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# MODEL: AFL-F08A-N270

Fanless All-in-one Panel PC with 1.6 GHz Intel® Atom<sup>™</sup> CPU TFT LCD, Wireless LAN, Touch Screen, RS-232/422/485 and IP 64 Protection

# **User Manual**



Rev. 2.40 - 22 October, 2012



# Revision

Date	Version	Changes
22 October, 2012	2.40	Updated for R24 version
		Updated audio codec spec
		Added Section 3.10 and 3.11: Powering On/Off the System
		Added Section 5: Interface Connectors
		Added Appendix B: ALC892 Digital Microphone Configuration
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22 July, 2011	2.10	Updated for R21 version (changed wireless module)
16 September, 2010	1.01	Added Appendix D Safety Precautions
11 August, 2010	1.00	Initial release



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# Introduction





# 1.1 Overview



Figure 1-1: AFL-F08A-N270 Flat Panel PC

The AFL-F08A-N270 is an 8" panel PC with a frameless front panel, designed to fit in any office, business or home and featuring all the inputs and outputs for full integration. The version with multi-touch screen allows complex onscreen activities to be performed by simply using both fingers to indicate movements and actions.

At the heart of the system is the 1.6 GHz Intel® Atom<sup>™</sup> N270 processor, offering low power in a powerful package. The chipset is rounded off with the Intel® 945GSE and Intel® 945GSE.

The system also offers a multimedia experience with a built-in camera, microphone and speakers. Other peripherals include two USB ports, an RS-232 port, an RS-232/422/485 port, two LAN ports and an audio output. Wireless networking capabilities include 802.11 b/g/n Wi-Fi and optional Bluetooth 2.0.

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# **1.2 Features**

There are four models in the AFL-F08A-N270. Both models feature the following:

- 1.6 GHz Intel® Atom<sup>™</sup> N270 processor
- Intel® 945GSE and ICH7-M chipset
- Up to 2 GB One 1.0 GB 533 MHz DDR2 SDRAM SO-DIMM pre-installed (supports up to 2.0 GB 533/400 MHz DDR2 SDRAM)

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- 802.11 b/g/n wireless module
- Two USB 2.0 ports
- IP 64 compliant front panel
- Touch screen (multitouch or standard)
- RoHS compliance

### 1.3 Front Panel

The front side of the AFL-F08A-N270 is a flat panel TFT LCD screen surrounded by an ABS/PC plastic frame. The overview of the front panel is shown below.



Figure 1-2: AFL-F08A-N270 Front View





# 1.3.1 Function Keys

The front panel of the AFL-F08A-N270 contains several function keys that control audio volume, LCD brightness and power on/off.

# 

The function keys are locked and illuminated with low intensity light in sleep mode. Touch any function key to release key lock (the keys light up). Then, follow the descriptions below to control the system.

Function Key	Description
Power on/off	Control system power on/off. Press for 5 seconds to turn on or turn off
	the system (see Section 3.10 and 3.11 for detail description).
Brightness up/down	Press to increase or decrease LCD brightness.
Volume up/down	Press to increase or decrease audio volume.
LCD on/off	Press to turn on or turn off the LCD screen. It can not be activated until
	the finger is removed.

Table 1-1: Function Keys



# 1.4 Rear Panel

The rear panel provides access to retention screw holes that support the wall mounting. Refer to **Figure 1-3**.

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Figure 1-3: AFL-F08A-N270 Rear View

# **1.5 I/O Interface Panel**

The I/O interface panel located on the bottom of the AFL-F08A-N270 has the following I/O interface connectors:

- 1 x Audio connector
- 1 x 12 V DC In connector
- 1 x External SATA connector
- 1 x RS-232 connector
- 1 x RS-232/422/485 connector
- 2 x LAN connectors
- 2 x USB 2.0 connectors
- 1 x Power switch
- 1 x Reset button

The external I/O interface connector panel is shown in Figure 1-4.





Figure 1-4: AFL-F08A-N270 I/O Interface Connector Panel

# **1.6 Internal Overview**

The AFL-F08A-N270 has the following components installed internally:

- 1 x Motherboard
- 1 x 1.0 GB 533 MHz DDR2 SDRAM SO-DIMM
- 1 x Wireless module

# **1.7 System Specifications**

The technical specifications for the AFL-F08A-N270 systems are listed in Table 1-2.

Specification	Description
LCD Size	8"
Max. Resolution	800 x 600
Contrast Ratio	500:1
Brightness (cd/m <sup>2</sup> )	250
LCD Color	262K
Pixel Pitch (H x V) (mm)	0.2025 x 0.2025
Viewing Angle (H-V)	140°/130°
Backlight MTBF	30000 hours (LED)
SBC Model	AFLMB-945GSE-N270
CPU	1.6 GHz Intel® Atom™ N270
Chipset	Intel® 945GSE + ICH7M
Memory	One 1.0 GB 533 MHz DDR2 SDRAM SO-DIMM pre-installed (supports up to
	2.0 GB 533/400 MHz DDR2 SDRAM)
SSD	CF Type II slot

## Page 6

Specification	Description	
Watchdog Timer	Software Programmable supports 1 sec. ~ 255 sec. system reset	
Audio Codec	ALC892 + TPA2012 2.1w/ch CLASS D amplifier	
Speakers	AMP 1.5 W + AMP 1.5 W (built-in stereo speakers)	
Camera	2-megapixel digital camera on the front panel	
Expansion	1 x PCIe Mini card (wireless LAN 802.11 b/g/n module)	
	1 x Optional Bluetooth module (USB interface, Bluetooth v 2.0)	
Construction Material	ABS + PC plastic front frame	
Mounting	Panel, Wall, Stand, Arm (VESA 75 mm x 75 mm)	
Dimensions (W x H x D)	234 mm x 177 mm x 43 mm	
Operation Temperature	-10°C ~ 50°C	
Storage Temperature	-20°C ~ 60°C	
Net weight	1.8 kg	
IP level (front panel)	IP 64	
EMC	CE, FCC and CCC	
Safety	СВ	
Touch Screen	AFL-F08A-N270/R: 5-wire analog resistive type touch window	
	AFL-F08A-N270/PC: Multi-touch projected capacitive touch screen (USB)	
Power Adapter	36 W power adapter	
	Input: 100 V AC ~ 240 V AC; 50 Hz ~ 60 Hz	
	Output: 12 V DC	
Power Consumption	32 W	
I/O Ports and Switches	1 x 12 V DC input jack	
	1 x Audio connector	
	1 x RS-232 COM port connectors	
	1 x RS-232/422/485 COM port connector	
	2 x RJ-45 for GbE LAN	
	2 x USB 2.0 ports	
	1 x External SATA connector	
	1 x Power switch	
	1 x Reset button	

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Table 1-2: AFL-F08A-N270 System Specifications



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AFL-F08A-N270 Panel PC

# 1.8 Dimensions

The dimensions are shown below.



Figure 1-5: Main Dimensions

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Figure 1-6: Rear Dimensions







# Unpacking



To unpack the flat panel PC, follow the steps below:

# 

The front side LCD screen has a protective plastic cover stuck to the screen. Only remove the plastic cover after the system has been properly installed. This ensures the screen is protected during the installation process.

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- **Step 1:** Use box cutters, a knife or a sharp pair of scissors that seals the top side of the external (second) box.
- Step 2: Open the external (second) box.
- **Step 3:** Use box cutters, a knife or a sharp pair of scissors that seals the top side of the internal (first) box.
- **Step 4:** Lift the monitor out of the boxes.
- Step 5: Remove both polystyrene ends, one from each side.
- **Step 6:** Pull the plastic cover off the flat panel PC.
- Step 7: Make sure all the components listed in the packing list are present.

The AFL-F08A-N270 is shipped with the following components:

Quantity	Item	Image
1	AFL-F08A-N270 panel PC	



Quantity	Item	Image
1	Power adapter	
1	Power cord	
1	Power transfer cord	
1	Screw kit	
1	Touch pen	
1	User manual CD and driver CD	

# Table 2-1: Packing List

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Item	Image
Panel mounting kit ( <b>P/N</b> : AFLPK-08)	



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#### Table 2-2: Optional Items

If any of these items are missing or damaged, contact the distributor or sales representative immediately.







# Installation



### 3.1 Anti-static Precautions



Failure to take ESD precautions during the maintenance of the AFL-F08A-N270 may result in permanent damage to the AFL-F08A-N270 and severe injury to the user.

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Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can cause serious damage to electronic components, including the AFL-F08A-N270. Dry climates are especially susceptible to ESD. It is therefore critical that whenever the AFL-F08A-N270 is accessed internally, or any other electrical component is handled, the following anti-static precautions are strictly adhered to.

- Wear an anti-static wristband: Wearing a simple anti-static wristband can help to prevent ESD from damaging the board.
- Self-grounding: Before handling the board touch any grounded conducting material. During the time the board is handled, frequently touch any conducting materials that are connected to the ground.
- Use an anti-static pad: When configuring the AFL-F08A-N270, place it on an antic-static pad. This reduces the possibility of ESD damaging the AFL-F08A-N270.
- Only handle the edges of the PCB: When handling the PCB, hold the PCB by the edges.

### **3.2 Installation Precautions**

When installing the flat panel PC, please follow the precautions listed below:

- Power turned off: When installing the flat panel PC, make sure the power is off. Failing to turn off the power may cause severe injury to the body and/or damage to the system.
- Certified Engineers: Only certified engineers should install and modify onboard functionalities.





Anti-static Discharge: If a user open the rear panel of the flat panel PC, to configure the jumpers or plug in added peripheral devices, ground themselves first and wear and anti-static wristband.

# **3.3 Installation and Configuration Steps**

The following installation steps must be followed.

