to replace the CF card.

Step 1: Follow all anti-static procedures. See Section A.1.2.

Step 2: Turn off the power. See Section 3.1.

Step 3: Follow the instruction listed in Section 2.3 to replace the CF card.

3.6 Reinstalling the Covers



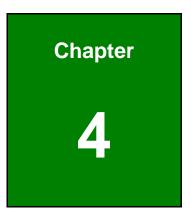
Failing to reinstall the covers may result in permanent damage to the system. Please make sure all coverings are properly installed.

When maintenance procedures are complete, please make sure all the covers are replaced, including the following:

- Aluminum cover
- CF card slot cover







BIOS Options



4.1 Introduction

A licensed copy of AMI BIOS is preprogrammed into the ROM BIOS. The BIOS setup program allows users to modify the basic system configuration. This chapter describes how to access the BIOS setup program and the configuration options that may be changed.

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4.1.1 Starting Setup

The AMI BIOS is activated when the computer is turned on. The setup program can be activated in one of two ways.

- 1. Press the **DELETE** key as soon as the system is turned on or
- 2. Press the **DELETE** key when the "**Press Del to enter SETUP**" message appears on the screen.

If the message disappears before the **DELETE** key is pressed, restart the computer and try again.

4.1.2 Using Setup

Use the arrow keys to highlight items, press **ENTER** to select, use the PageUp and PageDown keys to change entries, press **F1** for help and press **Esc** to quit. Navigation keys are shown in.

Кеу	Function
Up arrow	Move to previous item
Down arrow	Move to next item
Left arrow	Move to the item on the left hand side
Right arrow	Move to the item on the right hand side
Esc key	Main Menu – Quit and not save changes into CMOS
	Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu
	Exit current page and return to Main Menu
Page Up key	Increase the numeric value or make changes
Page Dn key	Decrease the numeric value or make changes



F1 key	General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option	
	Page Setup Menu	
F2 /F3 key	Change color from total 16 colors. F2 to select color forward.	
F10 key	Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main Menu	

Table 4-1: BIOS Navigation Keys

4.1.3 Getting Help

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When **F1** is pressed a small help window describing the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item appears. To exit the Help Window press **Esc** or the **F1** key again.

4.1.4 Unable to Reboot After Configuration Changes

If the computer cannot boot after changes to the system configuration is made, CMOS defaults. Use the jumper described in **Chapter 5**.

4.1.5 BIOS Menu Bar

The menu bar on top of the BIOS screen has the following main items:

- **Main** Changes the basic system configuration.
- Advanced Changes the advanced system settings.
- PCIPnP Changes the advanced PCI/PnP Settings
- **Boot** Changes the system boot configuration.
- Security Sets User and Supervisor Passwords.
- Chipset Changes the chipset settings.
- **Exit** Selects exit options and loads default settings

The following sections completely describe the configuration options found in the menu items at the top of the BIOS screen and listed above.

4.2 Main

The Main menu gives an overview of the basic system information.

		BI	IOS SETU	P UTILITY			
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chip	set	Exit
System Ov	erview						
	:08.00.15 :10/22/09 :H732MR11						
	om CPU N270 :1600MHz :1	@ 1.60GHz				↔	Select Screen
System Men Size	mory :1016MB					↑↓ Enter F1	Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help
System Tin System Tin			[14:20 [Tue 0]	:27] 5/06/2008]		F10 ESC	Save and Exit Exit

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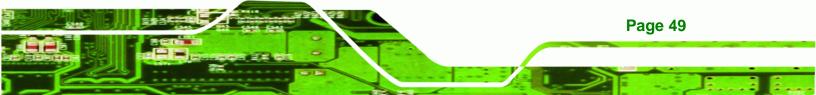
v02.61 ©Copyright 1985-2006, American Megatrends, Inc.

BIOS Menu 1: Main

➔ System Overview

The **System Overview** lists a brief summary of different system components. The fields in **System Overview** cannot be changed. The items shown in the system overview include:

- AMI BIOS: Displays auto-detected BIOS information
 - O Version: Current BIOS version
 - O Build Date: Date the current BIOS version was made
 - O ID: Installed BIOS ID
- Processor: Displays auto-detected CPU specifications
 - O Type: Names the currently installed processor
 - O Speed: Lists the processor speed
 - O Count: The number of CPUs on the motherboard
- System Memory: Displays the auto-detected system memory.
 - O Size: Lists memory size





The System Overview field also has two user configurable fields:

➔ System Time [xx:xx:xx]

Use the **System Time** option to set the system time. Manually enter the hours, minutes and seconds.

→ System Date [xx/xx/xx]

Use the **System Date** option to set the system date. Manually enter the day, month and year.

4.3 Advanced

Use the **Advanced** menu to configure the CPU and peripheral devices through the following sub-menus:



Setting the wrong values in the sections below may cause the system to malfunction. Make sure that the settings made are compatible with the hardware.



			BIOS SET	UP UTILITY							
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	set	Exit				
Advanced	Settings										
	Setting wro stem to mal	<u> </u>	in below	sections ma	ау						
> IDE Cor	<pre>> CPU Configuration > IDE Configuration > SuperIO Configuration</pre>										
_) Configura ce Health C		on			$\uparrow\downarrow$	Select				
	Configurati							ubScreen			
	Access Con nfiguration	figuration				F1 F10	General Save an	-			
2 000 001	iriguracion					ESC	Exit	G DILLO			
	v02 61 (Convright	1985-200	6, American	Mega	trends	Inc				
	V02.01 (scopyr rync	1905 200	o, American	mega	er enus	,				

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BIOS Menu 2: Advanced

4.3.1 CPU Configuration

Use the **CPU Configuration** menu to view detailed CPU specifications and configure the CPU.

			BIOS SET	UP UTILITY					
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	set	Exit		
-	Advanced rsion:3F.1	CPU Setting 0	ງຣ						
Intel® At Frequency	:1.60	0 @ 1.60GH GHz	Iz						
FSB Speed	:532M	Hz				\leftrightarrow	Select Screen		
	: 24KI					T↓	Select Item		
Cache L2	: 5121	KB				Enter F1	Go to SubScreen General Help		
Ratio Act	ual Value:	12				F10 ESC	Save and Exit Exit		
	v02.61 ©Copyright 1985-2006, American Megatrends, Inc.								



The CPU Configuration menu lists the following CPU details:

Manufacturer: Lists the name of the CPU manufacturer

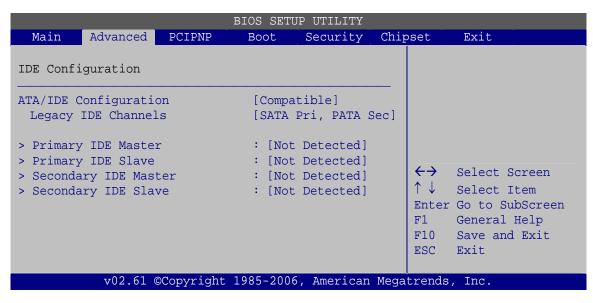


- Brand String: Lists the brand name of the CPU being used
- Frequency: Lists the CPU processing speed
- FSB Speed: Lists the FSB speed
- Cache L1: Lists the CPU L1 cache size
- Cache L2: Lists the CPU L2 cache size
- Ratio Actual Value: the clock multiplier

4.3.2 IDE Configuration

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Use the **IDE Configuration** menu to change and/or set the configuration of the IDE devices installed in the system.



BIOS Menu 4: IDE Configuration

→ ATA/IDE Configurations [Compatible]

Use the ATA/IDE Configurations option to configure the ATA/IDE controller.

- Disabled
 Disables the on-board ATA/IDE controller.
- Compatible DEFAULT Configures the on-board ATA/IDE controller to be in compatible mode. In this mode, a SATA channel will replace one of the IDE channels. This mode supports up to 4 storage devices.



Enhanced Configures the on-board ATA/IDE controller to be in Enhanced mode. In this mode, IDE channels and SATA channels are separated. This mode supports up to 6 storage devices. Some legacy OS do not support this mode.

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→ Legacy IDE Channels [SATA Pri, PATA Sec]

→	SATA Only		Only the SATA drives are enabled.
→	SATA Pri, PATA Sec	DEFAULT	The SATA drives are enabled on the primary
			IDE channel, traditional IDE devices are enabled on the secondary channel
→	PATA Only		Only the IDE devices are enabled

→ IDE Master and IDE Slave

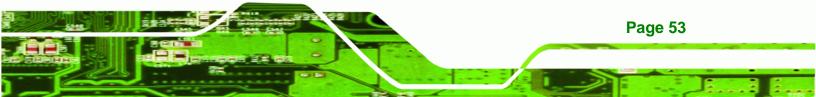
When entering setup, BIOS auto detects the presence of IDE devices. BIOS displays the status of the auto detected IDE devices. The following IDE devices are detected and are shown in the **IDE Configuration** menu:

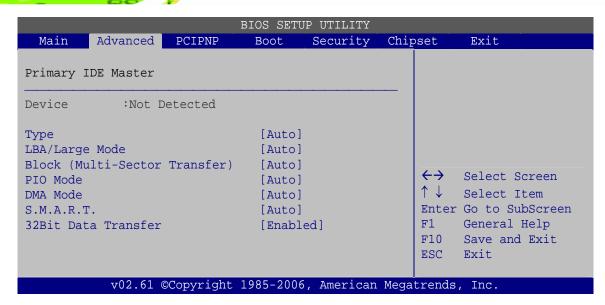
- Primary IDE Master
- Primary IDE Slave
- Secondary IDE Master
- Secondary IDE Slave

The **IDE Configuration** menu allows changes to the configurations for the IDE devices installed in the system. If an IDE device is detected, and one of the above listed four BIOS configuration options are selected, the IDE configuration options are shown.

4.3.2.1 IDE Master, IDE Slave

Use the **IDE Master** and **IDE Slave** configuration menu to view both primary and secondary IDE device details and configure the IDE devices connected to the system. Almost all settings are set to auto-detect, which will work for all modern drives.





BIOS Menu 5: IDE Master and IDE Slave Configuration

→ Auto-Detected Drive Parameters

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The "grayed-out" items in the left frame are IDE disk drive parameters automatically detected from the firmware of the selected IDE disk drive. The drive parameters are listed as follows:

- Device: Lists the device type (e.g. hard disk, CD-ROM etc.)
- Type: Indicates the type of devices a user can manually select
- LBA Mode: Indicates whether the LBA (Logical Block Addressing) is a method of addressing data on a disk drive is supported or not.
- Block Mode: Block mode boosts IDE drive performance by increasing the amount of data transferred. Only 512 bytes of data can be transferred per interrupt if block mode is not used. Block mode allows transfers of up to 64 KB per interrupt.
- PIO Mode: Indicates the PIO mode of the installed device.
- DMA: Indicates the DMA Mode that is supported.
- S.M.A.R.T.: Indicates whether or not the Self-Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology protocol is supported.
- 32Bit Data Transfer: Enables 32-bit data transfer.

➔ Type [Auto]

Use the **Type** BIOS option select the type of device the AMIBIOS attempts to boot from after the Power-On Self-Test (POST) is complete.

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→	Not Installed		BIOS is prevented from searching for an IDE disk drive on the specified channel.
→	Auto	DEFAULT	The BIOS auto detects the IDE disk drive type attached to the specified channel. This setting should be used if an IDE hard disk drive is attached to the specified channel.
→	CD/DVD		The CD/DVD option specifies that an IDE CD-ROM drive is attached to the specified IDE channel. The BIOS does not attempt to search for other types of IDE disk drives on the specified channel.
→	ARMD		This option specifies an ATAPI Removable Media Device. These include, but are not limited to: ZIP LS-120

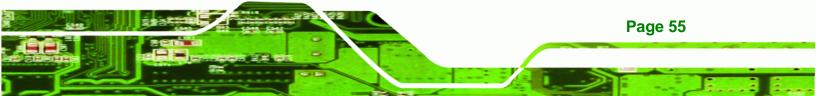
→ LBA/Large Mode [Auto]

Use the **LBA/Large Mode** option to disable or enable BIOS to auto detects LBA (Logical Block Addressing). LBA is a method of addressing data on a disk drive. In LBA mode, the maximum drive capacity is 137 GB.

→	Disabled		BIOS is prevented from using the LBA mode control on
			the specified channel.
→	Auto	DEFAULT	BIOS auto detects the LBA mode control on the specified channel.

→ Block (Multi Sector Transfer) [Auto]

Use the **Block (Multi Sector Transfer)** to disable or enable BIOS to auto detect if the device supports multi-sector transfers.



- Disabled BIOS is prevented from using Multi-Sector Transfer on the specified channel. The data to and from the device occurs one sector at a time.
- Auto DEFAULT BIOS auto detects Multi-Sector Transfer support on the drive on the specified channel. If supported the data transfer to and from the device occurs multiple sectors at a time.

→ PIO Mode [Auto]

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Use the **PIO Mode** option to select the IDE PIO (Programmable I/O) mode program timing cycles between the IDE drive and the programmable IDE controller. As the PIO mode increases, the cycle time decreases.

→	Auto	DEFAULT	BIOS auto detects the PIO mode. Use this value if the IDE disk drive support cannot be determined.						
→	0		PIO mode 0 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 3.3 MB/s						
→	1		PIO mode 1 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 5.2 MB/s						
→	2		PIO mode 2 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 8.3 MB/s						
→	3		PIO mode 3 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 11.1 MB/s						
→	4		PIO mode 4 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 16.6 MB/s (This setting generally works with all hard disk drives manufactured after 1999. For other disk drives, such as IDE CD-ROM drives, check the specifications of the drive.)						

➔ DMA Mode [Auto]

→

Use the DMA Mode BIOS selection to adjust the DMA mode options.

 Auto
 DEFAULT
 BIOS auto detects the DMA mode. Use this value if the IDE disk drive support cannot be determined.

→ S.M.A.R.T [Auto]

Use the **S.M.A.R.T** option to auto-detect, disable or enable Self-Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology (SMART) on the drive on the specified channel. **S.M.A.R.T** predicts impending drive failures. The **S.M.A.R.T** BIOS option enables or disables this function.

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→	Auto	DEFAULT	BIOS auto detects HDD SMART support.
→	Disabled		Prevents BIOS from using the HDD SMART feature.
→	Enabled		Allows BIOS to use the HDD SMART feature

→ 32Bit Data Transfer [Enabled]

Use the **32Bit Data Transfer** BIOS option to enables or disable 32-bit data transfers.

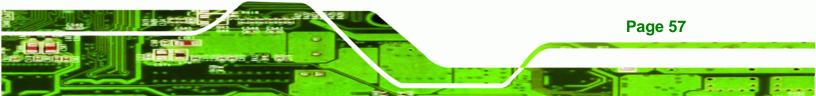
- ➔ Disabled Prevents the BIOS from using 32-bit data transfers.
- Enabled DEFAULT Allows BIOS to use 32-bit data transfers on supported hard disk drives.

4.3.3 Super IO Configuration

Use the **Super IO Configuration** menu to set or change the configurations for the FDD controllers, parallel ports and serial ports.

			BIOS SETU	JP UTILITY			
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chip	set	Exit
Configure	e ITE8718 S	uper I/O Ch	ipset				
Serial Po Serial	ortl Address ort3 Address Port3 IRQ 5232 or RS4	5	[3F8/I [3E8] [11] [RS232			←→ ↓↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help Save and Exit Exit
	v02.61 @	Copyright	1985-2000	ó, American	Megat	rends	, Inc.

BIOS Menu 6: Super IO Configuration





→ Serial Port 1 Address [3F8/IRQ4]

Sets the port address and IRQ of serial port 1.