- Step 1: Unpack the system
- Step 2: Install a CF card
- Step 3: Configure the system
- Step 4: Connect peripheral devices
- Step 5: Mount the system

### 3.4 Removing the Back Cover



Over-tightening back cover screws will crack the plastic frame. Maximum torque for cover screws is 5 kg-cm (0.36 lb-ft/0.49 Nm).

To access the AFL-F08A-N270 internally the back cover must be removed. To remove the back cover, please follow the steps below.





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Figure 3-1: Back Cover Retention Screws

Step 2: Use a screwdriver to gently pry the edges of the system loose.



Figure 3-2: Pry The Rear Cover Off

**Step 3:** The cover will come off easily. Slide down slightly to clear the serial port connectors.





# 3.5 CF Card Installation

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To install the CompactFlash® card, the cover plate must be removed. To remove the cover plate and install the CompactFlash® card, follow the instructions below.

Step 1: Undo the CompactFlash® cover fastening screw.



Figure 3-3: CompactFlash® Card Cover Screw



**Step 2:** Slide the CompactFlash® card into the slot under the cover.

Figure 3-4: CompactFlash® Install

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**Step 3:** Once installed, replace the cover and screw.

# 3.6 Internal Cover Removal

To change jumper settings and to access most internal parts, the internal aluminum cover needs to be removed. To remove this cover, please follow the steps below.

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**Step 1:** Undo the fastening screws indicated by the arrows and circles below.



Figure 3-5: Internal Cover Removal

Step 2: The internal parts will all be viewable.



The IEI logo on the front panel can be customized and replaced from here.







Step 3: To reinstall the cover, just replace it and fasten the screws.

# 3.7 Jumper Settings





A jumper is a metal bridge used to close an electrical circuit. It consists of two or three metal pins and a small metal clip (often protected by a plastic cover) that slides over the pins to connect them. To CLOSE/SHORT a jumper means connecting the pins of the jumper with



the plastic clip and to OPEN a jumper means removing the plastic clip from a jumper.

The following jumpers and switches can be changed after removing the rear cover.

Description	Label	Туре
Clear CMOS	J_COMS1	2-pin header
COM1 Pin 9 setting	JP8	10-pin header
COM3 Pin 9 setting	JP10	6-pin header
COM3 RX RS-232/422/485 select	JP9	8-pin header
COM3 TX RS-422/485 select	JP11	6-pin header
COM3 RS-232/422/485 select	JP6	12-pin header
CompactFlash® setup	JCF1	2-pin header

Table 3-1: Jumpers

#### 3.7.1 Access the Jumpers

To access the jumpers, remove the back cover. To remove the back cover, please refer to **Section 3.4**.



### **3.7.2 Preconfigured Jumpers**



Do not change the settings on the jumpers in described here. Doing so may disable or damage the system.

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The following jumpers are preconfigured for the AFL-F08A-N270. Users should not change these jumpers (**Table 3-2**). The jumper settings of the preconfigured jumpers are listed in Chapter 6 for reference.

Jumper Name	Label	Туре
Backlight voltage selection	J_BL1	3-pin header
Inverter power selection	JP12	6-pin header
LVDS voltage selection	J_VLVDS1	3-pin header
MCU LCD type selection	JP14	4-pin header
MCU PWM power selection	JP13	3-pin header
Panel type and resolution	J_LCD_TYPE1	10-pin header
Touchscreen selection	J1	4-pin header
USB2 and USB4 power selection	JP15	6-pin header

**Table 3-2: Preconfigured Jumpers** 

### 3.7.3 AT/ATX Power Select Jumper Settings

Jumper Label:	Switch
Jumper Type:	Two-setting switch
Jumper Location:	See Figure 3-7

Set this switch to the required power setting.




Figure 3-7: AT/ATX Power Selection Switch

#### 3.7.4 Clear CMOS Jumper

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Jumper Label:	J_CMOS1
Jumper Type:	2-pin header
Jumper Settings:	See Table 3-3
Jumper Location:	See Figure 3-8

If the AFL-F08A-N270 fails to boot due to improper BIOS settings, the clear CMOS jumper clears the CMOS data and resets the system BIOS information. To do this, use the jumper cap to close the pins for a few seconds then remove the jumper clip.

If the "CMOS Settings Wrong" message is displayed during the boot up process, the fault may be corrected by pressing the F1 to enter the CMOS Setup menu. Do one of the following:

- Enter the correct CMOS setting
- Load Optimal Defaults
- Load Failsafe Defaults.

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After having done one of the above, save the changes and exit the CMOS Setup menu.

The clear CMOS jumper settings are shown in Table 3-3.

Clear CMOS	Description	
Short 1 - 2	Keep CMOS Setup	Default
Short 2 - 3	Clear CMOS Setup	

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Table 3-3: Clear CMOS Jumper Settings

The location of the clear CMOS jumper is shown in **Figure 3-8** below.



Figure 3-8: Clear CMOS Jumper

#### 3.7.5 COM Port Pin 9 Select

Jumper Label:	JP8 and JP10
Jumper Settings:	See Table 3-4
Jumper Location:	See Figure 3-9

Two jumpers (JP8 and JP10) configure pin 9 on COM1 and COM3 DB-9 connectors. Pin 9 on the COM1 and the COM3 DB-9 connectors can be set as the ring (RI) signal, +5 V or +12 V. The COM1 and COM3 Pin 9 Setting jumper selection options are shown in **Table 3-4**.

JP8	Description	
Short 1-3	COM1 RI Pin use +12 V	
Short 3-5	COM1 RI Pin use +5 V	
Short 7-9	COM1 RI Pin use RI	Default

Table 3-4: COM1 Pin 9 Setting Jumper Settings





Table 3-5: COM3 Pin 9 Setting Jumper Settings

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The COM1 and COM3 Pin 9 Setting jumper locations are shown in Figure 3-9 below.



Figure 3-9: COM1 and COM3 Pin 9 Setting Jumper Locations

#### 3.7.5.1 COM3 RS-422 and RS-485 Pinouts

The pinouts for RS-422 and RS-485 operation of external serial port COM 3 are detailed below.

СОМ 3	RS-422 Description
Pin 1	TX-
Pin 2	TX+
Pin 6	RX-
Pin 7	RX+

#### Table 3-6: RS-422 Pinouts

COM 3	RS-485 Description	
Pin 1	Data-	
Pin 2	Data+	

Table 3-7: RS-485 Pinouts

#### 3.7.6 COM3 RX Function Select Jumper

Jumper Label:	JP9
Jumper Type:	8-pin header
Jumper Settings:	See Table 3-8
Jumper Location:	See Figure 3-10

The COM3 RX Function Select jumper sets the communication protocol used by the RX serial communications port COM3 as RS-232, RS-422 or RS-485. The COM3 RX Function Select jumper settings are shown in **Table 3-8**.

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COM3 RX Function Select	Description	
Short 1-2	DET BIOS	
	RS-232/422/485	
Short 3-4	RS-232	Default
Short 5-6	RS-422	
Short 7-8	RS-485	

Table 3-8: COM3 RX Function Select Jumper Settings

The COM3 RX Function Select jumper location is shown in Figure 3-10.



Figure 3-10: COM3 RX Function Select Jumper Location



#### 3.7.7 COM3 TX Function Select Jumper

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Jumper Label:	JP11
Jumper Type:	6-pin header
Jumper Settings:	See Table 3-9
Jumper Location:	See Figure 3-11

The COM3 TX Function Select jumper configures the TX pin on COM3 serial port connector as RS-422 as an RS-485. The COM3 TX Function Select jumper selection options are shown in **Table 3-9**.

COM3 TX Function Select	Description
Short 1 – 3	RS-422 TX-
Short 2 – 4	RS-422 TX+
Short 3 – 5	RS-485 D-
Short 4 – 6	RS-485 D+

Table 3-9: COM3 TX Function Select Jumper Settings

The COM3 TX Function Select jumper location is shown in Figure 3-11 below.



Figure 3-11: COM3 TX Function Select Jumper Pinout Locations



#### 3.7.8 COM3 RS-232/422/485 Serial Port Select Jumper

Jumper Label:	JP6
Jumper Type:	12-pin header (four 3-pin headers combined)
Jumper Settings:	See Table 3-10
Jumper Location:	See Figure 3-12

The COM3 RS-232/422/485 Serial Port Select jumper sets the communication protocol used by the second serial communications port (COM3) as RS-232, RS-422 or RS-485. The COM3 RS-232/422/485 Serial Port Select settings are shown in **Table 3-10**.

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RS-232/485 Select	Description	
Short 1-2	RS-232	Default
Short 4-5	RS-232	Default
Short 7-8	RS-232	Default
Short 10-11	RS-232	Default
Short 2-3	RS-422/485	
Short 5-6	RS-422/485	
Short 8-9	RS-422/485	
Short 11-12	RS-422/485	

#### Table 3-10: COM3 RS-232/422/485 Serial Port Select Jumper Settings

The COM3 RS-232/422/485 Serial Port Select jumper location is shown in Figure 3-12.





Figure 3-12: COM3 RS-232/422/485 Serial Port Select Jumper Location

#### 3.7.9 CompactFlash® Setup

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Jumper Label:	JCF1
Jumper Type:	2-pin header
Jumper Settings:	See Table 3-11
Jumper Location:	See Figure 3-13

The CompactFlash® slot is connected through an IDE connection. This jumper sets the CompactFlash® card as the master or slave IDE device.

Setting	Description
Open	Master (Default)
Short	Slave

Table 3-11: CompactFlash® Setup Jumper Settings





Figure 3-13: CompactFlash® Setup Jumper Location

#### 3.8 Mounting the System



When mounting the system onto an arm, onto the wall or onto a panel, it is better to have more than one person to help with the installation to make sure the panel PC does not fall down and get damaged.

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Available mounting methods are listed in the subsections below.

#### 3.8.1 Wall Mounting

To mount the system onto the wall, please follow the steps below.

- Step 1: Select the location on the wall for the wall-mounting bracket.
- Step 2: Carefully mark the locations of the four screw holes in the bracket on the wall.
- Step 3: Drill four pilot holes at the marked locations on the wall for the bracket retention screws.
- **Step 4:** Align the wall-mounting bracket screw holes with the pilot holes.
- Step 5: Secure the mounting-bracket to the wall by inserting the retention screws into the four pilot holes and tightening them (Figure 3-14).







#### Figure 3-14: Wall-mounting Bracket

Step 6: Insert the four monitor mounting screws provided in the wall mount kit into the four screw holes on the real panel and tighten until the screw shank is secured against the rear panel (Figure 3-15).



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Please use the M4 screws provided in the wall mount kit for the rear panel. If the screw is missing, the thread depth of the replacement screw should be not more than 4 mm.



Step 7: Align the mounting screws on the monitor rear panel with the mounting holes on the bracket.

Step 8: Carefully insert the screws through the holes and gently pull the monitor downwards until the monitor rests securely in the slotted holes (Figure 3-15). Ensure that all four of the mounting screws fit snuggly into their respective slotted holes.

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In the diagram below the bracket is already installed on the wall.



Figure 3-15: Chassis Support Screws

Step 9: Secure the panel PC by fastening the retention screw of the wall-mounting bracket. (Figure 3-16).



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#### AFL-F08A-N270 Panel PC



Figure 3-16: Secure the Panel PC

#### 3.8.2 Panel Mounting

To mount the AFL-F08A-N270 into a panel, please follow the steps below.

Step 10: Select the position on the panel to mount the flat panel PC.

- Step 11: Cut out a section from the panel that corresponds to the rear panel dimensions of the flat panel PC. Take care that the panel section that is cut out is smaller than the overall size of the frame but larger than the rear part of the system body.
- Step 12: Slide the system through the hole until the frame is flush against the panel.
- Step 13: Insert the panel mounting clamps into the pre-formed holes along the edges of the chassis, behind the frame.
- **Step 14:** Tighten the screws that pass through the panel mounting clamps until the plastic caps at the front of all the screws are firmly secured to the panel.





#### Figure 3-17: Tighten the Panel Mounting Clamp Screws

#### 3.8.3 Arm Mounting

The AFL-F08A-N270 is VESA (Video Electronics Standards Association) compliant and can be mounted on an arm with a 75mm interface pad. To mount the AFL-F08A-N270 on an arm, please follow the steps below.

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Step 1: The arm is a separately purchased item. Please correctly mount the arm onto the surface it uses as a base. To do this, refer to the installation documentation that came with the mounting arm.



When purchasing the arm please ensure that it is VESA compliant and that the arm has a 75 mm interface pad. If the mounting arm is not VESA compliant it cannot be used to support the AFL-F08A-N270.

**Step 2:** Once the mounting arm has been firmly attached to the surface, lift the system onto the interface pad of the mounting arm.





**Step 3:** Align the retention screw holes on the mounting arm interface with those in the flat panel PC.



#### Figure 3-18: Arm Mounting Retention Screw Holes

**Step 4:** Secure the system to the interface pad by inserting four retention screws through the bottom of the mounting arm interface pad and into the flat panel PC.

#### 3.8.4 Cabinet and Rack Installation

The AFL-F08A-N270 can be installed into a cabinet or rack. The installation procedures are similar to the panel mounting installation. To do this, please follow the steps below:



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When purchasing the cabinet/rack installation bracket, make sure it is compatible with both the AFL-F08A-N270 and the rack/cabinet into which the AFL-F08A-N270 is installed.

**Step 1:** Slide the rear chassis of the AFL-F08A-N270 through the rack/cabinet bracket until the aluminum frame is flush against the front of the bracket (**Figure 3-19**).



#### Figure 3-19: The Rack/Cabinet Bracket

**Step 2:** Insert the rack mounting clamps into the pre-formed holes along the edges of the flat panel PC, behind the ABS/PC plastic frame.

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**Step 3:** Tighten the screws that pass through the rack mounting clamps until the plastic caps at the front of all the screws are firmly secured to the bracket (**Figure 3-20**).



#### Rack/Cabinet Bracket

#### Figure 3-20: Secure the Rack/Cabinet Bracket

Step 4: Slide the AFL-F08A-N270 with the attached rack/cabinet bracket into a rack or cabinet (Figure 3-21).







#### Figure 3-21: Install into a Rack/Cabinet

Step 5: Once the AFL-F08A-N270 with the attached rack/cabinet bracket has been properly inserted into the rack or cabinet, secure the front of the rack/cabinet bracket to the front of the rack or cabinet (Figure 3-21).

#### 3.9 Bottom Panel Connectors

This section provides and overview of the connectors on the bottom panel.

#### 3.9.1 LAN Connection

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There are two external RJ-45 LAN connectors. The RJ-45 connector enables connection to an external network. To connect a LAN cable with an RJ-45 connector, please follow the instructions below.

- Step 1: Locate the RJ-45 connectors on the bottom panel of the AFL-F08A-N270.
- Step 2: Align the connectors. Align the RJ-45 connector on the LAN cable with one of the RJ-45 connectors on the bottom panel of the AFL-F08A-N270.



#### Figure 3-22: LAN Connection

Step 3: Insert the LAN cable RJ-45 connector. Once aligned, gently insert the LAN cable RJ-45 connector into the onboard RJ-45 connector.

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#### **3.9.2 Serial Device Connection**

The AFL-F08A-N270 has two male DB-9 connectors on the bottom panel for serial devices to be connected. Follow the steps below to connect a serial device to the AFL-F08A-N270.

- Step 1: Locate the DB-9 connector. The location of the DB-9 connector is shown in Chapter 2.
- Step 2: Insert the serial connector. Insert the DB-9 connector of a serial device into the DB-9 connector on the bottom panel.







#### Figure 3-23: Serial Device Connector

**Step 3:** Secure the connector. Secure the serial device connector to the external interface by tightening the two retention screws on either side of the connector.

#### 3.9.2.1 COM1 Pinouts

The pinouts for COM1 are listed in the table below.

Pin	Description
1	NDCD1
2	NRX1
3	NTX1
4	NDTR1
5	GND
6	NDSR1
7	NRTS1
8	NCTS1
9	COM_RI1
10	GND

Table 3-12: COM1 Connector Pinouts

#### 3.9.2.2 COM3 Pinouts

The pinouts for COM3 are listed in the table below.

Pin	RS-232	RS-422	RS-485
1	NDCDB	TX-	D-
2	NRXDB	TX+	D+
3	NTX3		
4	NDTR3		
5	GND		
6	NDSRB	RX-	
7	NRTSB	RX+	
8	NCTS3		
9	COM_RI3		
10	GND		

#### Table 3-13: COM3 Connector Pinouts

#### 3.9.3 USB Device Connection

There are two external USB connectors. All connectors are perpendicular to the AFL-F08A-N270. To connect a USB device, please follow the instructions below.

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Step 1: Located the USB connectors. The locations of the USB connectors are shown

in Chapter 2.





Step 2: Align the connectors. Align the USB device connector with one of the

connectors on the bottom panel.



Figure 3-24: USB Device Connection

Step 3: Insert the device connector. Once aligned, gently insert the USB device connector into the onboard connector.

#### 3.10 Powering On the System



Make sure a power supply with the correct input voltage is being fed into the system. Incorrect voltages applied to the system may cause damage to the internal electronic components and may also cause injury to the user.

To power-on the AFL-F08A-N270 using the function key, please follow the steps below:

**Step 1:** Connect a power source to the power connector on the bottom panel. All of the function keys on the front panel illuminate with low-intensity light.

Step 2: Press the power on/off function key on the front panel to wake the function keys.All of the function keys light up with high intensity light. Remove the finger from the function key.

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Step 3: Press the power on/off function key again and hold down for five (5) seconds until all function keys start flashing. After a five-time flash, the system starts to boot-up. The power on/off function key is shown in Figure 3-25.



Figure 3-25: Power On/Off Function Key

#### 3.11 Powering Off the System

To power-off the AFL-F08A-N270 using the function key, please follow the steps below:

- **Step 1:** Press the power on/off function key on the front panel to wake the function keys.
- Step 2: Press the power on/off function key again and hold down the power on/off function key for five (5) seconds until all function keys start flashing. After a five-time flash, the system starts to power off the system.



The function keys will not take effect when they are in the suspended state (with low intensity light). Users must wake the function keys first by pressing it once and remove the finger when the function keys light up. Then, hold down the power on/off function key for five seconds to power on/off the system.







## **System Maintenance**



#### 4.1 System Maintenance Introduction

If the components of the AFL-F08A-N270 fail they must be replaced. Components that can be replaced include:

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- CF Module
- Wireless LAN module
- SO-DIMM module

Please contact the system reseller or vendor to purchase the replacement parts. Back cover removal instructions for the AFL-F08A-N270 are described below.

#### **4.2 Anti-static Precautions**



Failure to take ESD precautions during the maintenance of the AFL-F08A-N270 may result in permanent damage to the AFL-F08A-N270 and severe injury to the user.

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can cause serious damage to electronic components, including the AFL-F08A-N270. Dry climates are especially susceptible to ESD. It is therefore critical that whenever the AFL-F08A-N270 is accessed internally, or any other electrical component is handled, the following anti-static precautions are strictly adhered to.

- Wear an anti-static wristband: Wearing a simple anti-static wristband can help to prevent ESD from damaging the board.
- Self-grounding: Before handling the board touch any grounded conducting material. During the time the board is handled, frequently touch any conducting materials that are connected to the ground.
- Use an anti-static pad: When configuring the AFL-F08A-N270, place it on an antic-static pad. This reduces the possibility of ESD damaging the AFL-F08A-N270.





*Only handle the edges of the PCB*: - When handling the PCB, hold the PCB by the edges.