- Disabled
- 3F8/IRQ4 **DEFAULT**
- 2F8/IRQ3
- 3E8/IRQ4
- 2E8/IRQ3

→ Serial Port 3 Address [3E8]

Sets the port address of serial port 3.

- Disabled
- 3E8 Default
- 2E8
- 2F0
- 2E0

→ Serial Port 3 IRQ [IRQ4]

Sets the interrupt address of serial port 3.

- 10
- 11 DEFAULT

→ Select RS232 or RS422/RS485 [RS232]

Sets the communications protocol for serial port 3. This is set using a hardware jumper inside the system. This option can only be changed if the jumper setting is set to allow it.

- RS232 DEFAULT
- RS422/RS485



4.3.4 Hardware Health Configuration

The **Hardware Health Configuration** menu shows the operating temperature, fan speeds and system voltages.

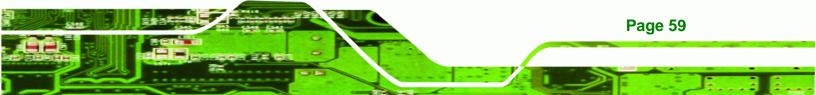
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	BIOS SETUP UTILITY		
Main Advanced PCI	PNP Boot Security	Chipset	Exit
Hardware Health Event Mo	nitoring		
CPU Temperature	:53°C/127°F		
System Temperature	:42°C/107F		
CPU Core +1.05V +3.30V +5.00V +12.0V +1.50V +1.80V	:1.184 V :1.040 V :3.290 V :4.972 V :12.224V :1.472 V :1.792 V	Fl	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help
5VSB VBAT	:4.919 V :3.232 V	F10 ESC	Save and Exit Exit
	right 1985-2006, America		

BIOS Menu 7: Hardware Health Configuration

4.3.5 Power Configuration

The **Power Configuration** menu configures the power related settings.



			BIOS SETU	P UTILITY			
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chip	set	Exit
> ACPI Co	er Button S onfiguratio nfiguration	n	[Disab	led]		←→ ↑ ↓ Enter F1 F10	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help Save and Exit
						ESC	Exit
	v02.61	©Copyright	1985-2006	, American	Megat	trends	, Inc.

BIOS Menu 8: Power Configuration

4.3.5.1 ACPI Configuration

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Use the **ACPI Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 9**) to select the ACPI state when the system is suspended.

			BIOS SETU	JP UTILITY			
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	set	Exit
ACPI Sett	ings						
Suspend m	ode		[S1 (P	OS)]			
						$\uparrow \downarrow$	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help Save and Exit Exit
	v02.61 @	©Copyright	1985-2006	5, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.

BIOS Menu 9: General ACPI Configuration

→ Suspend Mode [S1(POS)]

Use the **Suspend Mode** option to specify the sleep state the system enters when it is not being used.

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→	S1 (POS) DEFAU	T System appears off. The CPU is stopped. RAM is refreshed.
→	S3 (STR)	System appears off. The CPU has no power. RAM in slow refresh. Power supply in reduced power mode.

4.3.5.2 APM Configuration

The **APM Configuration** menu allows the advanced power management options to be configured.

			BIOS SETU	JP UTILITY				
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chip	set	Exit	
APM Confi	guration							
Restore o Power But	n AC Power ton Mode	Loss	[Last [On/Of	State] f]				
Advanced Resume Event Controls Resume On Ring [Disabled] Resume on PCI-Express WAKE# [Enabled] Resume on RTC Alarm [Disabled]						←→ ↑↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC	Select S Select I Go to Su General I Save and Exit	tem bScreen Help
	v02.61 ©	Copyright	1985-2000	5, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.	

BIOS Menu 10: APM Configuration

→ Restore on AC Power Loss [Last State]

Use the **Restore on AC Power Loss** BIOS option to specify what state the system returns to if there is a sudden loss of power to the system.

- ➔ Power Off The system remains turned off
- Power On
 The system turns on



→ Last State DEFAULT The system returns to its previous state. If it was on, it turns itself on. If it was off, it remains off.

→ Power Button Mode [On/Off]

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Use the Power Button Mode BIOS to specify how the power button functions.

On/Off DEFAULT When the power button is pressed the system is either turned on or off

Suspend When the power button is pressed the system goes into suspend mode

➔ Resume on Ring [Disabled]

Use the **Resume on Ring** BIOS option to enable activity on the RI (ring in) modem line to rouse the system from a suspend or standby state. That is, the system will be roused by an incoming call on a modem.

→	Disabled	DEFAULT	Wake event not generated by an incoming call
→	Enabled		Wake event generated by an incoming call

→ Resume on PCI-Express WAKE# [Enabled]

The **Resume on PCI-Express WAKE#** BIOS option specifies if the system is roused from a suspended or standby state when there is activity on the PCI-Express bus.

- Disabled
 Wake event not generated by PCI-Express activity
- Enabled DEFAULT Wake event generated by PCI-Express activity

→ Resume On RTC Alarm [Disabled]

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Use the **Resume On RTC Alarm** option to specify the time the system should be roused from a suspended state.

Disabled DEFAULT The real time clock (RTC) cannot generate a wake event



If selected, the following appears with values that can be selected: RTC Alarm Date (Days) System Time After setting the alarm, the computer turns itself on from a suspend state when the alarm goes off.

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4.3.6 Remote Access Configuration

Use the **Remote Access Configuration** menu to configure remote access parameters. The **Remote Access Configuration** is an AMIBIOS feature and allows a remote host running a terminal program to display and configure the BIOS settings.

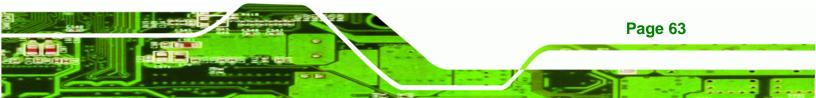
			BIOS SETU	P UTILITY				
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chip	set	Exit	
Configure	Remote Acc	ess type a	and parame	eters				
Remote Ac	cess		[Disab	led]				
						$\begin{array}{c} \leftarrow \rightarrow \\ \uparrow \downarrow \\ \text{Enter} \\ \text{F1} \\ \text{F10} \\ \text{ESC} \end{array}$	Select Scre Select Item Go to SubSc General Hel Save and Ex Exit	n creen .p
	v02.61 ©	Copyright	1985-2006	, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.	

BIOS Menu 11: Remote Access Configuration

➔ Remote Access [Disabled]

Use the **Remote Access** option to enable or disable access to the remote functionalities of the system.

Disabled DEFAULT Remote access is disabled.





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AFL-W10A-N270 User Manual

Remote access configuration options shown below appear:

Serial Port Number Serial Port Mode Redirection after BIOS POST Terminal Type These configuration options are discussed below.

→ Serial Port Number [COM1]

Use the **Serial Port Number** option allows to select the serial port used for remote access.

→	COM1	DEFAULT	System is remotely accessed through COM1
→	COM3		System is remotely accessed through COM3

NOTE: Make sure the selected COM port is enabled through the Super I/O configuration menu.

→ Base Address, IRQ [3F8h,4]

The **Base Address**, **IRQ** option cannot be configured and only shows the interrupt address of the serial port listed above.

→ Serial Port Mode [115200 8,n,1]

Use the **Serial Port Mode** option to select baud rate through which the console redirection is made. The following configuration options are available

- 115200 8,n,1 **DEFAULT**
- 57600 8,n,1
- 38400 8,n,1
- 19200 8,n,1
- 09600 8,n,1



Identical baud rate setting musts be set on the host (a management computer running a terminal software) and the slave

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→ Redirection After BIOS POST [Always]

Use the **Redirection After BIOS POST** option to specify when console redirection should occur.

→	Disabled		The console is not redirected after POST
→	Boot Loader		Redirection is active during POST and during Boot Loader
→	Always	DEFAULT	Redirection is always active (Some OSes may not work if set to Always)

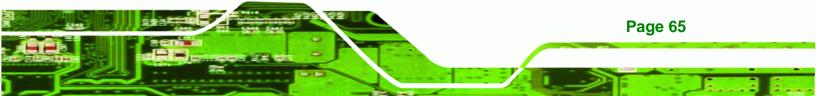
→ Terminal Type [ANSI]

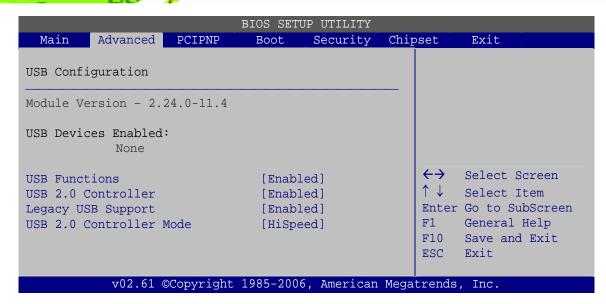
Use the **Terminal Type** BIOS option to specify the remote terminal type.

→	ANSI	DEFAULT	The target terminal type is ANSI
→	VT100		The target terminal type is VT100
→	VT-UTF8		The target terminal type is VT-UTF8

4.3.7 USB Configuration

Use the **USB Configuration** menu to read USB configuration information and configure the USB settings.







➔ USB Function [Enabled]

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Use the USB Function BIOS option to enable or disable USB function support.

→	Disabled	USB function support disabled

Enabled DEFAULT USB function support enabled

→ USB 2.0 Controller [Enabled]

Use the USB 2.0 Controller BIOS option to enable or disable the USB 2.0 controller

- Enabled DEFAULT USB 2.0 controller enabled
- Disabled
 USB 2.0 controller disabled

→ Legacy USB Support [Enabled]

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Use the **Legacy USB Support** BIOS option to enable USB mouse and USB keyboard support.

Normally if this option is not enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard does not become available until a USB compatible operating system is fully booted with all USB

drivers loaded. When this option is enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard can control the system even when there is no USB driver loaded onto the system.

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→	Disabled		Legacy USB support disabled
→	Enabled	DEFAULT	Legacy USB support enabled
→	Auto		Legacy USB support disabled if no USB devices are
			connected

→ USB2.0 Controller Mode [HiSpeed]

Use the USB2.0 Controller Mode option to set the speed of the USB2.0 controller.

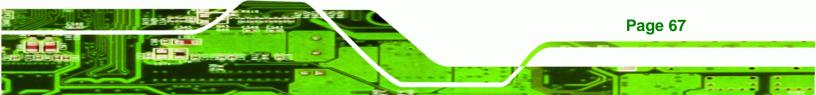
→	FullSpeed		The controller is capable of operating at 12 Mb/s
→	HiSpeed	DEFAULT	The controller is capable of operating at 480 Mb/s

4.4 PCI/PnP

Use the PCI/PnP menu (BIOS Menu 13) to configure advanced PCI and PnP settings.



Setting wrong values for the BIOS selections in the PCIPnP BIOS menu may cause the system to malfunction.



		BIOS SET	UP UTILITY			
Main Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	pset	Exit
Advanced PCI/PnP Set	tings					
WARNING: Setting wro	ng values	in helow	sections			
may cause a	2					
IRO3		[Resei				
IRO4		[Resei				
IRO5		[Avai]	lablel			
IRO7		[Avai]	[able]			
IRQ9		[Avai]	lable]			
IRQ10		[Resei	rved]			
IRQ11		[Resei	rved]			
IRQ14		[Avai]	lable]			
IRQ15		[Avai]	lable]			
DMA Channel 0		[Avai]	ablel			
DMA Channel 1		[Avai]				
DMA Channel 3		[Avai]			\leftrightarrow	Select Screen
DMA Channel 5		[Avai]			$\uparrow \downarrow$	Select Item
DMA Channel 6		[Avai]	[able]		Enter	Go to SubScreen
DMA Channel 7		[Avai]	lable]		F1	General Help
					F10	Save and Exit
Reserved Memory Size	2	[Disal	oled]		ESC	Exit
v02.61 @	Copyright	1985-200	6, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.

BIOS Menu 13: PCI/PnP Configuration

→ IRQ#

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Use the **IRQ#** address to specify what IRQs can be assigned to a particular peripheral device.



The specified IRQ is available to be used by PCI/PnP devices

→ Reserved

The specified IRQ is reserved for use by Legacy ISA devices

Available IRQ addresses are:

- IRQ3
- IRQ4
- IRQ5
- IRQ7

- IRQ9
- IRQ10
- IRQ 11
- IRQ 14
- IRQ 15

→ DMA Channel# [Available]

Use the **DMA Channel#** option to assign a specific DMA channel to a particular PCI/PnP device.

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→	Available	DEFAULT	The specified DMA is available to be used by
			PCI/PnP devices
→	Reserved		The specified DMA is reserved for use by Legacy
			ISA devices

Available DMA Channels are:

- DM Channel 0
- DM Channel 1
- DM Channel 3
- DM Channel 5
- DM Channel 6
- DM Channel 7

→ Reserved Memory Size [Disabled]

Use the **Reserved Memory Size** BIOS option to specify the amount of memory that should be reserved for legacy ISA devices.

→	Disabled	DEFAULT	No memory block reserved for legacy ISA devices
→	16K		16 KB reserved for legacy ISA devices
→	32K		32 KB reserved for legacy ISA devices
→	64K		54 KB reserved for legacy ISA devices





4.5 Boot

Use the **Boot** menu to configure system boot options.

			BIOS SETU	P UTILITY			
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	set	Exit
Boot Set	tings						
> Boot Se	ettings Conf	iguration					
						↑↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC	
	v02.61 @	Copyright	1985-2006	, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.

BIOS Menu 14: Boot

4.5.1 Boot Settings Configuration

Use the **Boot Settings Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 15**) to configure advanced system boot options.

	BIOS SETUP UTILITY		
Main Advanced PCIPNP	Boot Security	Chipset	Exit
Boot Settings Configuration Ouick Boot	[Enabled]		
Quiet Boot	[Enabled]		
AddOn ROM Display Mode	[Force BIOS]		
Bootup Num-Lock	[On]		
Boot From LAN Support Spread Spectrum Function	[Disabled] [Disabled]	F1 F10 ESC	Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help Save and Exit Exit
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BIOS Menu 15: Boot Settings Configuration

→ Quick Boot [Enabled]

Use the **Quick Boot** BIOS option to make the computer speed up the boot process.

→	Disabled		No POST procedures are skipped
→	Enabled	DEFAULT	Some POST procedures are skipped to decrease
			the system boot time

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→ Quiet Boot [Enabled]

Use the **Quiet Boot** BIOS option to select the screen display when the system boots.

→	Disabled		Normal POST messages displayed
→	Enabled	DEFAULT	OEM Logo displayed instead of POST messages

→ AddOn ROM Display Mode [Force BIOS]

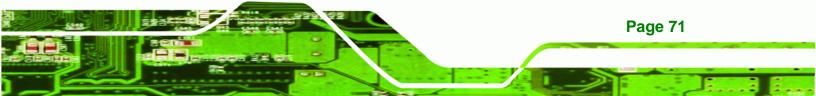
Use the **AddOn ROM Display Mode** option to allow add-on ROM (read-only memory) messages to be displayed.

→	Force BIOS	DEFAULT	The system forces third party BIOS to display during system boot.
→	Keep Current		The system displays normal information during system boot.

➔ Bootup Num-Lock [On]

Use the **Bootup Num-Lock** BIOS option to specify if the number lock setting must be modified during boot up.

Off Does not enable the keyboard Number Lock automatically. To use the 10-keys on the keyboard, press the Number Lock key located on the upper left-hand corner of the 10-key pad. The Number Lock LED on the keyboard lights up when the Number Lock is engaged.