#### 4.3 Turn off the Power

### 

Failing to turn off the system before opening can cause permanent damage to the system and serious or fatal injury to the user.

Before any maintenance procedures are carried out on the system, make sure the system is turned off.

#### 4.4 Opening the System

Remove the rear cover as shown in **Section 3.4**.

Remove the internal cover as shown in Section 3.6.

#### 4.5 Replacing Components

#### 4.5.1 Memory Module Replacement

If the memory module fails, follow the instructions below to replace the memory module.

Step 1: Locate the memory module indicated below.



#### Figure 4-1: AFL-F08A-N270 SO-DIMM Socket Location

Step 2: Remove the SO-DIMM by pulling both the spring retainer clips outward from the socket.

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- Step 3: Grasp the SO-DIMM by the edges and carefully pull it out of the socket.
- **Step 4:** Install the new SO-DIMM by pushing it into the socket at an angle (**Figure 4-2**).
- **Step 5:** Push the SO-DIMM down. The spring retainer clips on the SO-DIMM socket clip into place and secure the SO-DIMM in the socket.



Figure 4-2: SO-DIMM Module Installation





#### 4.5.2 CF Card Replacement

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To install the CompactFlash® card, the cover plate must be removed. To remove the cover plate and install the CompactFlash® card, follow the instructions below.

Step 1: Undo the CompactFlash® cover fastening screw.



Figure 4-3: CompactFlash® Card Cover



Step 2: Slide the CompactFlash® card into the slot under the cover.

Figure 4-4: CompactFlash® Install

**Step 3:** Once installed, replace the cover and screw.

**Step 4:** Install the drivers as required.

#### 4.6 Reinstalling the Covers

Replacement is opposite to removal. First replace the aluminum cover, then the plastic cover.

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#### 4.7 Software Driver Installation



The content of the CD may vary throughout the life cycle of the product and is subject to change without prior notice. Visit the IEI website or contact technical support for the latest updates.

Installation instructions are given below.

- Step 1: Insert the CD-ROM that came with the system into a CD-ROM drive attached to the system.
- Step 2: Click AFLMB-945GSE-N270 Driver.
- Step 3: The list of drivers appears.



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#### AFL-F08A-N270 Panel PC



#### Figure 4-5: Drivers

**Step 4:** Install the drivers as required.



When installing the Wireless LAN card driver, make sure to select the **RT3090** folder which indicates the WLAN card model installed on the system.





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BIOS







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The BIOS is programmed onto the BIOS chip. The BIOS setup program allows changes to certain system settings. This chapter outlines the options that can be changed.

#### 5.1.1 Starting Setup

The AMI BIOS is activated when the computer is turned on. The setup program can be activated in one of two ways.

- 1. Press the **DELETE** key as soon as the system is turned on or
- 2. Press the **DELETE** key when the "**Press Del to enter SETUP**" message appears on the screen.

If the message disappears before the **DELETE** key is pressed, restart the computer and try again.

#### 5.1.2 Using Setup

Use the arrow keys to highlight items, press **ENTER** to select, use the PageUp and PageDown keys to change entries, press **F1** for help and press **Esc** to quit. Navigation keys are shown in.

Кеу	Function
Left arrow	Move to main menu to the left
Right arrow	Move to main menu to the right
Up arrow	Move item selection up
Down arrow	Move item selection down
Esc key	At top level menu: Exit BIOS without saving changes At submenu level: Go back up one menu level
+/-	Change value of current selection
F1 key	General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu
F2 /F3 key	Change color from total three colors. F2 to select color forward.

Кеу	Function
F10 key	Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main Menu

**Table 5-1: BIOS Navigation Keys** 

#### 5.1.3 Getting Help

When **F1** is pressed a small help window describing the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item appears. To exit the Help Window press **Esc** or the **F1** key again.

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#### 5.1.4 Unable to Reboot After Configuration Changes

If the computer cannot boot after changes to the system configuration is made, CMOS defaults. Use the jumper described in Section 3.7.4.

#### 5.1.5 BIOS Menu Bar

The menu bar on top of the BIOS screen has the following main items:

- Main Changes the basic system configuration.
- Advanced Changes the advanced system settings.
- PCIPnP Changes the advanced PCI/PnP Settings
- Boot Changes the system boot configuration.
- Security Sets User and Supervisor Passwords.
- Chipset Changes the chipset settings.
- Exit Selects exit options and loads default settings

The following sections completely describe the configuration options found in the menu items at the top of the BIOS screen and listed above.





#### 5.2 Main

The Main menu gives an overview of the basic system information.

BIOS SETUP UTILITY									
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chip	set	Exit		
System Ove	erview								
AMIBIOS Version Build Date ID:	:08.00.15 :10/22/09 :H720MR11								
Processor Intel® Ato Speed Count	om CPU N270 :1600MHz :1	@ 1.60GHz				<→	Select Screen		
System Mer Size	nory :1016MB					↑↓ Enter F1	Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help		
System Tin System Tin	ne ne		[14:20 [Tue 05	27] 5/06/2008]		F10 ESC	Save and Exit Exit		

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BIOS Menu 1: Main

#### → System Overview

The **System Overview** lists a brief summary of different system components. The fields in **System Overview** cannot be changed. The items shown in the system overview include:

- AMI BIOS: Displays auto-detected BIOS information
  - O Version: Current BIOS version
  - O Build Date: Date the current BIOS version was made
  - O ID: Installed BIOS ID
- Processor: Displays auto-detected CPU specifications
  - O Type: Names the currently installed processor
  - **Speed:** Lists the processor speed
  - O **Count:** The number of CPUs on the motherboard
  - System Memory: Displays the auto-detected system memory.
    - O Size: Lists memory size

The System Overview field also has two user configurable fields:

#### ➔ System Time [xx:xx:xx]

Use the **System Time** option to set the system time. Manually enter the hours, minutes and seconds.

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#### → System Date [xx/xx/xx]

Use the **System Date** option to set the system date. Manually enter the day, month and year.

#### 5.3 Advanced

Use the **Advanced** menu to configure the CPU and peripheral devices through the following sub-menus:



Setting the wrong values in the sections below may cause the system to malfunction. Make sure that the settings made are compatible with the hardware.





			BIOS SETU	JP UTILITY						
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chip	set	Exit			
Advanced	Settings									
WARNING: cause sys	WARNING: Setting wrong values in below sections may cause system to malfunction									
> CPU Con	figuration									
> IDE Con > SuperIC	figuration Configurat	tion				$\leftrightarrow$	Select :	Screen		
> Hardwar	e Health Co	onfiguratio	on			$\uparrow \downarrow$	Select 3	Item		
> Power C	onfiguratio	on				Enter	Go to Si	ubScreen		
> Remote	Access Cont	tiguration				F1 F10	General	нетр Ч вијн		
> USB CON	liguration					ESC	Exit	L EXIC		
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**BIOS Menu 2: Advanced** 

#### 5.3.1 CPU Configuration

Use the **CPU Configuration** menu to view detailed CPU specifications and configure the CPU.

	BIOS SETUP UTILITY									
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chip	set	Exit			
Configure Advanced CPU Settings Module Version:3F.10										
Manufactu Intel® At	Manufacturer :Intel® Intel® Atom CPU N270 @ 1.60GHz									
Frequency	:1.600	GHz								
FSB Speed	:532MI	łz				$\leftrightarrow$	Select Screen			
Cache Ll	: 24KE	3				$\uparrow \downarrow$	Select Item			
Cache L2	: 512	ζB				Enter F1	Go to SubScreen General Help			
Ratio Act	ual Value:	12				F10 ESC	Save and Exit Exit			
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#### **BIOS Menu 3: CPU Configuration**

The CPU Configuration menu lists the following CPU details:

- Manufacturer: Lists the name of the CPU manufacturer
- Brand String: Lists the brand name of the CPU being used



- Frequency: Lists the CPU processing speed
- FSB Speed: Lists the FSB speed
- Cache L1: Lists the CPU L1 cache size
- Cache L2: Lists the CPU L2 cache size
- Ratio Actual Value: the clock multiplier

#### 5.3.2 IDE Configuration

Use the **IDE Configuration** menu to change and/or set the configuration of the IDE devices installed in the system.

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**BIOS Menu 4: IDE Configuration** 

#### → ATA/IDE Configurations [Compatible]

Use the ATA/IDE Configurations option to configure the ATA/IDE controller.

<b>→</b>	Disabled		Disables the on-board ATA/IDE controller.
→	Compatible	DEFAULT	Configures the on-board ATA/IDE controller to be in
			compatible mode. In this mode, a SATA channel will
			replace one of the IDE channels. This mode supports
			up to 4 storage devices.



Enhanced

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Configures the on-board ATA/IDE controller to be in Enhanced mode. In this mode, IDE channels and SATA channels are separated. This mode supports up to 6 storage devices. Some legacy OS do not support this mode.

#### → Legacy IDE Channels [SATA Pri, PATA Sec]

→	SATA Only		Only the SATA drives are enabled.						
→	SATA Pri, PATA Sec	DEFAULT	The SATA drives are enabled on the primary						
			IDE channel, traditional IDE devices are enabled on the secondary channel						
→	PATA Only		Only the IDE devices are enabled						

#### → IDE Master and IDE Slave

When entering setup, BIOS auto detects the presence of IDE devices. BIOS displays the status of the auto detected IDE devices. The following IDE devices are detected and are shown in the **IDE Configuration** menu:

- Primary IDE Master
- Primary IDE Slave
- Secondary IDE Master
- Secondary IDE Slave

The **IDE Configuration** menu allows changes to the configurations for the IDE devices installed in the system. If an IDE device is detected, and one of the above listed four BIOS configuration options are selected, the IDE configuration options are shown.