On DEFAULT Allows the Number Lock on the keyboard to be enabled automatically when the computer system boots up. This allows the immediate use of the 10-key numeric keypad located on the right side of the keyboard. To confirm this, the Number Lock LED light on the keyboard is lit.

→ Boot From LAN Support [Disabled]

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Use the **BOOT From LAN Support** option to enable the system to be booted from a remote system.

→	Enabled		Can be booted from a remote system through the LAN
→	Disabled	DEFAULT	Cannot be booted from a remote system through the LAN

→ Spread Spectrum Function [Disabled]

The Spread Spectrum Function option can help to improve CPU EMI issues.

→	Disabled	DEFAULT	The spread spectrum mode is disabled
→	Enabled		The spread spectrum mode is enabled



4.6 Security

Use the Security menu to set system and user passwords.

	BIOS SETUP UTILITY							
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chip	set	Exit	
Security	Settings							
Superviso User Pass			Installed Installed					
2	pervisor Pa er Password					<->	Select Screen	
						$\uparrow \downarrow$ Enter	Select Item Go to SubScreen	
						F1 F10 ESC	General Help Save and Exit Exit	
	v02.61 ©	Copyrigh	t 1985-2006	5, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.	

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BIOS Menu 16: Security

→ Change Supervisor Password

Use the **Change Supervisor Password** to set or change a supervisor password. The default for this option is **Not Installed**. If a supervisor password must be installed, select this field and enter the password. After the password has been added, **Install** appears next to **Change Supervisor Password**.

→ Change User Password

Use the **Change User Password** to set or change a user password. The default for this option is **Not Installed**. If a user password must be installed, select this field and enter the password. After the password has been added, **Install** appears next to **Change User Password**.



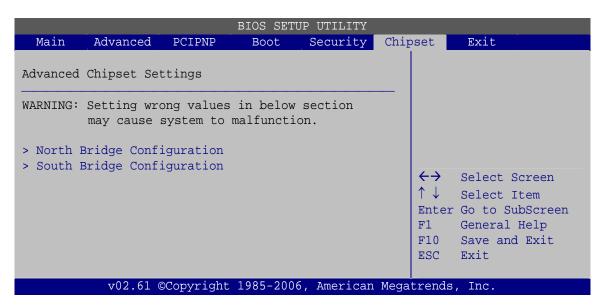


4.7 Chipset

Use the Chipset menu to access the Northbridge and Southbridge configuration menus



Setting the wrong values for the Chipset BIOS selections in the Chipset BIOS menu may cause the system to malfunction.



BIOS Menu 17: Chipset



4.7.1 North Bridge Configuration

Use the **North Bridge Chipset Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 18**) to configure the Northbridge chipset.

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	BIOS SETUP UTILITY						
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chip	set	Exit
North Br	North Bridge Chipset Configuration						
Memory Ho Internal	ole Graphics Mo	de Select	[Disab [Enabl	ed, 8MB]			
Video Fur	nction Confi	guration					
DVMT Mode DVMT/FI	e Select XED Memory		[DVMT [Maxim	Mode] num DVMT]		$\begin{array}{c} \leftarrow \rightarrow \\ \uparrow \downarrow \\ \\ \texttt{Enter} \end{array}$	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen
LFP Pane LFP Curre	l Type ent Jumper S	etting	[by H/ [1024x	W] :600 18b]		F1 F10 ESC	General Help Save and Exit Exit
	v02.61 ©	Copyright 1	1985-2006	5, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.

BIOS Menu 18:Northbridge Chipset Configuration

➔ Memory Hole [Disabled]

Use the **Memory Hole** option to reserve memory space between 15 MB and 16 MB for ISA expansion cards that require a specified area of memory to work properly. If an older ISA expansion card is used, please refer to the documentation that came with the card to see if it is necessary to reserve the space.

→	Disabled	DEFAULT	Memory is not reserved for ISA expansion cards
→	15 MB–16 MB		Between 15 MB and 16 MB of memory is reserved
			for ISA expansion cards

→ Internal Graphics Mode Select [Enable, 8 MB]

Use the **Internal Graphic Mode Select** option to specify the amount of system memory that can be used by the Internal graphics device.





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- Enable, 1 MB
- Enable, 8 MB DEFAULT

1 MB of memory used by internal graphics device

8 MB of memory used by internal graphics device

→ DVMT Mode Select [DVMT Mode]

Use the **DVMT Mode Select** option to select the Intel Dynamic Video Memory Technology (DVMT) operating mode.

→	Fixed Mode		A fixed portion of graphics memory is reserved as graphics memory.		
→	DVMT Mode	DEFAULT	Graphics memory is dynamically allocated according to the system and graphics needs.		
→	➔ Combo Mode		A fixed portion of graphics memory is reserved as graphics memory. If more memory is needed, graphics memory is dynamically allocated according to the system and graphics needs.		

→ DVMT/FIXED Memory [Maximum DVMT]

Use the **DVMT/FIXED Memory** option to specify the maximum amount of memory that can be allocated as graphics memory. This option can only be configured for if **DVMT Mode** or **Fixed Mode** is selected in the **DVMT Mode Select** option. If **Combo Mode** is selected, the maximum amount of graphics memory is 128 MB. Configuration options are listed below.

- 64 MB
- 128 MB
- Maximum DVMT DEFAULT

→ LFP Panel Type [by H/W]

Use the **LFP Panel Type** to determine the LCD panel resolution. Configuration options are listed below:

- 640x480 18b
- 800x480 18b

- 800x600 18b
- 1024x768 18b
- 1280x1024 36b
- 1400x1050 36b
- 1440x900 36b
- 1600x1200 36b
- 1024x600 18b
- by H/W

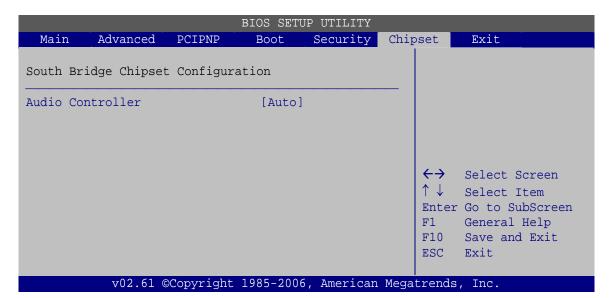
→ LFP Current Jumper Setting [1024x600 18b]

Displays the resolution setting of the LFP port by the on-board jumper.

4.7.2 South Bridge Configuration

The **South Bridge Configuration** menu the Southbridge chipset to be configured.

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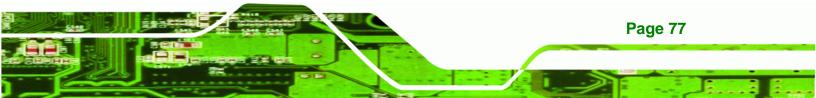


BIOS Menu 19:South Bridge Chipset Configuration

→ Audio Controller [Auto]

Use the Audio Controller option to enable or disable the onboard audio.

Auto **DEFAULT** The audio chip is activated if detected





➔ All Disabled

The audio chip is disabled

4.8 Exit

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Use the **Exit** menu to load default BIOS values, optimal failsafe values and to save configuration changes.

	BIOS SETUP UTILITY						
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chipset	Exit	
Exit Opti	ions						
Discard (Discard (Save Changes and Exit Discard Changes and Exit Discard Changes						
-	Load Optimal Defaults Load Failsafe Defaults						
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BIOS Menu 20:Exit

→ Save Changes and Exit

Use the **Save Changes and Exit** option to save the changes made to the BIOS options and to exit the BIOS configuration setup program.

→ Discard Changes and Exit

Use the **Discard Changes and Exit** option to exit the BIOS configuration setup program without saving the changes made to the system.

➔ Discard Changes

Use the **Discard Changes** option to discard the changes and remain in the BIOS configuration setup program.

➔ Load Optimal Defaults

Use the **Load Optimal Defaults** option to load the optimal default values for each of the parameters on the Setup menus. **F9 key can be used for this operation.**

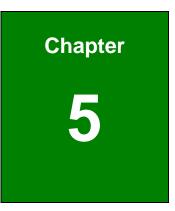
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→ Load Failsafe Defaults

Use the Load Failsafe Defaults option to load failsafe default values for each of the parameters on the Setup menus. F8 key can be used for this operation.







Interface Connectors



5.1 Peripheral Interface Connectors

The AFL-W10A-N270 panel PC motherboard comes with a number of peripheral interface connectors and configuration jumpers. The connector locations are shown in **Figure 6-1**. The Pin 1 locations of the on-board connectors are also indicated in the diagram below. The connector pinouts for these connectors are listed in the following sections.

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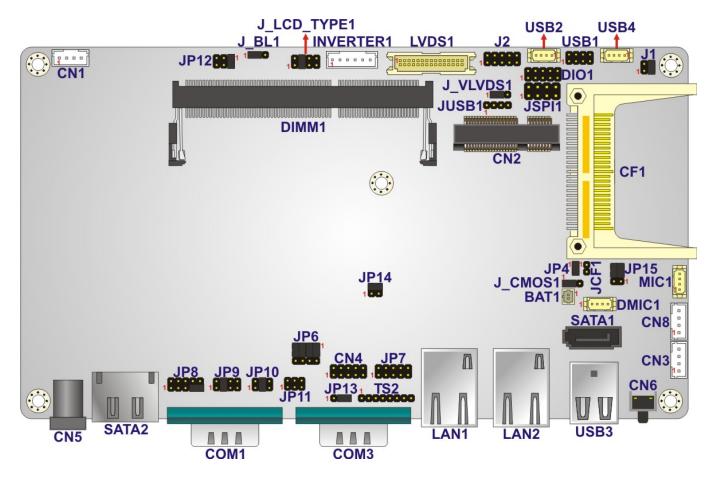


Figure 5-1: Main Board Layout Diagram (Front Side)

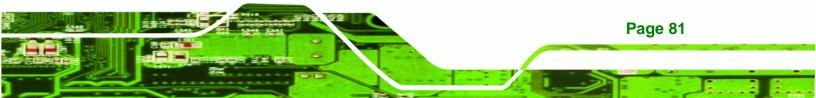






Figure 5-2: Main Board Layout Diagram (Solder Side)

5.2 Internal Peripheral Connectors

Internal peripheral connectors are found on the motherboard and are only accessible when the motherboard is outside of the chassis. The table below shows a list of the peripheral interface connectors on the AFL-W10A-N270 motherboard. Pinouts of these connectors can be found in the following sections.

Connector	Туре	Label
AT/ATX switch connector	2-pin header	JP4
Audio line-out connector	4-pin wafer	CN8
Audio speaker connector	4-pin wafer	CN3
Audio MIC-in connector	4-pin wafer	MIC1
Audio DMIC-in connector	4-pin wafer	DMIC1
Battery connector	2-pin wafer	BT1
CF slot	CF slot	CF1

Connector	Туре	Label
CRT connector	10-pin header	CN4
DIO connector	10-pin header	DIO1
HDD power connector	4-pin wafer	CN1
LED indicator and button connector	10-pin header	JP2
LVDS backlight connector	6-pin wafer	INVERTER1
MCU connector	8-pin header	TS2
	10-pin header	JP7
PCIe Mini card slot	PCIe Mini card slot	CN2
RFID connector	10-pin header	JP8
SATA connector	SATA connector	SATA1
SO-DIMM connector	SO-DIMM connector	DIMM1
SPI Flash connector	8-pin header	JSPI1
Touch panel connector (solder side)	9-pin wafer	TS1
TTL panel connector (solder side)	40-pin FPC connector	CN7
JUSB connector	4-pin header	JUSB1
USB connector	8-pin header	USB1
USB connector	4-pin wafer	USB2
USB connector	4-pin wafer	USB4

 Table 5-1: Peripheral Interface Connectors

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5.2.1 Audio Line-out Connector (CN8)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	SPK_R
2	AMP_R
3	AMP_L
4	SPK_L

Table 5-2: Audio Line-out Connector (CN8) Pinouts

5.2.2 Audio Speaker-out Connector (CN3)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	AMP_L+
2	AMP_L-
3	AMP_R-
4	AMP_R+

Table 5-3: Audio Speaker-out Connector (CN3) Pinouts

5.2.3 Audio MIC-in Connector (MIC1)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	MIC_IN_L
2	AGND_AMP
3	MIC_JD
4	MIC1_IN_R

Table 5-4: Audio MIC-in Connector (MIC1) Pinouts



PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	DMIC_CLK
2	DMIC_DATA
3	+3.3V
4	GND

Table 5-5: Audio DMIC-in Connector (DMIC1) Pinouts

5.2.5 Battery Connector (BT1)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	Battery +3.3V
2	GND

Table 5-6: Battery Connector (BT1) Pinouts

5.2.6 CompactFlash® Type II Slot (CF1)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	GROUND1	26	CD1
2	DATA 3	27	DATA 11
3	DATA 4	28	DATA 12
4	DATA 5	29	DATA 13
5	DATA 6	30	DATA 14
6	DATA 7	31	DATA 15
7	CE	32	CE2
8	A10	33	VS1
9	OE	34	IOR
10	A9	35	IOW
11	A8	36	WE
12	A7	37	IRQ
13	VCC1	38	VCC2
14	A6	39	CSEL



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PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
15	A5	40	VS2
16	A4	41	RESET
17	A3	42	WAIT
18	A2	43	INPACK
19	A1	44	REG
20	AO	45	BVD2
21	DATA 0	46	BVD1
22	DATA 1	47	DATA 8
23	DATA 2	48	DATA 9
24	IOCS16	49	DATA 10
25	CD2	50	GROUND2

Table 5-7: CompactFlash® Slot (CF1) Pinouts

5.2.7 CRT Connector (CN4)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION					
1	DACR_RED	2	SPD2	2				10
3	DACG_GREEN	4	SPCLK2		•	•	•	•
5	DACB_BLUE	6	V_GND	•	•	•	•	•
7	H_SYNC	8	V_GND	1				9
9	V_SYNC	10	V_GND					

Table 5-8: CRT Connector (CN4) Pinouts

5.2.8 DIO Connector (DIO1)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION					
1	GND	2	VCC_+5V	2				10
3	DGPO3	4	DGPO2	•	•	•	•	•
5	DGPO1	6	DGPO0	•	•	•	•	•
7	DGPI3	8	DGPI2	1				9
9	DGPI1	10	DGPIO					



Table 5-9: DIO Connector (DIO1) Pinouts

5.2.9 HDD Power Connector (CN1)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	+5V
2	GND
3	GND
4	+12V

Table 5-10: HDD Power Connector (CN1) Pinouts

5.2.10 LED Indicator and Button Connector (JP2)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION					
1	PW_LED +5V	2	+5V	2				10
3	GND	4	HD_LED	•	•	•	•	•
5	SUS PW LED +5V	6	RST_SW	•	•	•	•	•
7	GND	8	GND	1				9
9	PW_BN	10	GND					

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Table 5-11: LED Indicator and Button Connector (JP2) Pinouts

5.2.11 LVDS Backlight Connector (INVERTER1)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	+12V
2	+12V
3	BLON
4	BRIGHTNESS
5	GND
6	GND







5.2.12 MCU Connector (JP7)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION					
1	MCLR	2	+5V	2				10
3	+5V	4	MCU_IR	•	•	•	•	•
5	ICSPCLK	6	AUTO_CLK	•	•	•	•	•
7	ICSPDAT	8	AUTO_DATA	1				9
9	GND	10	GND					

Table 5-13: MCU Connector (JP7) Pinouts

5.2.13 MCU Connector (TS2)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	AUTO_DIMMING
2	LOCK_BUTTON
3	VOL+
4	VOL-
5	BRIGHT+
6	BRIGHT-
7	LCD_ON_OFF
8	GND