#### 5.3.2.1 IDE Master, IDE Slave

Use the **IDE Master** and **IDE Slave** configuration menu to view both primary and secondary IDE device details and configure the IDE devices connected to the system. Almost all settings are set to auto-detect, which will work for all modern drives.

Moin	BIOS SETUP UTILITY											
Malli	Auvanceu	PCIPNP	BUUL	Security		JSEL	EXIC					
Primary	IDE Master											
Device	:Not I	etected										
Type LBA/Larg Block (M	e Mode ulti-Sector	Transfer)	[Auto] [Auto] [Auto]			<i>←</i> →	Select Screen					
DMA Mode S.M.A.R.	Г.		[Auto] [Auto] [Auto]			↑↓ Enter	Select Item Go to SubScreen					
32Bit Da	ta Transfer		[Enable	ed]		F1 F10 ESC	General Help Save and Exit Exit					
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**BIOS Menu 5: IDE Master and IDE Slave Configuration** 

#### → Auto-Detected Drive Parameters

The "grayed-out" items in the left frame are IDE disk drive parameters automatically detected from the firmware of the selected IDE disk drive. The drive parameters are listed as follows:

- Device: Lists the device type (e.g. hard disk, CD-ROM etc.)
- Type: Indicates the type of devices a user can manually select
- LBA Mode: Indicates whether the LBA (Logical Block Addressing) is a method of addressing data on a disk drive is supported or not.
- Block Mode: Block mode boosts IDE drive performance by increasing the amount of data transferred. Only 512 bytes of data can be transferred per interrupt if block mode is not used. Block mode allows transfers of up to 64 KB per interrupt.
- PIO Mode: Indicates the PIO mode of the installed device.
- DMA: Indicates the DMA Mode that is supported.
- S.M.A.R.T.: Indicates whether or not the Self-Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology protocol is supported.
- 32Bit Data Transfer: Enables 32-bit data transfer.


### ➔ Type [Auto]

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Use the **Type** BIOS option select the type of device the AMIBIOS attempts to boot from after the Power-On Self-Test (POST) is complete.

<b>→</b>	Not Installed		BIOS is prevented from searching for an IDE disk drive on the specified channel.
<b>→</b>	Auto	DEFAULT	The BIOS auto detects the IDE disk drive type attached to the specified channel. This setting should be used if an IDE hard disk drive is attached to the specified channel.
<b>→</b>	CD/DVD		The CD/DVD option specifies that an IDE CD-ROM drive is attached to the specified IDE channel. The BIOS does not attempt to search for other types of IDE disk drives on the specified channel.
<b>→</b>	ARMD		This option specifies an ATAPI Removable Media Device. These include, but are not limited to: ZIP LS-120

### → LBA/Large Mode [Auto]

Use the **LBA/Large Mode** option to disable or enable BIOS to auto detects LBA (Logical Block Addressing). LBA is a method of addressing data on a disk drive. In LBA mode, the maximum drive capacity is 137 GB.

<b>→</b>	Disabled		BIOS is prevented from using the LBA mode control on the specified channel.
→	Auto	DEFAULT	BIOS auto detects the LBA mode control on the specified channel.

### → Block (Multi Sector Transfer) [Auto]

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Use the **Block (Multi Sector Transfer)** to disable or enable BIOS to auto detect if the device supports multi-sector transfers.

Disabled BIOS is prevented from using Multi-Sector Transfer on the specified channel. The data to and from the device occurs one sector at a time.

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Auto DEFAULT BIOS auto detects Multi-Sector Transfer support on the drive on the specified channel. If supported the data transfer to and from the device occurs multiple sectors at a time.

### → PIO Mode [Auto]

Use the **PIO Mode** option to select the IDE PIO (Programmable I/O) mode program timing cycles between the IDE drive and the programmable IDE controller. As the PIO mode increases, the cycle time decreases.

<b>→</b>	Auto	DEFAULT	BIOS auto detects the PIO mode. Use this value if the IDE disk drive support cannot be determined.
→	0		PIO mode 0 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 3.3 MB/s
→	1		PIO mode 1 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 5.2 MB/s
→	2		PIO mode 2 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 8.3 MB/s
→	3		PIO mode 3 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 11.1 MB/s
→	4		PIO mode 4 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 16.6 MB/s
			(This setting generally works with all hard disk drives manufactured after 1999. For other disk drives, such as IDE CD-ROM drives, check the specifications of the drive.)

#### ➔ DMA Mode [Auto]

→

Use the DMA Mode BIOS selection to adjust the DMA mode options.

Auto DEFAULT BIOS auto detects the DMA mode. Use this value if the IDE disk drive support cannot be determined.



#### → S.M.A.R.T [Auto]

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Use the **S.M.A.R.T** option to auto-detect, disable or enable Self-Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology (SMART) on the drive on the specified channel. **S.M.A.R.T** predicts impending drive failures. The **S.M.A.R.T** BIOS option enables or disables this function.

→	Auto	DEFAULT	BIOS auto detects HDD SMART support.
→	Disabled		Prevents BIOS from using the HDD SMART feature.
→	Enabled		Allows BIOS to use the HDD SMART feature

#### → 32Bit Data Transfer [Enabled]

Use the **32Bit Data Transfer** BIOS option to enables or disable 32-bit data transfers.

- ➔ Disabled Prevents the BIOS from using 32-bit data transfers.
- Enabled DEFAULT Allows BIOS to use 32-bit data transfers on supported hard disk drives.

### 5.3.3 Super IO Configuration

Use the **Super IO Configuration** menu to set or change the configurations for the FDD controllers, parallel ports and serial ports.

			BIOS SETU	JP UTILITY			
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	oset	Exit
Configure	e ITE8718 S	uper I/O Cl	nipset				
Serial Po	ortl Addres	S	[3F8/1	RO4]			
Serial Po	ort3 Addres	S	[3E8]	~ -			
Serial	Port3 IRQ		[11]				
Select RS	232 or RS4	22/485	[RS232	]			
						<pre>←→ ↑ ↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC</pre>	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help Save and Exit Exit
	v02.61	©Copyright	1985-2006	5, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.

**BIOS Menu 6: Super IO Configuration** 

### → Serial Port 1 Address [3F8/IRQ4]

Sets the port address and IRQ of serial port 1.

- Disabled
- 3F8/IRQ4 **DEFAULT**
- 2F8/IRQ3
- 3E8/IRQ4
- 2E8/IRQ3

### → Serial Port 3 Address [3E8]

Sets the port address of serial port 3.

- Disabled
- 3E8 Default
- 2E8
- 2F0
- 2E0

#### → Serial Port 3 IRQ [IRQ4]

Sets the interrupt address of serial port 3.

- 10
- 11 DEFAULT

#### → Select RS232 or RS422/RS485 [RS232]

Sets the communications protocol for serial port 3. This is set using a hardware jumper inside the system. This option can only be changed if the jumper setting is set to allow it.

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- RS232 DEFAULT
- RS422/RS485





# 5.3.4 Hardware Health Configuration

The **Hardware Health Configuration** menu shows the operating temperature, fan speeds and system voltages.

	BIOS SETUP UTILITY							
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	oset	Exit	
Hardware	Health Eve	nt Monitori	ng					
CPU Tempe	rature		:53°C/	127°F				
System Te	mperature		:42°C/	107F				
CPU Core			:1.184 V					
+1.05V			:1.040 V					
+3.30V			:3.290 V					
+5.00V			:4.972 V			$\leftarrow \rightarrow$	Select Screen	
+12.0V			:12.224V			$\uparrow \downarrow$	Select Item	
+1.50V			:1.472 V			Enter	Go to SubScreen	
+1.80V			:1.792 V			F1	General Help	
5VSB		:4.919	:4.919 V			Save and Exit		
VBAT			:3.232	V		ESC	Exit	
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**BIOS Menu 7: Hardware Health Configuration** 

# 5.3.5 Power Configuration

The **Power Configuration** menu configures the power related settings.

			BIOS SETU	P UTILITY			
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chip	set	Exit
Auto Powe > ACPI Co > APM Cor	er Button St onfiguration nfiguration	tatus n	[Disab]	led]			
						$\begin{array}{c} \leftarrow \rightarrow \\ \uparrow \downarrow \\ \text{Enter} \\ \text{F1} \\ \text{F10} \\ \text{ESC} \end{array}$	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help Save and Exit Exit
	v02.61 @	Copyright	1985-2006	, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.

**BIOS Menu 8: Power Configuration** 

### 5.3.5.1 ACPI Configuration

Use the **ACPI Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 9**) to select the ACPI state when the system is suspended.

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Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	BIOS SEIO Boot	Security	Chips	set	Exit	
ACPI Sett	ings							
Suspend m	ode		[S1 (P	DS)]		←→ ↑ ↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC	Select So Select It Go to Sub General F Save and Exit	ereen eem oScreen Help Exit
	v02.61	©Copyright	1985-2006	, American	Megat	rends	Inc.	

**BIOS Menu 9: General ACPI Configuration** 

#### → Suspend Mode [S1(POS)]

Use the **Suspend Mode** option to specify the sleep state the system enters when it is not being used.

S1 (POS) DEFAULT System appears off. The CPU is stopped. RAM is refreshed.
 S3 (STR) System appears off. The CPU has no power. RAM in slow refresh. Power supply in reduced power mode.

### 5.3.5.2 APM Configuration

The **APM Configuration** menu allows the advanced power management options to be configured.



		BIOS SET	JP UTILITY					
Main Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	oset	Exit		
APM Configuration								
Restore on AC Power Loss[Last State]Power Button Mode[On/Off]								
Advanced Resume Ev Resume On Ring Resume on PCI-Exp Resume on RTC Ala	ent Controls press WAKE# arm	[Disak [Enab] [Disak	oled] .ed] oled]		←→ ↑ ↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help Save and Exit Exit		
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**BIOS Menu 10: APM Configuration** 

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### → Restore on AC Power Loss [Last State]

Use the **Restore on AC Power Loss** BIOS option to specify what state the system returns to if there is a sudden loss of power to the system.

→	Power Off		The system remains turned off
→	Power On		The system turns on
<b>→</b>	Last State	DEFAULT	The system returns to its previous state. If it was on, it

#### → Power Button Mode [On/Off]

Use the **Power Button Mode** BIOS to specify how the power button functions.

→	On/Off	DEFAULT	When the power button is pressed the system is either
			turned on or off
→	Suspend		When the power button is pressed the system goes into
			suspend mode



#### → Resume on Ring [Disabled]

Use the **Resume on Ring** BIOS option to enable activity on the RI (ring in) modem line to rouse the system from a suspend or standby state. That is, the system will be roused by an incoming call on a modem.

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<b>→</b>	Disabled	DEFAULT	Wake event not generated by an incoming call
→	Enabled		Wake event generated by an incoming call

#### → Resume on PCI-Express WAKE# [Enabled]

The **Resume on PCI-Express WAKE#** BIOS option specifies if the system is roused from a suspended or standby state when there is activity on the PCI-Express bus.

→	Disabled		Wake event not generated by PCI-Express activi				
→	Enabled	DEFAULT	Wake event generated by PCI-Express activity				

#### → Resume On RTC Alarm [Disabled]

Use the **Resume On RTC Alarm** option to specify the time the system should be roused from a suspended state.

<b>→</b>	Disabled	DEFAULT	The real time clock (RTC) cannot generate a wake event
<b>→</b>	Enabled		If selected, the following appears with values that can be selected:
			RTC Alarm Date (Days)
			System Time
			After setting the alarm, the computer turns itself on
			from a suspend state when the alarm goes off.

### 5.3.6 Remote Access Configuration

Use the **Remote Access Configuration** menu to configure remote access parameters. The **Remote Access Configuration** is an AMIBIOS feature and allows a remote host running a terminal program to display and configure the BIOS settings.



	BIOS SETUP UTILITY								
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	set	Exit		
Configure	Remote Acc	cess type a	and parame	ters					
Remote Ac	cess		[Disab	led]					
						←→ ↑ ↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help Save and Exit Exit		
	v02.61 @	Copyright	1985-2006	, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.		

**BIOS Menu 11: Remote Access Configuration** 

### → Remote Access [Disabled]

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Use the **Remote Access** option to enable or disable access to the remote functionalities of the system.

→	Disabled	DEFAULT	Remote access is disabled.
→	Enabled		Remote access configuration options shown below
			appear:
			Serial Port Number
			Serial Port Mode
			Redirection after BIOS POST
			Terminal Type
			These configuration options are discussed below.

### → Serial Port Number [COM1]

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Use the **Serial Port Number** option allows to select the serial port used for remote access.

<b>→</b>	COM1	DEFAULT	System is remotely accessed through COM1
→	COM3		System is remotely accessed through COM3

**NOTE**: Make sure the selected COM port is enabled through the Super I/O configuration menu.

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#### → Base Address, IRQ [3F8h,4]

The **Base Address**, **IRQ** option cannot be configured and only shows the interrupt address of the serial port listed above.

#### → Serial Port Mode [115200 8,n,1]

Use the **Serial Port Mode** option to select baud rate through which the console redirection is made. The following configuration options are available

- 115200 8,n,1 **DEFAULT**
- 57600 8,n,1
- 38400 8,n,1
- 19200 8,n,1
- 09600 8,n,1



Identical baud rate setting musts be set on the host (a management computer running a terminal software) and the slave

### → Redirection After BIOS POST [Always]

Use the **Redirection After BIOS POST** option to specify when console redirection should occur.

→	Disabled		The console is not redirected after POST
→	Boot Loader		Redirection is active during POST and during Boot Loader
→	Always	DEFAULT	Redirection is always active (Some OSes may not work if set to Always)



#### → Terminal Type [ANSI]

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Use the **Terminal Type** BIOS option to specify the remote terminal type.

<b>→</b>	ANSI	DEFAULT	The target terminal type is ANSI
→	VT100		The target terminal type is VT100
→	VT-UTF8		The target terminal type is VT-UTF8

### 5.3.7 USB Configuration

Use the **USB Configuration** menu to read USB configuration information and configure the USB settings.

BIOS SETUP UTILITY								
Main Advance	ed PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chip	set	Exit		
USB Configuration	1							
Module Version -	2.24.0-11.4							
USB Devices Enab	Led:							
USB Functions USB 2.0 Controlle Legacy USB Suppor USB 2.0 Controlle	er t er Mode	[Enable [Enable [Enable [HiSpee	ed] ed] ed] ed]		←→ ↑ ↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help Save and Exit Exit		
v02.6	51 ©Copyright	1985-2006	, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.		

**BIOS Menu 12: USB Configuration** 

#### → USB Function [Enabled]

Use the **USB Function** BIOS option to enable or disable USB function support.

- Disabled
   USB function support disabled
- Enabled DEFAULT USB function support enabled

### → USB 2.0 Controller [Enabled]

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Use the USB 2.0 Controller BIOS option to enable or disable the USB 2.0 controller

→	Enabled	DEFAULT	USB 2.0 controller enabled

Disabled
 USB 2.0 controller disabled

### → Legacy USB Support [Enabled]

Use the **Legacy USB Support** BIOS option to enable USB mouse and USB keyboard support.

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Normally if this option is not enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard does not become available until a USB compatible operating system is fully booted with all USB drivers loaded. When this option is enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard can control the system even when there is no USB driver loaded onto the system.

→	Disabled		Legacy USB support disabled
→	Enabled	DEFAULT	Legacy USB support enabled
→	Auto		Legacy USB support disabled if no USB devices are
			connected

### → USB2.0 Controller Mode [HiSpeed]

Use the USB2.0 Controller Mode option to set the speed of the USB2.0 controller.

→	FullSpeed		The controller is capable of operating at 12 Mb/s
→	HiSpeed	DEFAULT	The controller is capable of operating at 480 Mb/s

### 5.4 PCI/PnP

Use the PCI/PnP menu (BIOS Menu 13) to configure advanced PCI and PnP settings.



Setting wrong values for the BIOS selections in the PCIPnP BIOS menu may cause the system to malfunction.



BIOS SETUP UTILITY								
Main Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	pset	Exit		
Adversed DCT (DeD Co								
Advanced PCI/PhP Se	uungs							
WARNING: Setting wr	ong values i	n below	sections					
may cause	system to ma	alfuncti	.on					
IRQ3		[Rese	rved]					
IRQ4		[Rese	rved]					
IRQ5		[Avai	lable]					
IRQ7		[Avai	lable]					
IRQ9		[Avai	lable]					
IRQ10		[Rese	rved]					
IRQ11		[Rese	rved]					
IRQ14		[Avai	lable]					
IRQ15		[Avai	lable]					
DMA Channel 0		[Avai	lable]					
DMA Channel 1		[Avai	lable]					
DMA Channel 3		[Avai	lable]		$\leftrightarrow$	Select Screen		
DMA Channel 5		[Avai	lable]		$\uparrow \downarrow$	Select Item		
DMA Channel 6		[Avai	lable]		Enter	Go to SubScreen		
DMA Channel 7		[Avai	lable]		F1	General Help		
					F10	Save and Exit		
Reserved Memory Siz	e	[Disa	bled]		ESC	Exit		
TT02_61_/	aContraight 1	005 200	6 Amorrian	Moga	tronda	The		
VU2.61 (	ecopyright i	905-200	o, American	mega	crenas	, Inc.		

**BIOS Menu 13: PCI/PnP Configuration** 

#### → IRQ#

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Use the **IRQ#** address to specify what IRQs can be assigned to a particular peripheral device.

<b>→</b>	Available	The specified IRQ is available to be used by PCI/PnP devices
<b>→</b>	Reserved	The specified IRQ is reserved for use by Legacy ISA devices

Available IRQ addresses are:

- IRQ3
- IRQ4
- IRQ5
- IRQ7

- IRQ9
- IRQ10
- IRQ 11
- IRQ 14
- IRQ 15

### → DMA Channel# [Available]

Use the **DMA Channel#** option to assign a specific DMA channel to a particular PCI/PnP device.

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<b>→</b>	Available	DEFAULT	The s	pecified	DMA	is	available	to	be	used	by
			PCI/Pr	nP device	es						
→	Reserved		The sp	pecified [	DMA is	s re	eserved fo	r u	se b	y Leg	асу
			ISA de	vices							

Available DMA Channels are:

- DM Channel 0
- DM Channel 1
- DM Channel 3
- DM Channel 5
- DM Channel 6
- DM Channel 7

### → Reserved Memory Size [Disabled]

Use the **Reserved Memory Size** BIOS option to specify the amount of memory that should be reserved for legacy ISA devices.

→	Disabled	DEFAULT	No memory block reserved for legacy ISA devices
→	16K		16 KB reserved for legacy ISA devices
→	32K		32 KB reserved for legacy ISA devices
→	64K		54 KB reserved for legacy ISA devices





# 5.5 Boot

Use the **Boot** menu to configure system boot options.

			BIOS SETU	JP UTILITY			
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	oset	Exit
Boot Set	tings ettings Conf	iguration					
						←→ ↑↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help Save and Exit Exit
	v02.61 @	Copyright	1985-2006	5, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.

BIOS Menu 14: Boot

# 5.5.1 Boot Settings Configuration

Use the **Boot Settings Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 15**) to configure advanced system boot options.

Main Advented DOIDND	BIOS SETU	P UTILITY	(lb i r		7
Main Advanced PCIPNP Boot Settings Configuration Quick Boot Quiet Boot AddOn ROM Display Mode Bootup Num-Lock Boot From LAN Support Spread Spectrum Function	Enabl [Enabl [Force [On] [Disab [Disab	ed] ed] BIOS] led] led]	Ch1	←→ ↑↓ Flucer Fl Fl0 ESC	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help Save and Exit Exit
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BIOS Menu 15: Boot Settings Configuration

### → Quick Boot [Enabled]

Use the **Quick Boot** BIOS option to make the computer speed up the boot process.