Table 5-14: MCU Connector (TS2) Pinouts

5.2.14 PCIe Mini Slot (CN2)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	PCIE_WAKE#	2	VCC3
3	RESERVED	4	GND
5	RESERVED	6	1.5 V
7	CLKREQ#	8	N/C
9	GND	10	N/C
11	REFCLK-	12	N/C

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
13	REFCLK+	14	N/C
15	GND	16	N/C
17	N/C	18	GND
19	N/C	20	N/C
21	GND	22	PERST#
23	PERn0	24	VCC3_AUX
25	PERp0	26	GND
27	GND	28	1.5 V
29	GND	30	SMBCLK
31	PETn0	32	SMBDATA
33	РЕТрО	34	GND
35	GND	36	USBD-
37	RESERVED	38	USBD+
39	RESERVED	40	GND
41	RESERVED	42	LED_WWAN#
43	RESERVED	44	LED_WLAN#
45	RESERVED	46	LED_WPAN#
47	RESERVED	48	1.5 V
49	RESERVED	50	GND
51	RESERVED	52	VCC3

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Table 5-15: PCIe Mini Card Slot (CN2) Pinouts

5.2.15 RFID Connector (JP8)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION					
1	For COM1 Pin 9	2	+5V	2				10
3	setting	4	GND	•	•	•	•	•
5		6	RX2	•	•	•	•	•
7		8	TD2	1				9
9		10	RFID_INT					





Table 5-16: RFID Connector (JP8) Pinouts

5.2.16 SATA Connector (SATA1)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	GND
2	TX+
3	TX-
4	GND
5	RX-
6	RX+
7	GND

Table 5-17: SATA Connector (SATA1) Pinouts

5.2.17 Touch Panel Connector (TS1)

PIN NO.	8-Wire	4-Wire	5-Wire
1	Right Sense	N/A	N/A
2	Left Sense	N/A	N/A
3	Bottom Sense	N/A	N/A
4	Top Sense	N/A	Sense (S)
5	Right Excite	Right	LR (X)
6	Left Excite	Left	LL (L)
7	Bottom Excite	Bottom	UR (Y)
8	Top Excite	Тор	UL (Y)
9	GND	GND	GND

Table 5-18: Touch Panel Connector (TS1) Pinouts

5.2.18 TTL Panel Connector (CN7)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	GND	21	TFT_G5

~	CNID	22	TET OA
2	GND	22	TFT_G4
3	TTL_VSYNC	23	TFT_G3
4	TTL_VCC3	24	GND
5	TTL_VCC3	25	TFT_G2
6	TTL_VCC3	26	TFT_G1
7	TTL_VCC3	27	TFT_G0
8	TTL_HSYNC	28	GND
9	LCD_EN	29	TFT_R5
10	GND	30	TFT_R4
11	GND	31	TFT_R3
12	GND	32	GND
13	TFT_B5	33	TFT_R2
14	TFT_B4	34	TFT_R1
15	TFT_B3	35	TFT_R0
16	GND	36	GND
17	TFT_B2	37	GND
18	TFT_B1	38	DOTCLK
19	TFT_BO	39	GND
20	GND	40	GND

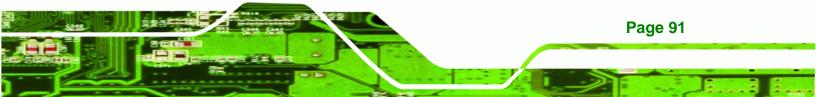
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Table 5-19: TTL Panel Connector (CN7) Pinouts

5.2.19 JUSB Connector (JUSB1)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	+5Vsus
2	D6F-
3	D6F+
4	GND

Table 5-20: JUSB Connector (JUSB1) Pinouts







5.2.20 USB Connector (USB1)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	2		0
1	+5Vsus	2	GND			o
3	DOF-	4	DOF+		+ -	
5	D0F+	6	DOF-	1		7
7	GND	8	+5Vsus			'

Table 5-21: USB Connector (USB1) Pinouts

5.2.21 USB Connector (USB2)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	USB Power (selected by JP15)
2	D2F-
3	D2F+
4	GND

Table 5-22: USB Connector (USB2) Pinouts

5.2.22 USB Connector (USB4)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	USB Power (selected by JP15)
2	D3F-
3	D3F+
4	GND

Table 5-23: USB Connector (USB4) Pinouts

5.3 External

Interface Panel Connectors

The table below lists the rear panel connectors on the AFL-W10A-N270 motherboard. Pinouts of these connectors can be found in the following sections.



Connector	Туре	Label
Ethernet connector	RJ-45	LAN1, LAN2
Power connector	DIN	CN5
Reset button	Push button	CN6
RS-232 serial ports	DB-9	COM1
RS-232/422/485 serial port	DB-9	COM3
SATA connector	SATA connector	SATA2
USB 2.0 connectors	USB 2.0 port	USB3

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Table 5-24: Rear Panel Connectors

5.3.1 Ethernet Connector (LAN1, LAN2)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	LAN1_MDI0+	2	LAN1_MDI0-
3	LAN1_MDI1+	4	LAN1_MDI1-
5	N/A	6	N/A
7	LAN1_MDI2+	8	LAN1_MDI2-
9	LAN1_MDI3+	10	LAN1_MDI3-
11	+3.3Vsus	12	ACT-1
13	LAN1_LINK1000	14	LAN1_LINK100
15	+3.3Vsus	14	+3.3Vsus
15	GND	16	GND
17	N/A	18	N/A

Table 5-25: Ethernet Connector (LAN1, LAN2) Pinouts

5.3.2 Power Connector (CN5)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	GND
2	GND





3	VCC12_IN
---	----------

Table 5-26: Power Connector (CN5) Pinouts

5.3.3 RS-232 Serial Ports (COM1)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	NDCD1	2	NRX1
3	NTX1	4	NDTR1
5	GND	6	NDSR1
7	NRTS1	8	NCTS1
9	COM_RI1	10	GND

Table 5-27: RS-232 Serial Ports (COM1) Pinouts

5.3.4 RS-422/485 Serial Port (COM3)

PIN NO.	RS-232	RS-422	RS-485
1	NDCDB	TX-	D-
2	NRXDB	TX+	D+
3	NTX3		
4	NDTR3		
5	GND		
6	NDSRB	RX-	
7	NRTSB	RX+	
8	NCTS3		
9	COM_RI3		
10	GND		

Table 5-28: COM3 Connector Pinouts



PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	GND
2	STXP_0
3	STXN_0
4	GND
5	SRXN_0
6	SRXP_0
7	GND
7	GND
7	GND

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Table 5-29: SATA Connector (SATA2) Pinouts

5.3.6 USB 2.0 Connectors (USB3)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	+5Vsus	5	+5Vsus
2	D4F-	6	D5F-
3	D4F+	7	D5F+
4	GND	8	GND

Table 5-30: USB 2.0 Connectors (USB3) Pinouts

5.4 Preconfigured Jumper Settings

The following jumpers are preconfigured for the AFL-W10A-N270. Users should not change these jumpers (**Table 5-31**). It is only for reference.

Jumper Name	Label	Туре
Backlight voltage selection	J_BL1	3-pin header
Inverter power selection	JP12	6-pin header
LVDS voltage selection	J_VLVDS1	3-pin header



MCU LCD type selection	JP14	4-pin header
MCU PWM power selection	JP13	3-pin header
Panel type selection	J_LCD_TYPE1	10-pin header
Touchscreen selection	J1	4-pin header
USB2 and USB4 power selection	JP15	6-pin header

Table 5-31: Preconfigured Jumpers

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5.4.1 Backlight Voltage Selection Jumper (J_BL1)

Pin	Description
Short 1-2	+3.3 V (Default)
Short 2-3	+5 V

Table 5-32: Backlight Voltage Selection Jumper (J_BL1) Settings

5.4.2 Inverter Power Selection Jumper (JP12)

Pin	Description
Short 1-2	+12 V (Default)
Short 3-4	+5 V
Short 5-6	+3.3 V

 Table 5-33: Inverter Power Selection Jumper (JP12) Settings

5.4.3 LVDS Panel Voltage Selection Jumper (J_VLVDS1)

Pin	Description
Short 1-2	+3.3 V (Default)
Short 2-3	+5 V

Table 5-34: LVDS Voltage Selection Jumper (J_VLVDS1) Settings



5.4.4 MCU LCD Type Selection Jumper (JP14)

Pin	Description
Short 1-3	LCD Panel (Default)
Short 2-4	LED Panel

Table 5-35: MCU LCD Type Selection Jumper (JP14) Settings

5.4.5 MCU PWM Power Selection Jumper (JP13)

Pin	Description
Short 1-2	+5V (Default)
Short 2-3	+3.3V

Table 5-36: MCU PWM Power Selection Jumper (JP13) Settings

5.4.6 Panel Type Selection Jumper (J_LCD_TYPE1)

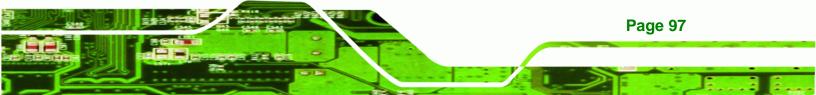
Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	PA_DGPI0	2	GND
3	PA_DGPI1	4	GND
5	PA_DGPI2	6	GND
7	PA_DGPI3	8	GND

Table 5-37: Panel Type Selection Jumper (J_LCD_TYPE1) Settings

5.4.7 Touchscreen Selection Jumper (J1)

Pin	Description
Short 1-2	5-wire (Default)
Short 3-4	4-wire

Table 5-38: Touchscreen Selection Jumper (J1) Settings







5.4.8 USB2 and USB4 Power Selection Jumper (JP15)

Pin	Description
Short 1-3	USB4 +3.3V
Short 3-5	USB4 +5V (Default)
Short 2-4	USB2 +3.3V
Short 4-6	USB2 +5V (Default)

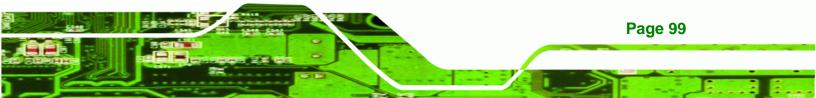
Table 5-39: USB2 and USB4 Power Selection Jumper (JP15) Settings







Safety Precautions





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The precautions outlined in this chapter should be strictly followed. Failure to follow these precautions may result in permanent damage to the AFL-W10A-N270.

A.1 Safety Precautions

Please follow the safety precautions outlined in the sections that follow:

A.1.1 General Safety Precautions

Please ensure the following safety precautions are adhered to at all times.

- Follow the electrostatic precautions outlined below whenever the AFL-W10A-N270 is opened.
- Make sure the power is turned off and the power cord is disconnected whenever the AFL-W10A-N270 is being installed, moved or modified.
- Do not apply voltage levels that exceed the specified voltage range.
 Doing so may cause fire and/or an electrical shock.
- Electric shocks can occur if the AFL-W10A-N270 chassis is opened when the AFL-W10A-N270 is running.
- Do not drop or insert any objects into the ventilation openings of the AFL-W10A-N270.
- If considerable amounts of dust, water, or fluids enter the AFL-W10A-N270, turn off the power supply immediately, unplug the power cord, and contact the AFL-W10A-N270 vendor.
- **DO NOT** do the following:
 - O **DO NOT** drop the AFL-W10A-N270 against a hard surface.
 - O **DO NOT** strike or exert excessive force onto the LCD panel.
 - O DO NOT touch any of the LCD panels with a sharp object
 - **DO NOT** use the AFL-W10A-N270 in a site where the ambient temperature exceeds the rated temperature



A.1.2 Anti-static Precautions

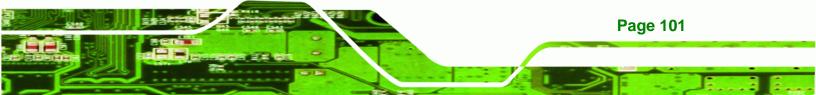


Failure to take ESD precautions during the installation of the AFL-W10A-N270 may result in permanent damage to the AFL-W10A-N270 and sever injury to the user.

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Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can cause serious damage to electronic components, including the AFL-W10A-N270. Dry climates are especially susceptible to ESD. It is therefore critical that whenever the AFL-W10A-N270 is opened and any of the electrical components are handled, the following anti-static precautions are strictly adhered to.

- Wear an anti-static wristband: Wearing a simple anti-static wristband can help to prevent ESD from damaging any electrical component.
- Self-grounding: Before handling any electrical component, touch any grounded conducting material. During the time the electrical component is handled, frequently touch any conducting materials that are connected to the ground.
- Use an anti-static pad: When configuring or working with an electrical component, place it on an antic-static pad. This reduces the possibility of ESD damage.
- Only handle the edges of the electrical component: When handling the electrical component, hold the electrical component by its edges.





A.1.3 Product Disposal



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Risk of explosion if battery is replaced by and incorrect type. Only certified engineers should replace the on-board battery.

Dispose of used batteries according to instructions and local regulations.

- Outside the European Union If you wish to dispose of used electrical and electronic products outside the European Union, please contact your local authority so as to comply with the correct disposal method.
- Within the European Union:



EU-wide legislation, as implemented in each Member State, requires that waste electrical and electronic products carrying the mark (left) must be disposed of separately from normal household waste. This includes monitors and electrical accessories, such as signal cables or power cords. When you need to dispose of your display products, please follow the

guidance of your local authority, or ask the shop where you purchased the product. The mark on electrical and electronic products only applies to the current European Union Member States.

Please follow the national guidelines for electrical and electronic product disposal.

A.2 Maintenance and Cleaning Precautions

When maintaining or cleaning the AFL-W10A-N270, please follow the guidelines below.

A.2.1 Maintenance and Cleaning

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Prior to cleaning any part or component of the AFL-W10A-N270, please read the details below.

 Except for the LCD panel, never spray or squirt liquids directly onto any other components. To clean the LCD panel, gently wipe it with a piece of soft dry cloth or a slightly moistened cloth.

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- The interior does not require cleaning. Keep fluids away from the interior.
- Be careful not to damage the small, removable components inside.
- Turn off before cleaning.
- Never drop any objects or liquids through the openings.
- Be cautious of any possible allergic reactions to solvents or chemicals used when cleaning.
- Avoid eating, drinking and smoking nearby.

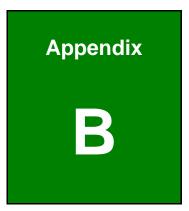
A.2.2 Cleaning Tools

Some components may only be cleaned using a product specifically designed for the purpose. In such case, the product will be explicitly mentioned in the cleaning tips. Below is a list of items to use for cleaning.

- *Cloth* Although paper towels or tissues can be used, a soft, clean piece of cloth is recommended.
- Water or rubbing alcohol A cloth moistened with water or rubbing alcohol should be used.
- Using solvents The use of solvents is not recommended as they may damage the plastic parts.
- Vacuum cleaner Using a vacuum specifically designed for computers is one of the best methods of cleaning. Dust and dirt can restrict the airflow and cause circuitry to corrode
- Cotton swabs Cotton swaps moistened with rubbing alcohol or water are excellent tools for wiping hard to reach areas.
- Foam swabs Whenever possible, it is best to use lint free swabs such as foam swabs for cleaning.







BIOS Options



Below is a list of BIOS configuration options in the BIOS chapter.