→	Disabled		No POST procedures are skipped					
→	Enabled	DEFAULT	Some POST procedures are skipped to decrease					
			the system boot time					

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#### → Quiet Boot [Enabled]

Use the Quiet Boot BIOS option to select the screen display when the system boots.

→	Disabled		Normal POST messages displayed
→	Enabled	DEFAULT	OEM Logo displayed instead of POST messages

#### → AddOn ROM Display Mode [Force BIOS]

Use the **AddOn ROM Display Mode** option to allow add-on ROM (read-only memory) messages to be displayed.

→	Force BIOS	DEFAULT	The system forces third party BIOS to display during system boot.
→	Keep Current		The system displays normal information during system boot.

#### ➔ Bootup Num-Lock [On]

Use the **Bootup Num-Lock** BIOS option to specify if the number lock setting must be modified during boot up.

Off Does not enable the keyboard Number Lock automatically. To use the 10-keys on the keyboard, press the Number Lock key located on the upper left-hand corner of the 10-key pad. The Number Lock LED on the keyboard lights up when the Number Lock is engaged.



On DEFAULT Allows the Number Lock on the keyboard to be enabled automatically when the computer system boots up. This allows the immediate use of the 10-key numeric keypad located on the right side of the keyboard. To confirm this, the Number Lock LED light on the keyboard is lit.

#### → Boot From LAN Support [Disabled]

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Use the **BOOT From LAN Support** option to enable the system to be booted from a remote system.

<b>→</b>	Enabled		Can be booted from a remote system through the LAN
→	Disabled	DEFAULT	Cannot be booted from a remote system through the LAN

### → Spread Spectrum Function [Disabled]

The Spread Spectrum Function option can help to improve CPU EMI issues.

→	Disabled	DEFAULT	The spread spectrum mode is disabled
→	Enabled		The spread spectrum mode is enabled



# 5.6 Security

Use the Security menu to set system and user passwords.

			BIOS SETU	JP UTILITY			
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chip	set	Exit
Security	Settings						
Superviso User Pass	or Password sword	:Not :Not	Installed Installed				
Change Su Change Us	upervisor Pa ser Password	ssword					
						$\begin{array}{c} \leftarrow \rightarrow \\ \uparrow \downarrow \\ \text{Enter} \\ \texttt{F1} \end{array}$	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help
						F10 ESC	Save and Exit Exit
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**BIOS Menu 16: Security** 

#### → Change Supervisor Password

Use the **Change Supervisor Password** to set or change a supervisor password. The default for this option is **Not Installed**. If a supervisor password must be installed, select this field and enter the password. After the password has been added, **Install** appears next to **Change Supervisor Password**.

#### → Change User Password

Use the **Change User Password** to set or change a user password. The default for this option is **Not Installed**. If a user password must be installed, select this field and enter the password. After the password has been added, **Install** appears next to **Change User Password**.



# 5.7 Chipset

Use the Chipset menu to access the Northbridge and Southbridge configuration menus



Setting the wrong values for the Chipset BIOS selections in the Chipset BIOS menu may cause the system to malfunction.



**BIOS Menu 17: Chipset** 



### 5.7.1 North Bridge Configuration

Use the **North Bridge Chipset Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 18**) to configure the Northbridge chipset.

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		E	BIOS SETU	JP UTILITY			
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chip	set	Exit
North Br	idge Chipset	Configurat	ion				
Memory Ho Internal	ole Graphics Mo						
Video Fu	nction Confi	guration					
DVMT Mode DVMT/FI	e Select XED Memory		[DVMT [Maxim	Mode] num DVMT]		$\begin{array}{c} \leftarrow \rightarrow \\ \uparrow \downarrow \\ \\ \text{Enter} \end{array}$	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen
LFP Pane LFP Curre	l Type ent Jumper S	etting	[by H/ [1024х	<b>W]</b> :600 18b]		F1 F10 ESC	General Help Save and Exit Exit
	v02.61 ©	Copyright 1	985-2006	5, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.

**BIOS Menu 18:Northbridge Chipset Configuration** 

#### → Memory Hole [Disabled]

Use the **Memory Hole** option to reserve memory space between 15 MB and 16 MB for ISA expansion cards that require a specified area of memory to work properly. If an older ISA expansion card is used, please refer to the documentation that came with the card to see if it is necessary to reserve the space.

→	Disabled	DEFAULT	Memory is not reserved for ISA expansion cards
→	15 MB–16 MB		Between 15 MB and 16 MB of memory is reserved
			for ISA expansion cards

### → Internal Graphics Mode Select [Enable, 8 MB]

Use the **Internal Graphic Mode Select** option to specify the amount of system memory that can be used by the Internal graphics device.

Disable



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- Enable, 1 MB
- Enable, 8 MB DEFAULT

1 MB of memory used by internal graphics device

8 MB of memory used by internal graphics device

### → DVMT Mode Select [DVMT Mode]

Use the **DVMT Mode Select** option to select the Intel Dynamic Video Memory Technology (DVMT) operating mode.

<b>→</b>	Fixed Mode		A fixed portion of graphics memory is reserved as graphics memory.		
→	DVMT Mode	DEFAULT	Graphics memory is dynamically allocated according to the system and graphics needs.		
<b>→</b>	Combo Mode		A fixed portion of graphics memory is reserved as graphics memory. If more memory is needed, graphics memory is dynamically allocated according to the system and graphics needs.		

### → DVMT/FIXED Memory [Maximum DVMT]

Use the **DVMT/FIXED Memory** option to specify the maximum amount of memory that can be allocated as graphics memory. This option can only be configured for if **DVMT Mode** or **Fixed Mode** is selected in the **DVMT Mode Select** option. If **Combo Mode** is selected, the maximum amount of graphics memory is 128 MB. Configuration options are listed below.

- 64 MB
- 128 MB
- Maximum DVMT DEFAULT

### → LFP Panel Type [by H/W]

Use the **LFP Panel Type** to determine the LCD panel resolution. Configuration options are listed below:

- 640x480 18b
- 800x480 18b

- 800x600 18b
- 1024x768 18b
- 1280x1024 36b
- 1400x1050 36b
- 1440x900 36b
- 1600x1200 36b
- 1024x600 18b
- by H/W

### → LFP Current Jumper Setting [1024x600 18b]

Displays the resolution setting of the LFP port by the on-board jumper.

# 5.7.2 South Bridge Configuration

The **South Bridge Configuration** menu the Southbridge chipset to be configured.

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BIOS Menu 19:South Bridge Chipset Configuration

#### → Audio Controller [Auto]

Use the Audio Controller option to enable or disable the onboard audio.

→	Auto	DEFAULT	The audio chip is activated if detected
→	All Disabled		The audio chip is disabled





# 5.8 Exit

Use the **Exit** menu to load default BIOS values, optimal failsafe values and to save configuration changes.

BIOS SETUP UTILITY									
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chip	set	Exit		
Exit Opt:	ions								
Save Char Discard ( Discard (	Save Changes and Exit Discard Changes and Exit Discard Changes								
Load Opt.	lmai Default	lts				<pre>←→ ↑ ↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC</pre>	Select S Select I Go to Su General Save and Exit	creen tem bScreen Help Exit	
	v02.61 @	Copyright	1985-2006	5, American	Megat	trends	, Inc.		
_									

BIOS Menu 20:Exit

### → Save Changes and Exit

Use the **Save Changes and Exit** option to save the changes made to the BIOS options and to exit the BIOS configuration setup program.

### → Discard Changes and Exit

Use the **Discard Changes and Exit** option to exit the BIOS configuration setup program without saving the changes made to the system.

### ➔ Discard Changes

Use the **Discard Changes** option to discard the changes and remain in the BIOS configuration setup program.

### ➔ Load Optimal Defaults

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Use the **Load Optimal Defaults** option to load the optimal default values for each of the parameters on the Setup menus. **F9 key can be used for this operation.** 

### → Load Failsafe Defaults

Use the Load Failsafe Defaults option to load failsafe default values for each of the parameters on the Setup menus. F8 key can be used for this operation.

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# **Interface Connectors**



# **6.1 Peripheral Interface Connectors**

The AFL-F08A-N270 panel PC motherboard comes with a number of peripheral interface connectors and configuration jumpers. The connector locations are shown in **Figure 6-1**. The Pin 1 locations of the on-board connectors are also indicated in the diagram below. The connector pinouts for these connectors are listed in the following sections.

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Figure 6-1: Main Board Layout Diagram (Front Side)







Figure 6-2: Main Board Layout Diagram (Solder Side)

# **6.2 Internal Peripheral Connectors**

Internal peripheral connectors are found on the motherboard and are only accessible when the motherboard is outside of the chassis. The table below shows a list of the peripheral interface connectors on the AFL-F08A-N270 motherboard. Pinouts of these connectors can be found in the following sections.