System Overview49)
System Time [xx:xx:xx])
System Date [xx/xx/xx]50)
ATA/IDE Configurations [Compatible]52	2
Legacy IDE Channels [SATA Pri, PATA Sec]53	3
IDE Master and IDE Slave53	3
Auto-Detected Drive Parameters54	ļ
Type [Auto]55	5
LBA/Large Mode [Auto]55	5
Block (Multi Sector Transfer) [Auto]55	5
PIO Mode [Auto]56	5
DMA Mode [Auto]56	5
S.M.A.R.T [Auto]	7
32Bit Data Transfer [Enabled]57	7
Serial Port 1 Address [3F8/IRQ4]58	3
Serial Port 3 Address [3E8]58	3
Serial Port 3 IRQ [IRQ4]58	3
Select RS232 or RS422/RS485 [RS232]58	3
Suspend Mode [S1(POS)]61	I
Restore on AC Power Loss [Last State]61	I
Power Button Mode [On/Off]62	2
Resume on Ring [Disabled]62	2
Resume on PCI-Express WAKE# [Enabled]62	2
Resume On RTC Alarm [Disabled]62	2
Remote Access [Disabled]63	3
Serial Port Number [COM1]64	ł
Base Address, IRQ [3F8h,4]64	ļ
Serial Port Mode [115200 8,n,1]64	ļ
Redirection After BIOS POST [Always]65	5
Terminal Type [ANSI]65	5
USB Function [Enabled]66	5
USB 2.0 Controller [Enabled]66	5
Legacy USB Support [Enabled]66	3



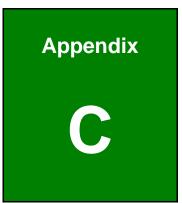
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USB2.0 Controller Mode [HiSpeed]	67
IRQ#	68
DMA Channel# [Available]	69
Reserved Memory Size [Disabled]	69
Quick Boot [Enabled]	71
Quiet Boot [Enabled]	71
AddOn ROM Display Mode [Force BIOS]	71
Bootup Num-Lock [On]	71
Boot From LAN Support [Disabled]	72
Spread Spectrum Function [Disabled]	72
Change Supervisor Password	73
Change User Password	73
Memory Hole [Disabled]	75
Internal Graphics Mode Select [Enable, 8 MB]	75
DVMT Mode Select [DVMT Mode]	76
DVMT/FIXED Memory [Maximum DVMT]	76
LFP Panel Type [by H/W]	76
LFP Current Jumper Setting [1024x600 18b]	77
Audio Controller [Auto]	77
Save Changes and Exit	78
Discard Changes and Exit	78
Discard Changes	78
Load Optimal Defaults	79
Load Failsafe Defaults	79





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ALC892 Digital Microphone Configuration



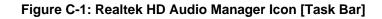


C.1 ALC892 Digital Microphone Configuration

To enable the ALC892 digital microphone function, follow the steps below.

- Step 1: Make sure the Realtek ALC892 high definition audio driver has been installed on the system. If the audio driver has not been installed on the system, please refer to Section 2.9.
- Step 2: To launch the Realtek ALC892 HD Audio Manager, double click either:
 - The Realtek HD Audio Manager icon in the Notification Area of the system task bar (Figure C-1), or
 - The Realtek HD Audio Manager icon in the Control Panel.







Step 3: The Realtek HD Audio Manager appears (Figure C-2).

Figure C-2: Realtek HD Audio Manager



Step 4: Click the Mixer tab.

Step 5: Click the Mixer ToolBox icon in the Record section (Figure C-3)

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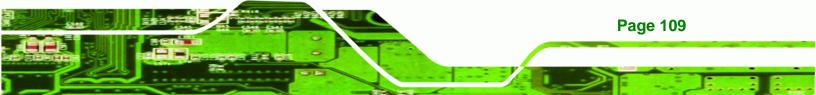


Figure C-3: Mixer Screen

Step 6: The following screen appears (Figure C-4). Check the Enable recording multi-streaming box, and then click OK.



Figure C-4: Mixer ToolBox Screen





Step 7: From the dropdown list box in the Record section, select Mic in at front panel

(White) (Figure C-5).

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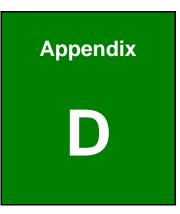
The digital microphone function is now enabled.



Figure C-5: Enabling the Digital Microphone Function

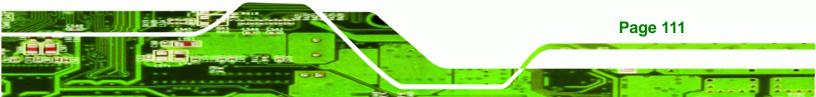






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One Key Recovery





D.1 One Key Recovery Introduction

The IEI one key recovery is an easy-to-use front end for the Norton Ghost system backup and recovery tool. This tool provides quick and easy shortcuts for creating a backup and reverting to that backup or reverting to the factory default settings.



The latest One Key Recovery software provides an auto recovery function that allows a system running Microsoft Windows OS to automatically restore from the factory default image after encountering a Blue Screen of Death (BSoD) or a hang for around 10 minutes. Please refer to Section D.3 for the detailed setup procedure.

The IEI One Key Recovery tool menu is shown below.



Figure D-1: IEI One Key Recovery Tool Menu

Prior to using the IEI One Key Recovery tool (as shown in **Figure D-1**) to backup or restore <u>Windows</u> system, five setup procedures are required.

- 1. Hardware and BIOS setup (see Section D.2.1)
- 2. Create partitions (see Section D.2.2)
- 3. Install operating system, drivers and system applications (see Section D.2.3)
- 4. Build the recovery partition (see Section D.2.4)
- 5. Create factory default image (see Section D.2.5)



After completing the five initial setup procedures as described above, users can access the recovery tool by pressing **<F3>** while booting up the system. The detailed information of each function is described in **Section D.5**.

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The initial setup procedures for Linux system are described in **Section D.3**.

D.1.1 System Requirement



The recovery CD can only be used with IEI products. The software will fail to run and a warning message will appear when used on non-IEI hardware.

X:\I386\system32\cmd.exe-startnet.cmd :\I386\system32>call start.exe	
Project1	×
This software only ru	ins on IEI hardware!
ОК	c

To create the system backup, the main storage device must be split into two partitions (three partitions for Linux). The first partition will be for the operating system, while the second partition will be invisible to the operating system and contain the backup made by the one key recovery software.

The partition created for recovery images must be big enough to contain both the factory default image and the user backup image. The size must be calculated before creating the





partitions. Please take the following table as a reference when calculating the size of the partition.

	os	OS Image after Ghost	Compression Ratio
Windows® 7	7 GB	5 GB	70%
Windows® XPE	776 MB	560 MB	70%
Windows® CE 6.0	36 MB	28 MB	77%



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Specialized tools are required to change the partition size if the operating system is already installed.

D.1.2 Supported Operating System

The recovery CD is compatible with both Microsoft Windows and Linux operating systems (OS). The supported OS versions are listed below.

- Microsoft Windows
 - O Windows 2000
 - O Windows XP (Service Pack 2 or 3 required)
 - O Windows Vista
 - O Windows 7
 - O Windows CE 5.0
 - O Windows CE 6.0
 - O Windows XP Embedded
 - O Windows Embedded Standard 7



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The auto recovery function (described in Section D.3) and the restore through LAN function (described in Section D.6) are not supported in the Windows CE 5.0/6.0 operating system environment.

- Linux
 - O Fedora Core 12 (Constantine)
 - O Fedora Core 11 (Leonidas)
 - O Fedora Core 10 (Cambridge)
 - O Fedora Core 8 (Werewolf)
 - O Fedora Core 7 (Moonshine)
 - O RedHat RHEL-5.4
 - O RedHat 9 (Ghirke)
 - O Ubuntu 8.10 (Intrepid)
 - O Ubuntu 7.10 (Gutsy)
 - O Ubuntu 6.10 (Edgy)
 - O Debian 5.0 (Lenny)
 - O Debian 4.0 (Etch)
 - O SuSe 11.2
 - O SuSe 10.3



Installing unsupported OS versions may cause the recovery tool to fail.

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D.2 Setup Procedure for Windows

Prior to using the recovery tool to backup or restore, a few setup procedures are required.

- Step 1: Hardware and BIOS setup (see Section D.2.1)
- Step 2: Create partitions (see Section D.2.2)
- Step 3: Install operating system, drivers and system applications (see Section D.2.3)
- Step 4: Build the recovery partition (see Section D.2.4) or build the auto recovery partition (see Section D.3)
- Step 5: Create factory default image (see Section D.2.5)





The detailed descriptions are described in the following sections.



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The setup procedures described below are for Microsoft Windows operating system users. For Linux, most of the setup procedures are the same except for several steps described in **Section D.3**.

D.2.1 Hardware and BIOS Setup

- Step 1: Make sure the system is powered off and unplugged.
- **Step 2:** Install a hard drive or SSD in the system. An unformatted and unpartitioned disk is recommended.
- Step 3: Connect an optical disk drive to the system and insert the recovery CD.
- Step 4: Turn on the system.
- Step 5: Press the <DELETE> key as soon as the system is turned on to enter the BIOS.
- **Step 6:** Select the connected optical disk drive as the 1st boot device. (**Boot** \rightarrow **Boot Device Priority** \rightarrow 1st **Boot Device**).
- **Step 7:** Save changes and restart the computer. Continue to the next section for instructions on partitioning the internal storage.

D.2.2 Create Partitions

To create the system backup, the main storage device must be split into two partitions (three partitions for Linux). The first partition will be for the operating system, while the second partition will be invisible to the operating system and contain the backup made by the one key recovery software.

Step 1: Put the recovery CD in the optical drive of the system.



Step 2: Boot the system from recovery CD. When prompted, press any key to boot from the recovery CD. It will take a while to launch the recovery tool. Please be patient!

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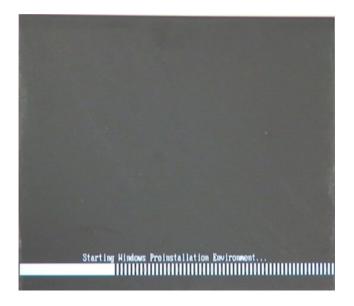


Figure D-2: Launching the Recovery Tool

Step 3: The recovery tool setup menu is shown as below.

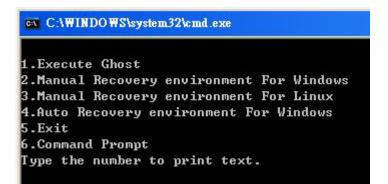
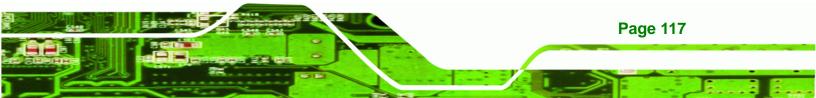


Figure D-3: Recovery Tool Setup Menu

Step 4: Press <6> then <Enter>.





C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
1.Execute Ghost 2.Manual Recovery environment For Windows 3.Manual Recovery environment For Linux 4.Auto Recovery environment For Windows 5.Exit
6.Command Prompt Type the number to print text. <mark>6</mark>

Figure D-4: Command Prompt

 Step 5:
 The command prompt window appears. Type the following commands (marked in red) to create two partitions. One is for the OS installation; the other is for saving recovery files and images which will be an invisible partition.

 (Press <Enter> after entering each line below)

 system32>diskpart

 DISKPART>list vol

 DISKPART>create part pri size= ___

 System32>format N: /fs:ntfs /q /y

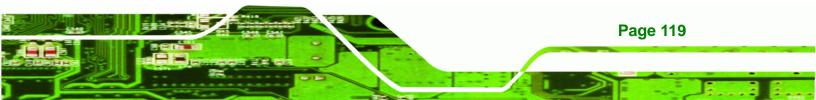
 system32>exit

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👞 X:\I386\systen	n32\CM	ID.EXE					<u>_ 8 ×</u>
X:\I386\SYSTE	M32>d	iskpart	→ Starts th	e Microsoft dis	k partitioni	ng tool.	
Microsoft Dis Copyright (C) On computer:	kPart 1999	version 5. -2001 Micro	2.3790.18	30			
DISKPART> lis	t vol	> Show	partition in	formation			
Volume ###	Ltr	Label	Fs	Туре	Size	Status	Info
Volume Ø Volume 1	X D	CD_ROM	CDFS FAT32			Healthy Healthy	Boot
)ISKPART> sel	disk	: Ø 🔶 Sel	ect a disk				
Disk Ø is now							
DISKPART> cre	ate p	art pri siz	:e= <mark>2000</mark>	Create pa This parti	rtition 1 an	d assign a s	ize.
)iskPart succ						55 mstanati	011.
DISKPART> ass	ign l	etter=N	► Assian p	partition 1 a co	de name (N		
)iskPart succ	essfu	11y assigne	d the dri	ive letter or	mount po	int.	
DISKPART> cre	ate p	art pri siz	.e= <mark>1800 -</mark>	Create partie	rtition 2 and	d assign a si	ize.
)iskPart succ						ecovery inta	ges.
DISKPART> ass	ign l	etter=F	→ Assian (partition 2 a co	de name (F	·).	
)iskPart succ		10000					
DISKPART> exi							
X:\I386\SYSTE The type of t The new file QuickFormatti Creating file Format comple 2048254 KB	M32)f he fi syste ng 20 syst te. tota	ormat n: /f le system l m is NTFS. 00M	s:ntfs ∕q ls xHw. ∿es.	r ∕y → Forn	mat partitic	on 1 (N) as N	TFS format.
	he fi syste ng 18 syst te. tota	Te system i m is NTFS. 04M	es.	✓ ✓ · · · Recovery ✓ Formate parallel formate parallel formate it as "		as NTFS for	mate and
{:\1386\\$Y\$TE	M32) e	xit 💛 Ex	it Windows	; PE			

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Figure D-5: Partition Creation Commands







Use the following commands to check if the partitions were created successfully.

	art version 5.2.35 199–2001 Microsoft NINT-JVC		on.
DISKPART> <mark>sel</mark> d:	isk Ø		
Disk Ø is now tl	ne selected disk.		
DISKPART> list j	part		
Partition ###	Туре	Size	Offset
Partition 1 Partition 2		2000 MB 1804 MB	

Step 6: Press any key to exit the recovery tool and automatically reboot the system. Please continue to the following procedure: Build the Recovery Partition.

D.2.3 Install Operating System, Drivers and Applications

Install the operating system onto the unlabelled partition. The partition labeled "Recovery" is for use by the system recovery tool and should not be used for installing the operating system or any applications.



The operating system installation program may offer to reformat the chosen partition. DO NOT format the partition again. The partition has already been formatted and is ready for installing the new operating system.

To install the operating system, insert the operating system installation CD into the optical drive. Restart the computer and follow the installation instructions.

D.2.4 Building the Recovery Partition

- **Step 1:** Put the recover CD in the optical drive.
- Step 2: Start the system.
- Step 3: Boot the system from the recovery CD. When prompted, press any key to boot from the recovery CD. It will take a while to launch the recovery tool. Please be patient!

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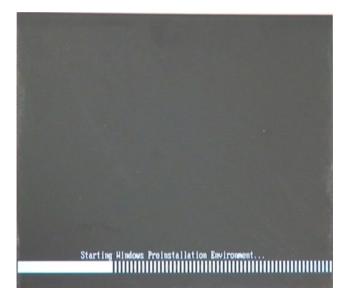


Figure D-6: Launching the Recovery Tool

Step 4: When the recovery tool setup menu appears, press <2> then <Enter>.

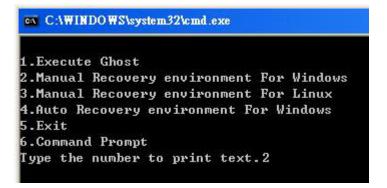


Figure D-7: Manual Recovery Environment for Windows



Step 5: The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts configuring the system to build a recovery partition. In this process the partition created for recovery files in
 Section D.2.2 is hidden and the recovery tool is saved in this partition.

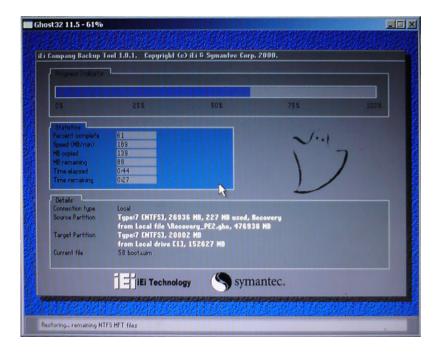


Figure D-8: Building the Recovery Partition

Step 6: After completing the system configuration, press any key in the following window

to reboot the system.

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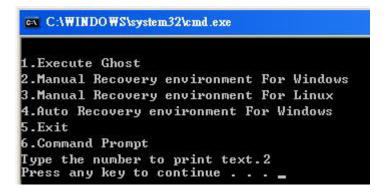


Figure D-9: Press Any Key to Continue

Step 7: Eject the recovery CD.

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D.2.5 Create Factory Default Image



Before creating the factory default image, please configure the system to a factory default environment, including driver and application installations.

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To create a factory default image, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: Turn on the system. When the following screen displays (Figure D-10), press the <F3> key to access the recovery tool. The message will display for 10 seconds, please press F3 before the system boots into the operating system.

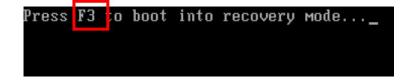


Figure D-10: Press F3 to Boot into Recovery Mode

Step 2: The recovery tool menu appears. Type <4> and press <Enter>. (Figure D-11)

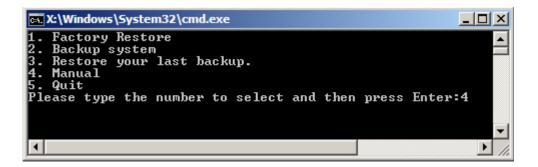
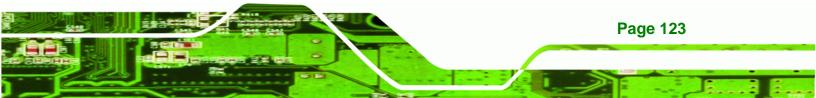


Figure D-11: Recovery Tool Menu

Step 3: The About Symantec Ghost window appears. Click OK button to continue.



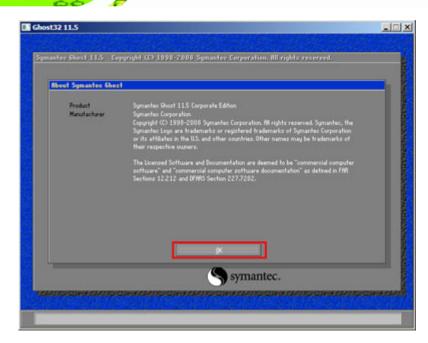


Figure D-12: About Symantec Ghost Window

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Step 4: Use mouse to navigate to the option shown below (Figure D-13).

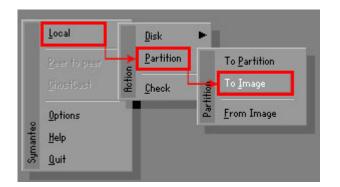


Figure D-13: Symantec Ghost Path

Step 5: Select the local source drive (Drive 1) as shown in **Figure D-14**. Then click OK.



Drive	Location	Model	Size(MB)	Туре	Cylinders	Heads	Sectors
1	Local	ST3160318AS	152627	Balsic	19457	255	63
80	Local	US Volumes	120128	Basic	15314	255	63
	_		_				

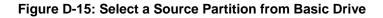
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Figure D-14: Select a Local Source Drive

Step 6: Select a source partition (Part 1) from basic drive as shown in **Figure D-15**.

Then click OK.

art	Type	Letter	ID	Description	Volume Label	Size in MB	Data Size in MB
1	C:		07	NTFS	No name	100006	1951
۷ ا	0:		07	NIFS	Necovery Free	20002 32618	917
					Total	152627	2178



Step 7: Select 1.2: [Recovery] NTFS drive and enter a file name called iei
 (Figure D-16). Click Save. The factory default image will then be saved in the selected recovery drive and named IEI.GHO.



The file name of the factory default image must be **iei.GHO**.



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ile name to copy image to			
Look in: 1 🖃 D: 1.2: [Rec	covery] NTFS drive	V	E C *
Name	Size	Da	te
💼 BOOT		01/03/2010	05:00:52 AM
EFI EFI		01/03/2010	
😑 Recovery		01/03/2010	
		01/03/2010	
🚞 System Volume Information		12/31/2001	11:07:28 PM
File name: 2		3	Save
			2000
Files of type: *,GHO			<u>C</u> ancel
Image file description:		100 - 100 - 10	

Figure D-16: File Name to Copy Image to

Step 8: When the Compress Image screen in Figure D-17 prompts, click High to make the image file smaller.

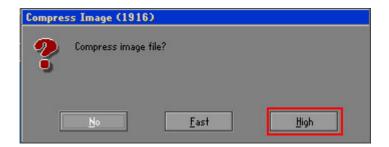


Figure D-17: Compress Image



Step 9: The Proceed with partition image creation window appears, click Yes to

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continue.

Questio	n: (1837)
?	Proceed with partition image creation?
	<u>Y</u> es <u>N</u> o

Figure D-18: Image Creation Confirmation

Step 10: The Symantec Ghost starts to create the factory default image (Figure D-19).

Progress Indicator				
0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Statistics				
Percent complete	52		- 1.1	
Speed (MB/min)	468		~	
MB copied	632		1	7
MB remaining	563		1	1
Time elapsed	1:21		1	/
Time remaining	1:12			
Details				
Connection type	Local			
Source Partition	Type:7 ENTFS], 10	0006 MB, 1951 MB used	, No name	
	from Local drive [8	80], 130129 MB		
Destination file	Local file D:\iei.GHO			
Current file	3891 c_869.nls			

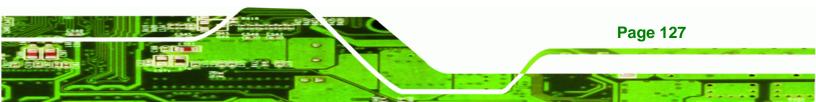
Figure D-19: Image Creation Complete

Step 11: When the image creation completes, a screen prompts as shown in Figure D-20.

Click **Continue** and close the Ghost window to exit the program.



Figure D-20: Image Creation Complete





Step 12: The recovery tool main menu window is shown as below. Press any key to

reboot the system.

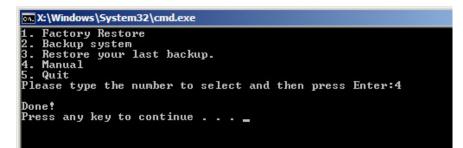


Figure D-21: Press Any Key to Continue

D.3 Auto Recovery Setup Procedure

The auto recovery function allows a system to automatically restore from the factory default image after encountering a Blue Screen of Death (BSoD) or a hang for around 10 minutes. To use the auto recovery function, follow the steps described in the following sections.

The auto recovery function can only run on a Microsoft Windows system with the following OS versions:

- Windows 2000 Windows 7
- Windows XP
- vvindows /
- Windows XP Embedded
- Windows Vista
 Windows Embedded Standard 7



The setup procedure may include a step to create a factory default image. It is suggested to configure the system to a factory default environment before the configuration, including driver and application installations.

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Step 1: Follow the steps described in Section D.2.1 ~ Section D.2.3 to setup BIOS, create partitions and install operating system.

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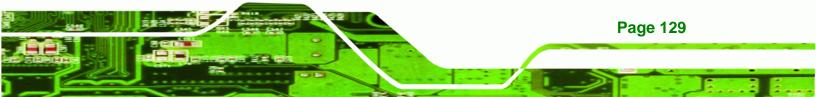
Step 2: Install the auto recovery utility into the system by double clicking the Utility/AUTORECOVERY-SETUP.exe in the One Key Recovery CD. This utility MUST be installed in the system, otherwise, the system will automatically restore from the factory default image every ten (10) minutes.



Figure D-22: Auto Recovery Utility

Step 3: Disable the automatically restart function before creating the factory default image. Go to: My Computer \rightarrow Properties \rightarrow Advanced. Click the

Settings button of Startup and Recovery. Deselect "Automatically restart". Click OK to save the settings and exit. (See Figure D-23)



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stem Pr	roperties				? ×	Startup and Recovery	?
aeneral Co	omputer Name	Hardware	Advanced	Remote		System startup	
You must I	be logged on a	s an Adminis	trator to make	most of these	changes.	Default operating system:	
Performa						"Microsoft Windows XP Embedded" /fastdetect /noe	execute=Alwa 🗙
Visual eff	fects, processo	r scheduling	, memory usa	ge, and virtual m	nemory	Time to display list of operating systems:	0 2 secon
						Time to display recovery options when needed:	0 2 second
				Sett	ings		
User Prof	files					To edit the startup options file manually, click Edit.	Edit
Desktop settings related to your logon						System failure	
						Write an event to the system log	
				Sett	ings	Send an administrative alert	
Startup a	nd Recovery					Automatically restart	
System s	tartup, system f	ailure, and c	lebugging info	rmation		Write debugging information	
				Sett	ings	Small memory dump (64 KB)	
				Jen	ings	Small dump directory:	
	E	nvironment \	ariables	Error Repor	ting	%SystemRoot%\Minidump	
				End rispoi		Overwrite any existing file	
		10-22		200.0			
			\square	Cancel	Apply	ОК	Cancel

Figure D-23: Disable Automatically Restart

Step 4: Reboot the system from the recovery CD. When prompted, press any key to boot from the recovery CD. It will take a while to launch the recovery tool. Please be patient!

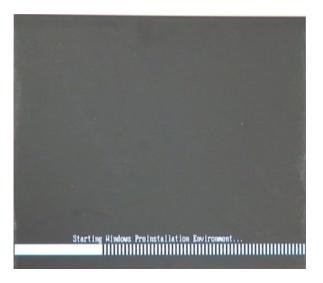


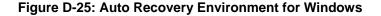
Figure D-24: Launching the Recovery Tool

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Step 5: When the recovery tool setup menu appears, press <4> then <Enter>.

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1.Execut	e Ghost			
		y environmen	t For	Windows
		y environmen		
4.Auto F	ecovery	environment	For W	indows
5.Exit				
6.Comman	d Prompt			
		to print tex	t.4	



Step 6: The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts configuring the system to build an auto recovery partition. In this process the partition created for recovery files in Section D.2.2 is hidden and the auto recovery tool is saved in this partition.

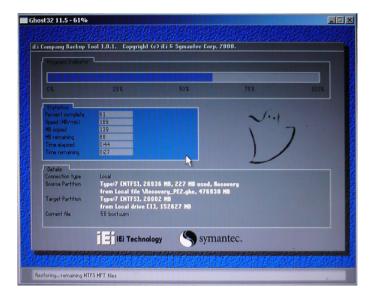
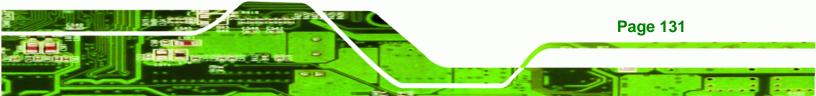


Figure D-26: Building the Auto Recovery Partition

Step 7: After completing the system configuration, the following message prompts to confirm whether to create a factory default image. Type Y to have the system create a factory default image automatically. Type N within 6 seconds to skip this





process (The default option is YES). It is suggested to choose YES for this option.



Figure D-27: Factory Default Image Confirmation

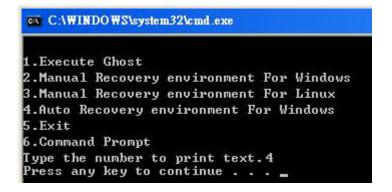
Step 8: The Symantec Ghost starts to create the factory default image (Figure D-28).

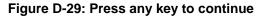
0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Statistics				
ercent complete	52		- 1.1	
peed (MB/min)	468		21	
MB copied	632		1	7
1B remaining	563		1	1
Time elapsed	1:21		1	/
Time remaining	1:12			
Details				
Connection type	Local			
Source Partition	Type:7 ENTFS], 10	0006 MB, 1951 MB used	, No name	
	from Local drive [8	30], 130129 MB		
Destination file	Local file D:\iei.GHO			
Current file	3891 c_869.nls			

Figure D-28: Image Creation Complete

Step 9: After completing the system configuration, press any key in the following window

to restart the system.





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Step 10: Eject the One Key Recovery CD and restart the system.

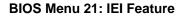
Step 11: Press the <DELETE> key as soon as the system is turned on to enter the BIOS.

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Step 12: Enable the Auto Recovery Function option (Advanced → iEi Feature → Auto

Recovery Function).

			BIOS SETUP	UTILITY			
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chipse	et	Exit
iEi Feat	ture						
Auto Red	covery Fun	ction	[Ena	bled]			
	er from PXE		[Dis	abled]			
					↑↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC	Sel Go Gen Sav Exi	
	v02.61 ©0	Copyright	1985-2006,	American	Megatre	nds,	Inc.

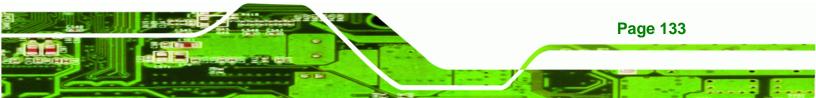


Step 13: Save changes and restart the system. If the system encounters a Blue Screen of Death (BSoD) or a hang for around 10 minutes, it will automatically restore from the factory default image.

D.4 Setup Procedure for Linux

The initial setup procedure for Linux system is mostly the same with the procedure for Microsoft Windows. Please follow the steps below to setup recovery tool for Linux OS.

- Step 1: Hardware and BIOS setup. Refer to Section D.2.1.
- Step 2: Install Linux operating system. Make sure to install GRUB (v0.97 or earlier) MBR type and Ext3 partition type. Leave enough space on the hard drive to create the recover partition later.







If the Linux OS is not installed with GRUB (v0.97 or earlier) and Ext3, the Symantec Ghost may not function properly.

While installing Linux OS, please create two partitions:

- Partition 1: /
- Partition 2: SWAP



Please reserve enough space for partition 3 for saving recovery images.

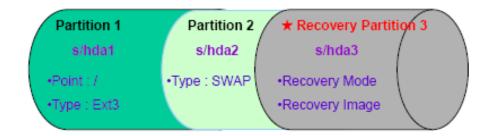


Figure D-30: Partitions for Linux

Step 3: Create a recovery partition. Insert the recovery CD into the optical disk drive. Follow Step 1 ~ Step 3 described in Section D.2.2. Then type the following commands (marked in red) to create a partition for recovery images. system32>diskpart DISKPART>list vol DISKPART>sel disk 0 DISKPART>create part pri size= ____ DISKPART>assign letter=N DISKPART>exit

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system32>format N: /fs:ntfs /q /v:Recovery /y system32>exit

Step 4: Build the recovery partition. Press any key to boot from the recovery CD. It will take a while to launch the recovery tool. Please be patient. When the recovery tool setup menu appears, type <3> and press <Enter> (Figure D-31). The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts configuring the system to build a recovery partition. After completing the system configuration, press any key to reboot the system. Eject the recovery CD.

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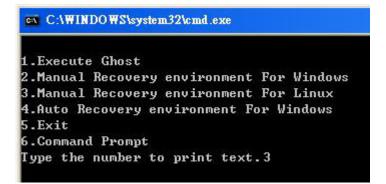


Figure D-31: Manual Recovery Environment for Linux

Step 5: Access the recovery tool main menu by modifying the "menu.lst". To first

access the recovery tool main menu, the menu.lst must be modified. In Linux,

enter Administrator (root). When prompt appears, type:

cd /boot/grub

vi menu.lst

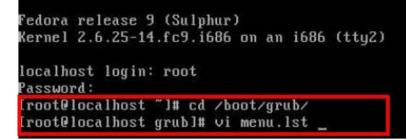


Figure D-32: Access menu.lst in Linux (Text Mode)





Step 6: Modify the menu.lst as shown below.

‼boot=/dev/sda default=8	
Lineout=18 Modify tin	neout=10
spiusnimaye=(hd0,0)/grub/spla	sh xnm. az
hiddenmenu	State 1 and a state
title Fedora (2.6.25-14.fc9.i	686)
root (hd0,0)	
ac38b5c78910 rhqb quiet	5-14.fc9.i686 ro root=UUID=10f1acd
initrd /initrd-2.6.25	-14.fc9.i686.img
	•
title Recovery Partition	
root (hd0,2) makeactive	Time command
chainloader +1	Type command
-	
 Type command: 	
title Recovery Partition	
root (hd0,2)	
makeactive	
chainloader +1	

Step 7: The recovery tool menu appears. (**Figure D-33**)

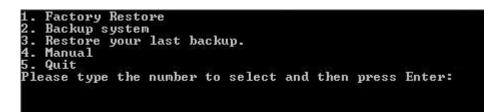


Figure D-33: Recovery Tool Menu

Step 8: Create a factory default image. Follow Step 2 ~ Step 12 described in SectionD.2.5 to create a factory default image.

D.5 Recovery Tool Functions

After completing the initial setup procedures as described above, users can access the recovery tool by pressing $\langle F3 \rangle$ while booting up the system. However, if the setup procedure in Section D.3 has been completed and the auto recovery function is enabled, the system will automatically restore from the factory default image without pressing the F3 key. The recovery tool main menu is shown below.

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🖦 X:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe	- O ×
1. Factory Restore 2. Backup system 3. Restore your last backup. 4. Manual 5. Quit Please type the number to select and then press Enter:_	
	▼ ▶ //

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Figure D-34: Recovery Tool Main Menu

The recovery tool has several functions including:

- 1. **Factory Restore**: Restore the factory default image (iei.GHO) created in Section D.2.5.
- 2. **Backup system**: Create a system backup image (iei_user.GHO) which will be saved in the hidden partition.
- 3. Restore your last backup: Restore the last system backup image
- 4. Manual: Enter the Symantec Ghost window to configure manually.
- 5. Quit: Exit the recovery tool and restart the system.



Please do not turn off the system power during the process of system recovery or backup.



All data in the system will be deleted during the system recovery. Please backup the system files before restoring the system (either Factory Restore or Restore Backup).





D.5.1 Factory Restore

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To restore the factory default image, please follow the steps below.

- Step 1: Type <1> and press <Enter> in the main menu.
- Step 2: The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts to restore the factory default. A

factory default image called **iei.GHO** is created in the hidden Recovery partition.

0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Statistics		,		
Percent complete	45		- 1.1	
Speed (MB/min)	1125		· · · · ·	
MB copied	544		1	-7
MB remaining	651		1	1
Time elapsed	0:29		1	/
Time remaining	0:34			·
Details				
Connection type	Local			
Source Partition		0006 MB, 1951 MB used iei.gho, 130129 MB	, No name	
Target Partition	Type:7 [NTFS], 10			
rarger rartition	from Local drive []			
Current file	3279 xpob2res.dll	ri, iscorr no		
current file	5275 xpob2res.dii			

Figure D-35: Restore Factory Default

Step 3: The screen shown in Figure D-36 appears when completed. Press any key to

reboot the system.

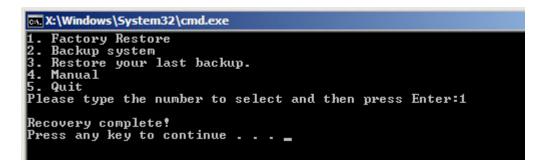


Figure D-36: Recovery Complete Window

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D.5.2 Backup System

To backup the system, please follow the steps below.

- **Step 1:** Type <**2**> and press <**Enter**> in the main menu.
- Step 2: The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts to backup the system. A

backup image called **iei_user.GHO** is created in the hidden Recovery partition.

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nantec Ghost 11.5	Copyright (C) 1998	-2008 Symantec Corpora	ation. All rights reserved	l
Progress Indicator				
0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Statistics				
Percent complete	45		- 1.1	
Speed (MB/min)	212		~···	
MB copied	548		4	
MB remaining	647		1	1
Time elapsed	2:35		1	/
Time remaining	3:03			<i>,</i>
		J.		
Details Connection type	Local			
Source Partition)0006 MB, 1951 MB used	No name	
Source Farmon	from Local drive [, no name	
Destination file	Local file D:\iei_u			
Contraction inc				
Current file	3288 xpob2res.dll			
		syma	antec.	
		·		

Figure D-37: Backup System

Step 3: The screen shown in Figure D-38 appears when system backup is complete.

Press any key to reboot the system.

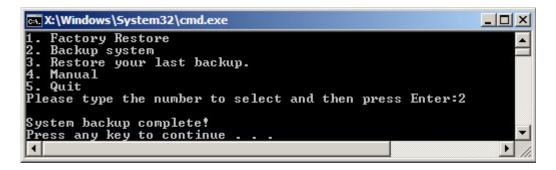
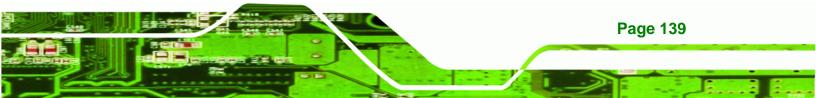


Figure D-38: System Backup Complete Window





D.5.3 Restore Your Last Backup

To restore the last system backup, please follow the steps below.

- Step 1: Type <3> and press <Enter> in the main menu.
- Step 2: The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts to restore the last backup

image (iei_user.GHO).

antec Ghost 11.5	Copyright (C) 1998	-2008 Symantec Corpor	ation. All rights reserved	d.
Progress Indicator				
0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Statistics				
Percent complete	45		- 1.1	
Speed (MB/min)	212		~···	
MB copied	548		1	-7
MB remaining	647		1	1
Time elapsed	2:35		1	/
Time remaining	3:03			/
Details				
Connection type	Local			
Source Partition	Type:7 [NTFS], 10	0006 MB, 1951 MB used	, No name	
	from Local drive E	1], 152627 MB		
Destination file	Local file D:\iei_us			
Current file	3288 xpob2res.dll			
		Sym	antec.	
		S sym	antec.	

Figure D-39: Restore Backup

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Step 3: The screen shown in Figure D-40 appears when backup recovery is complete.

Press any key to reboot the system.



Figure D-40: Restore System Backup Complete Window

D.5.4 Manual

To restore the last system backup, please follow the steps below.

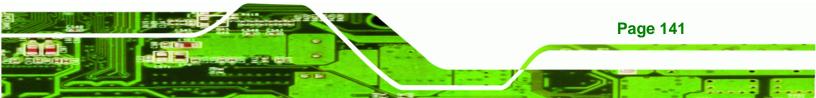
- **Step 1:** Type <**4**> and press **<Enter**> in the main menu.
- **Step 2:** The Symantec Ghost window appears. Use the Ghost program to backup or recover the system manually.

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Sym	intee Ghost 1	.5 Copyright (C) 1998-2008 Symantee Corporation. All rights reserved.
200		
	Peer to peer	•
	<u>§</u> hostCast	÷
	<u>Options</u>	
intec	jjelp	
Symantee	Lut	
-		
		Symantec.

Figure D-41: Symantec Ghost Window

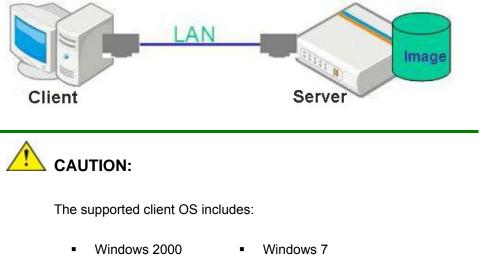
Step 3: When backup or recovery is completed, press any key to reboot the system.





D.6 Restore Systems from a Linux Server through LAN

The One Key Recovery allows a client system to automatically restore to a factory default image saved in a Linux system (the server) through LAN connectivity after encountering a Blue Screen of Death (BSoD) or a hang for around 10 minutes. To be able to use this function, the client system and the Linux system MUST reside in the same domain.



- Windows 2000 Windows 7 Windows XP • Windows XP Embedded
- Windows Vista
 Windows Embedded Standard 7

Prior to restoring client systems from a Linux server, a few setup procedures are required.

- Step 1: Configure DHCP server settings
- Step 2: Configure TFTP settings
- Step 3: Configure One Key Recovery server settings
- Step 4: Start DHCP, TFTP and HTTP
- Step 5: Create a shared directory
- Step 6: Setup a client system for auto recovery

The detailed descriptions are described in the following sections. In this document, two types of Linux OS are used as examples to explain the configuration process – CentOS 5.5 (Kernel 2.6.18) and Debian 5.0.7 (Kernel 2.6.26).



D.6.1 Configure DHCP Server Settings

Step 1: Install the DHCP

#yum install dhcp (CentOS, commands marked in red)

#apt-get install dhcp3-server (Debian, commands marked in blue)

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Step 2: Confirm the operating system default settings: dhcpd.conf.

CentOS

Use the following command to show the DHCP server sample location:

#vi /etc/dhcpd.conf

The DHCP server sample location is shown as below:



Use the following command to copy the DHCP server sample to etc/dhcpd.conf:

#cp /usr/share/doc/dhcp-3.0.5/dhcpd.conf.sample /etc/dhcpd.conf

#vi /etc/dhcpd.conf

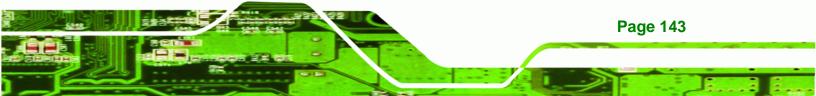
ddns-update-st ignore client-		
subnet 192.168	.0.0 netmask 255.255.25	5.0 (
	gateway routers subnet-mask	192.168.0.2; 255.255.255.0;
option	nis-domain domain-name domain-name-servers	"domain.org"; "domain.org"; 192.168.0.1;
	erver 192.168.0.6; me "pxelinux.0";	
option	time-offset ntp-servers	-18000; # Eastern Standard Time 192.168.1.1;

Debian

#vi /etc/dhcpd.conf

Edit "/etc/dhcpd.conf" for your environment. For example, add

next-server PXE server IP address;





filename "pxelinux.0";

	update-style interim; e client-updates;	
subne	t 192.168.0.0 netmask 255.255.25	5.0 {
#	default gateway option routers option subnet-mask	192.168.0.2; 255.255.255.0;
	option nis-domain option domain-name option domain-name-servers	"domain.org"; "domain.org"; 192.168.0.1:
	next-server 192.168.0.6; filename "pxelinux.0";	
ŧ	option time-offset option ntp-servers	-18000; # Eastern Standard Time 192.168.1.1;

D.6.2 Configure TFTP Settings

Step 1: Install the tftp, httpd and syslinux.

#yum install tftp-server httpd syslinux (CentOS)

#apt-get install tftpd-hpa xinetd syslinux (Debian)

Step 2: Enable the TFTP server by editing the "/etc/xinetd.d/tftp" file and make it use the remap file. The "-vvv" is optional but it could definitely help on getting more

information while running the remap file. For example:

<u>CentOS</u>

#vi /etc/xinetd.d/tftp

Modify:

disable = no

server_args = -s /tftpboot -m /tftpboot/tftpd.remap -vvv_

socket_type= dgramprotocol= udpwait= yesuser= rootserver= /usr/sbin/in.tftpdserver_args= -s /tftpboot -m /tftpboot/tftp	
user = root server = /usr/sbin/in.tftpd server_args = -s /tftpboot -m /tftpboot/tftp	
server = /usr/sbin/in.tftpd server_args = -s /tftpboot -m /tftpboot/tftp	
server_args = -s /tftpboot -m /tftpboot/tftp	
	d.remap -vvv
disable = no	
per_source = 11	
cps = 100 2	
flags = IPv4	



<u>Debian</u>

Replace the TFTP settings from "inetd" to "xinetd" and annotate the "inetd" by

adding "#".

#vi /etc/inetd.conf

Modify: #tftp dgram udp wait root /usr/sbin...... (as shown below)

#:BOOT: #	TFTP service i run this only	s provid on machi	ed prima nes acti	rily fo ng as "	r booting. Most sin boot servers."	tes	
∉tftp /var/l	dgram ib/tftpboot	udp	wait	root	/usr/sbin/in.tftpd	/usr/sbin/i	n.tftpd -s

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#vi /etc/xinetd.d/tftp

£	markat time	- daran
	socket_type	= dgram
	protocol	= udp
	wait	= yes
	user	= root
	server	= /usr/sbin/in.tftpd
	server_args	= -s /tftpboot -m /tftpboot/tftpd.remap -vvv
	disable	= no
	per_source	= 11
	cps	= 100 2
	flags	= IPv4

D.6.3 Configure One Key Recovery Server Settings

Step 1: Copy the Utility/RECOVERYR10.TAR.BZ2 package from the One Key

Recovery CD to the system (server side).



Step 2: Extract the recovery package to /.

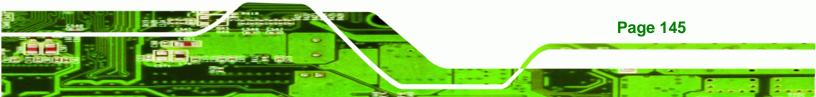
#cp RecoveryR10.tar.bz2 /

#cd /

#tar -xvjf RecoveryR10.tar.bz2

Step 3: Copy "pxelinux.0" from "syslinux" and install to "/tftboot".

#cp /usr/lib/syslinux/pxelinux.0 /tftpboot/





D.6.4 Start the DHCP, TFTP and HTTP

Start the DHCP, TFTP and HTTP. For example:

CentOS

#service xinetd restart

#service httpd restart

#service dhcpd restart

<u>Debian</u>

#/etc/init.d/xinetd reload

#/etc/init.d/xinetd restart

#/etc/init.d/dhcp3-server restart

D.6.5 Create Shared Directory

Step 1: Install the samba.

#yum install samba

Step 2: Create a shared directory for the factory default image.

#mkdir /share

#cd /share

#mkdir /image

#cp iei.gho /image



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The file name of the factory default image must be iei.gho.

Step 3: Confirm the operating system default settings: smb.conf.

#vi /etc/samba/smb.conf

Modify:

[image]

comment = One Key Recovery

path = /share/image

browseable = yes

writable = yes

public = yes

create mask = 0644

directory mask = 0755

Step 4: Edit "/etc/samba/smb.conf" for your environment. For example:

"security = user" is always a good idea. This will require a Unix account # in this server for every user accessing the server. See # /usr/share/doc/samba-doc/htmldocs/Samba3-HOWTO/ServerType.html # in the samba-doc package for details. security = share
<pre>[image] comment = One Key Recovery path = /share/image browseable = yes writable = yes public = yes create mask = 0644 directory mask = 0755</pre>

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Step 5: Modify the hostname

#vi /etc/hostname

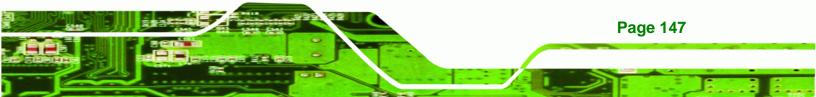
Modify: RecoveryServer

RecoveryServer

D.6.6 Setup a Client System for Auto Recovery

Step 1: Disable the automatically restart function before creating the factory

default image. Go to: My Computer \rightarrow Properties \rightarrow Advanced. Click the Settings button of Startup and Recovery. Deselect "Automatically restart". Click OK to save the settings and exit. (See Figure D-23)



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neral Computer Name Hardware Advanced Remote	
	System startup
You must be logged on as an Administrator to make most of these change	
Performance	"Microsoft Windows XP Embedded" /fastdetect /noexecute=Alwa
Visual effects, processor scheduling, memory usage, and virtual memory	
	Time to display list of operating systems:
Settings	Time to display recovery options when needed: 0 😂 second
	To edit the startup options file manually, click Edit.
User Profiles	
Desktop settings related to your logon	System failure
	Write an event to the system log
Settings	Send an administrative alert
Startup and Recovery	Automatically restart
System startup, system failure, and debugging information	Write debugging information
system statup, system railare, and debugging information	
Settings	Small memory dump (64 KB)
	Small dump directory:
Environment Variables Error Reporting	%SystemRoot%\Minidump
	Overwrite any existing file
OK Cancel Apply	

Figure D-42: Disable Automatically Restart

- Step 2: Configure the following BIOS options of the client system.
 Advanced → iEi Feature → Auto Recovery Function → Enabled
 Advanced → iEi Feature → Recover from PXE → Enabled
 Boot → Launch PXE OpROM → Enabled
- Step 3: Continue to configure the Boot Option Priorities BIOS option of the client system:
 Boot Option #1 → remain the default setting to boot from the original OS.

Boot Option #2 \rightarrow select the boot from LAN option.

Step 4: Save changes and exit BIOS menu.

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Exit → Save Changes and Exit

Step 5: Install the auto recovery utility into the system by double clicking theUtility/AUTORECOVERY-SETUP.exe in the One Key Recovery CD. This utility

MUST be installed in the system, otherwise, the system will automatically

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restore from the factory default image every ten (10) minutes.



Step 6: Restart the client system from LAN. If the system encounters a Blue Screen of Death (BSoD) or a hang for around 10 minutes, it will automatically restore from the factory default image. The following screens will show when the system starts auto recovering.

Realtek PCIe GBE Family Controller Series v2.35 (06/14/10)

CLIENT MAC ADDR: 00 18 7D 13 E6 89 GUID: 00020003-0004-0005-0006-0007000800 DHCP..∠

Windows is loading files...

IP: 192.168.0.8, File: \Boot\WinPE.wim



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D T I I				
Progress Indicator				
0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Statistics				
Percent complete	52		- 1.1	
Speed (MB/min)	468		2.1	
MB copied	632		1	-)
MB remaining	563		1	1
Time elapsed	1:21		1	/
Time remaining	1:12			
Details				
Connection type	Local			
Source Partition	Type:7 [NTFS], 100	0006 MB, 1951 MB used	, No name	
	from Local drive E8	0], 130129 MB		
Destination file	Local file D:\iei.GHO			
Current file	3891 c_869.nls			
		(S) sym	antec.	



A firewall or a SELinux is not in use in the whole setup process described above. If there is a firewall or a SELinux protecting the system, modify the configuration information to accommodate them.

D.7 Other Information

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D.7.1 Using AHCI Mode or ALi M5283 / VIA VT6421A Controller

When the system uses AHCI mode or some specific SATA controllers such as ALi M5283 or VIA VT6421A, the SATA RAID/AHCI driver must be installed before using one key recovery. Please follow the steps below to install the SATA RAID/AHCI driver.

- Step 1: Copy the SATA RAID/AHCI driver to a floppy disk and insert the floppy disk into a USB floppy disk drive. The SATA RAID/AHCI driver must be especially designed for the on-board SATA controller.
- Step 2: Connect the USB floppy disk drive to the system.
- Step 3: Insert the One Key Recovery CD into the system and boot the system from the CD.
- Step 4: When launching the recovery tool, press <F6>.



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Step 5: When the following window appears, press **<S>** to select "Specify Additional

Device".

Setup could not determine the type of one or more mass storage devices installed in your system, or you have chosen to manually specify an adapter. Currently, Setup will load support for the following mass storage devices(s): <mone> * To specify additional SCSI adapters, CD-ROM drives, or special disk controllers for use with Windows, including those for which you have a device support disk from a mass storage device

 If you do not have any device support disks from a mass storage device manufacturer, or do not want to specify additional mass storage devices for use with Hindows, press ENTER.

S=Specify Additional Device ENTER=Continue F3=Exit

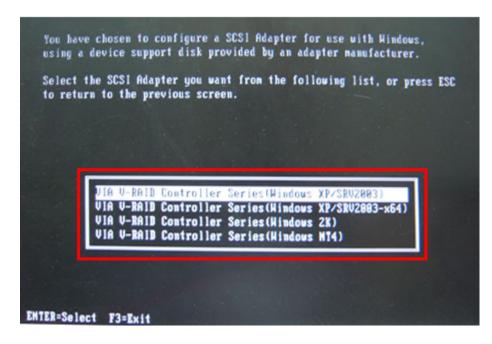
nanufacturer, press S.





Step 6: In the following window, select a SATA controller mode used in the system. Then

press **<Enter>**. The user can now start using the SATA HDD.



Step 7: After pressing <Enter>, the system will get into the recovery tool setup menu.
 Continue to follow the setup procedure from Step 4 in Section D.2.2 Create
 Partitions to finish the whole setup process.

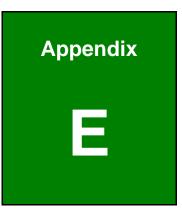
D.7.2 System Memory Requirement

To be able to access the recovery tool by pressing **<F3>** while booting up the system, please make sure to have enough system memory. The minimum memory requirement is listed below.

- Using Award BIOS: 128 MB system memory
- Using AMI BIOS: 512 MB system memory.

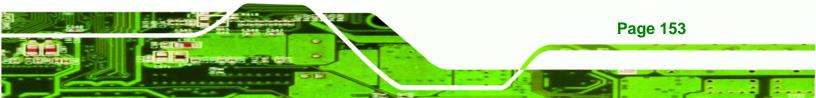






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Terminology



AC '97	Audio Codec 97 (AC'97) refers to a codec standard developed by Intel $\mbox{\sc n}$ in 1997.
ACPI	Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) is an OS-directed configuration, power management, and thermal management interface.
AHCI	Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) is a SATA Host controller register-level interface.
ΑΤΑ	The Advanced Technology Attachment (ATA) interface connects storage devices including hard disks and CD-ROM drives to a computer.
ARMD	An ATAPI Removable Media Device (ARMD) is any ATAPI device that supports removable media, besides CD and DVD drives.
ASKIR	Amplitude Shift Keyed Infrared (ASKIR) is a form of modulation that represents a digital signal by varying the amplitude ("volume") of the signal. A low amplitude signal represents a binary 0, while a high amplitude signal represents a binary 1.
BIOS	The Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) is firmware that is first run when the computer is turned on and can be configured by the end user
CODEC	The Compressor-Decompressor (CODEC) encodes and decodes digital audio data on the system.
CompactFlash ®	CompactFlash® is a solid-state storage device. CompactFlash® devices use flash memory in a standard size enclosure. Type II is thicker than Type I, but a Type II slot can support both types.
CMOS	Complimentary metal-oxide-conductor is an integrated circuit used in chips like static RAM and microprocessors.
СОМ	COM refers to serial ports. Serial ports offer serial communication to expansion devices. The serial port on a personal computer is usually a male DB-9 connector.
DAC	The Digital-to-Analog Converter (DAC) converts digital signals to analog signals.
DDR	Double Data Rate refers to a data bus transferring data on both the rising and falling edges of the clock signal.

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DMA	Direct Memory Access (DMA) enables some peripheral devices to bypass the system processor and communicate directly with the system memory.
DIMM	Dual Inline Memory Modules are a type of RAM that offer a 64-bit data bus and have separate electrical contacts on each side of the module.
DIO	The digital inputs and digital outputs are general control signals that control the on/off circuit of external devices or TTL devices. Data can be read or written to the selected address to enable the DIO functions.
EHCI	The Enhanced Host Controller Interface (EHCI) specification is a register-level interface description for USB 2.0 Host Controllers.
EIDE	Enhanced IDE (EIDE) is a newer IDE interface standard that has data transfer rates between 4.0 MBps and 16.6 MBps.
EIST	Enhanced Intel® SpeedStep Technology (EIST) allows users to modify the power consumption levels and processor performance through application software. The application software changes the bus-to-core frequency ratio and the processor core voltage.
FSB	The Front Side Bus (FSB) is the bi-directional communication channel between the processor and the Northbridge chipset.
GbE	Gigabit Ethernet (GbE) is an Ethernet version that transfers data at 1.0 Gbps and complies with the IEEE 802.3-2005 standard.
GPIO	General purpose input
HDD	Hard disk drive (HDD) is a type of magnetic, non-volatile computer storage device that stores digitally encoded data.
ICH	The Input/Ouput Control Hub (ICH) is an Intel® Southbridge chipset.
IrDA	Infrared Data Association (IrDA) specify infrared data transmission protocols used to enable electronic devices to wirelessly communicate with each other.
L1 Cache	The Level 1 Cache (L1 Cache) is a small memory cache built into the system processor.
L2 Cache	The Level 2 Cache (L2 Cache) is an external processor memory cache.

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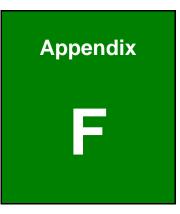


LCD	Liquid crystal display (LCD) is a flat, low-power display device that consists of two polarizing plates with a liquid crystal panel in between.
LVDS	Low-voltage differential signaling (LVDS) is a dual-wire, high-speed differential electrical signaling system commonly used to connect LCD displays to a computer.
POST	The Power-on Self Test (POST) is the pre-boot actions the system performs when the system is turned-on.
RAM	Random Access Memory (RAM) is volatile memory that loses data when power is lost. RAM has very fast data transfer rates compared to other storage like hard drives.
SATA	Serial ATA (SATA) is a serial communications bus designed for data transfers between storage devices and the computer chipsets. The SATA bus has transfer speeds up to 1.5 Gbps and the SATA II bus has data transfer speeds of up to 3.0 Gbps.
S.M.A.R.T	Self Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology (S.M.A.R.T) refers to automatic status checking technology implemented on hard disk drives.
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver-transmitter (UART) is responsible for asynchronous communications on the system and manages the system's serial communication (COM) ports.
UHCI	The Universal Host Controller Interface (UHCI) specification is a register-level interface description for USB 1.1 Host Controllers.
USB	The Universal Serial Bus (USB) is an external bus standard for interfacing devices. USB 1.1 supports 12Mbps data transfer rates and USB 2.0 supports 480Mbps data transfer rates.
VGA	The Video Graphics Array (VGA) is a graphics display system developed by IBM.



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Watchdog Timer







The following discussion applies to DOS environment. IEI support is contacted or the IEI website visited for specific drivers for more sophisticated operating systems, e.g., Windows and Linux.

The Watchdog Timer is provided to ensure that standalone systems can always recover from catastrophic conditions that cause the CPU to crash. This condition may have occurred by external EMIs or a software bug. When the CPU stops working correctly, Watchdog Timer either performs a hardware reset (cold boot) or a Non-Maskable Interrupt (NMI) to bring the system back to a known state.

A BIOS function call (INT 15H) is used to control the Watchdog Timer.

AH – 6FH	AH – 6FH Sub-function:					
AL – 2:	Sets the Watchdog Timer's period.					
BL:	Time-out value (Its unit-second is dependent on the item "Watchdog					
	Timer unit select" in CMOS setup).					

INT 15H:

Table F-1: AH-6FH Sub-function

Call sub-function 2 to set the time-out period of Watchdog Timer first. If the time-out value is not zero, the Watchdog Timer starts counting down. When the timer value reaches zero, the system resets. To ensure that this reset condition does not occur, calling sub-function 2 must periodically refresh the Watchdog Timer. However, the watchdog timer is disabled if the time-out value is set to zero.

A tolerance of at least 10% must be maintained to avoid unknown routines within the operating system (DOS), such as disk I/O that can be very time-consuming.



When exiting a program it is necessary to disable the Watchdog Timer, otherwise the system resets.

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Example program:

; INITIAL TIMER PERIOD COUNTER

; W_LOOP:

;

;

MOVAX, 6F02H; setting the time-out valueMOVBL, 30; time-out value is 48 secondsINT15H

; ADD THE APPLICATION PROGRAM HERE

CMP	EXIT_AP, 1	; is the application over?
JNE	W_LOOP	; No, restart the application
MOV MOV INT	AX, 6F02H BL, 0 15H	

;

; **EXIT** ;







Hazardous Materials Disclosure



G.1 Hazardous Materials Disclosure Table for IPB Products Certified as RoHS Compliant Under 2002/95/EC Without Mercury

The details provided in this appendix are to ensure that the product is compliant with the Peoples Republic of China (China) RoHS standards. The table below acknowledges the presences of small quantities of certain materials in the product, and is applicable to China RoHS only.

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A label will be placed on each product to indicate the estimated "Environmentally Friendly Use Period" (EFUP). This is an estimate of the number of years that these substances would "not leak out or undergo abrupt change." This product may contain replaceable sub-assemblies/components which have a shorter EFUP such as batteries and lamps. These components will be separately marked.

Please refer to the table on the next page.



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Part Name	Toxic or Hazardous Substances and Elements							
	Lead	Mercury	Cadmium	Hexavalent	Polybrominated	Polybrominated		
	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cd)	Chromium	Biphenyls	Diphenyl Ethers		
				(CR(VI))	(PBB)	(PBDE)		
Housing	х	0	0	0	0	x		
Display	х	0	0	0	0	x		
Printed Circuit	х	0	0	0	0	х		
Board								
Metal Fasteners	х	0	0	0	0	0		
Cable Assembly	х	0	0	0	0	Х		
Fan Assembly	х	0	0	0	0	Х		
Power Supply	х	0	0	0	0	х		
Assemblies								
Battery	0	0	0	0	0	0		
O: This toxic or	O: This toxic or hazardous substance is contained in all of the homogeneous materials for the part is							
below the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006								
X: This toxic or	hazardo	us substance	e is containe	d in at least or	ne of the homogene	eous materials for		
this part is above the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006								

此附件旨在确保本产品符合中国 RoHS 标准。以下表格标示此产品中某有毒物质的含量符 合中国 RoHS 标准规定的限量要求。

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本产品上会附有"环境友好使用期限"的标签,此期限是估算这些物质"不会有泄漏或突变"的 年限。本产品可能包含有较短的环境友好使用期限的可替换元件,像是电池或灯管,这些元 件将会单独标示出来。

部件名称	有毒有害物	有毒有害物质或元素							
	铅	汞	镉	六价铬	多溴联苯	多溴二苯醚			
	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cd)	(CR(VI))	(PBB)	(PBDE)			
壳体	x	0	0	0	0	x			
显示	х	0	0	0	0	x			
印刷电路板	Х	0	0	0	0	Х			
金属螺帽	Х	0	0	0	0	0			
电缆组装	х	0	0	0	0	x			
风扇组装	х	0	0	0	0	х			
电力供应组装	х	0	0	0	0	х			
电池	0	0	0	0	0	0			
O: 表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有物质材料中的含量均在 SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求以下。									
X:表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出 SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求。									