Connector	Туре	Label
AT/ATX switch connector	2-pin header	JP4
Audio line-out connector	4-pin wafer	CN8
Audio speaker connector	4-pin wafer	CN3
Audio MIC-in connector	4-pin wafer	MIC1
Audio DMIC-in connector	4-pin wafer	DMIC1
Battery connector	2-pin wafer	BT1
CF slot	CF slot	CF1

Connector	Туре	Label
CRT connector	10-pin header	CN4
DIO connector	10-pin header	DIO1
HDD power connector	4-pin wafer	CN1
LED indicator and button connector	10-pin header	JP2
LVDS backlight connector	6-pin wafer	INVERTER1
MCU connector	8-pin header	TS2
	10-pin header	JP7
PCIe Mini card slot	PCIe Mini card slot	CN2
RFID connector	10-pin header	JP8
SATA connector	SATA connector	SATA1
SO-DIMM connector	SO-DIMM connector	DIMM1
SPI Flash connector	8-pin header	JSPI1
Touch panel connector (solder side)	9-pin wafer	TS1
TTL panel connector (solder side)	40-pin FPC connector	CN7
JUSB connector	4-pin header	JUSB1
USB connector	8-pin header	USB1
USB connector	4-pin wafer	USB2
USB connector	4-pin wafer	USB4

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**Table 6-1: Peripheral Interface Connectors** 

# 6.2.1 Audio Line-out Connector (CN8)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	SPK_R
2	AMP_R
3	AMP_L
4	SPK_L

Table 6-2: Audio Line-out Connector (CN8) Pinouts







# 6.2.2 Audio Speaker-out Connector (CN3)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	AMP_L+
2	AMP_L-
3	AMP_R-
4	AMP_R+

Table 6-3: Audio Speaker-out Connector (CN3) Pinouts

# 6.2.3 Audio MIC-in Connector (MIC1)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	MIC_IN_L
2	AGND_AMP
3	MIC_JD
4	MIC1_IN_R

Table 6-4: Audio MIC-in Connector (MIC1) Pinouts

# 6.2.4 Audio DMIC-in Connector (DMIC1)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	DMIC_CLK
2	DMIC_DATA
3	+3.3V
4	GND

Table 6-5: Audio DMIC-in Connector (DMIC1) Pinouts

# 6.2.5 Battery Connector (BT1)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	
1	Battery +3.3V	
2	GND	

Table 6-6: Battery Connector (BT1) Pinouts

# 6.2.6 CompactFlash® Type II Slot (CF1)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	GROUND1	26	CD1
2	DATA 3	27	DATA 11
3	DATA 4	28	DATA 12
4	DATA 5	29	DATA 13
5	DATA 6	30	DATA 14
6	DATA 7	31	DATA 15
7	CE	32	CE2
8	A10	33	VS1
9	OE	34	IOR
10	A9	35	IOW
11	A8	36	WE
12	A7	37	IRQ
13	VCC1	38	VCC2
14	A6	39	CSEL
15	A5	40	VS2
16	A4	41	RESET
17	A3	42	WAIT
18	A2	43	INPACK
19	A1	44	REG
20	AO	45	BVD2
21	DATA 0	46	BVD1
22	DATA 1	47	DATA 8
23	DATA 2	48	DATA 9

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PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
24	IOCS16	49	DATA 10
25	CD2	50	GROUND2

Table 6-7: CompactFlash® Slot (CF1) Pinouts

# 6.2.7 CRT Connector (CN4)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION					
1	DACR_RED	2	SPD2	2				10
3	DACG_GREEN	4	SPCLK2	•	•	•	•	•
5	DACB_BLUE	6	V_GND	•	•	•	•	•
7	H_SYNC	8	V_GND	1				9
9	V_SYNC	10	V_GND					

Table 6-8: CRT Connector (CN4) Pinouts

# 6.2.8 DIO Connector (DIO1)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION					
1	GND	2	VCC_+5V	2				10
3	DGPO3	4	DGPO2	•	•	•	•	•
5	DGPO1	6	DGPO0	•	•	•	•	•
7	DGPI3	8	DGPI2	1				9
9	DGPI1	10	DGPIO					

Table 6-9: DIO Connector (DIO1) Pinouts

# 6.2.9 HDD Power Connector (CN1)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	+5V
2	GND
3	GND
4	+12V

Table 6-10: HDD Power Connector (CN1) Pinouts



# 6.2.10 LED Indicator and Button Connector (JP2)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION					
1	PW_LED +5V	2	+5V	2				10
3	GND	4	HD_LED	•	•	•	•	•
5	SUS PW LED +5V	6	RST_SW	•	•	•	•	•
7	GND	8	GND	1				9
9	PW_BN	10	GND					

Table 6-11: LED Indicator and Button Connector (JP2) Pinouts

# 6.2.11 LVDS Backlight Connector (INVERTER1)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	+12V
2	+12V
3	BLON
4	BRIGHTNESS
5	GND
6	GND

Table 6-12: LVDS Backlight Connector (INVERTER1) Pinouts

# 6.2.12 MCU Connector (JP7)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION					
1	MCLR	2	+5V	2				10
3	+5V	4	MCU_IR	•	•	•	•	•
5	ICSPCLK	6	AUTO_CLK	•	•	•	•	•
7	ICSPDAT	8	AUTO_DATA	1				9
9	GND	10	GND					

Table 6-13: MCU Connector (JP7) Pinouts





# 6.2.13 MCU Connector (TS2)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	AUTO_DIMMING
2	LOCK_BUTTON
3	VOL+
4	VOL-
5	BRIGHT+
6	BRIGHT-
7	LCD_ON_OFF
8	GND

Table 6-14: MCU Connector (TS2) Pinouts

# 6.2.14 PCIe Mini Slot (CN2)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	PCIE_WAKE#	2	VCC3
3	RESERVED	4	GND
5	RESERVED	6	1.5 V
7	CLKREQ#	8	N/C
9	GND	10	N/C
11	REFCLK-	12	N/C
13	REFCLK+	14	N/C
15	GND	16	N/C
17	N/C	18	GND
19	N/C	20	N/C
21	GND	22	PERST#
23	PERn0	24	VCC3_AUX
25	PERp0	26	GND
27	GND	28	1.5 V
29	GND	30	SMBCLK
31	PETn0	32	SMBDATA
33	РЕТрО	34	GND
35	GND	36	USBD-

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
37	RESERVED	38	USBD+
39	RESERVED	40	GND
41	RESERVED	42	LED_WWAN#
43	RESERVED	44	LED_WLAN#
45	RESERVED	46	LED_WPAN#
47	RESERVED	48	1.5 V
49	RESERVED	50	GND
51	RESERVED	52	VCC3

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Table 6-15: PCIe Mini Card Slot (CN2) Pinouts

# 6.2.15 RFID Connector (JP8)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION					
1	For COM1 Pin 9	2	+5V	2				10
3	setting	4	GND	•	•	•	•	•
5		6	RX2	•	•	•	•	•
7		8	TD2	1				9
9		10	RFID_INT					

Table 6-16: RFID Connector (JP8) Pinouts

# 6.2.16 SATA Connector (SATA1)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	GND
2	TX+
3	TX-
4	GND
5	RX-
6	RX+
7	GND

Table 6-17: SATA Connector (SATA1) Pinouts





# 6.2.17 Touch Panel Connector (TS1)

PIN NO.	8-Wire	4-Wire	5-Wire	
1	Right Sense	N/A	N/A	
2	Left Sense	N/A	N/A	
3	Bottom Sense	N/A	N/A	
4	Top Sense	N/A	Sense (S)	
5	Right Excite	Right	LR (X)	
6	Left Excite	Left	LL (L)	
7	Bottom Excite	Bottom	UR (Y)	
8	Top Excite	Тор	UL (Y)	
9	GND	GND	GND	

Table 6-18: Touch Pane	Connector (T	S1) Pinouts
------------------------	--------------	-------------

# 6.2.18 TTL Panel Connector (CN7)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	
1	GND	21	TFT_G5	
2	GND	22	TFT_G4	
3	TTL_VSYNC	23	TFT_G3	
4	TTL_VCC3	24	GND	
5	TTL_VCC3	25	TFT_G2	
6	TTL_VCC3	26	TFT_G1	
7	TTL_VCC3	27	TFT_G0	
8	TTL_HSYNC	28	GND	
9	LCD_EN	29	TFT_R5	
10	GND	30	TFT_R4	
11	GND	31	TFT_R3	
12	GND	32	GND	
13	TFT_B5	33	TFT_R2	
14	TFT_B4	34	TFT_R1	
15	TFT_B3	35	TFT_R0	
16	GND	36	GND	

17	TFT_B2	37	GND
18	TFT_B1	38	DOTCLK
19	TFT_B0	39	GND
20	GND	40	GND

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Table 6-19: TTL Panel Connector (CN7) Pinouts

# 6.2.19 JUSB Connector (JUSB1)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	+5Vsus
2	D6F-
3	D6F+
4	GND

Table 6-20: JUSB Connector (JUSB1) Pinouts

# 6.2.20 USB Connector (USB1)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	•		•
1	+5Vsus	2	GND	2		0
3	D0F-	4	DOF+		 	+ -
5	DOF+	6	DOF-	1		7
7	GND	8	+5Vsus			'

Table 6-21: USB Connector (USB1) Pinouts

# 6.2.21 USB Connector (USB2)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	USB Power (selected by JP15)
2	D2F-
3	D2F+
4	GND

Table 6-22: USB Connector (USB2) Pinouts




# 6.2.22 USB Connector (USB4)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	USB Power (selected by JP15)
2	D3F-
3	D3F+
4	GND

Table 6-23: USB Connector (USB4) Pinouts

# **6.3 External Interface Panel Connectors**

The table below lists the rear panel connectors on the AFL-F08A-N270 motherboard. Pinouts of these connectors can be found in the following sections.

Connector	Туре	Label
Ethernet connector	RJ-45	LAN1, LAN2
Power connector	DIN	CN5
Reset button	Push button	CN6
RS-232 serial ports	DB-9	COM1
RS-232/422/485 serial port	DB-9	COM3
SATA connector	SATA connector	SATA2
USB 2.0 connectors	USB 2.0 port	USB3

Table 6-24: Rear Panel Connectors

# 6.3.1 Ethernet Connector (LAN1, LAN2)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	LAN1_MDI0+	2	LAN1_MDI0-
3	LAN1_MDI1+	4	LAN1_MDI1-
5	N/A	6	N/A
7	LAN1_MDI2+	8	LAN1_MDI2-
9	LAN1_MDI3+	10	LAN1_MDI3-

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11	+3.3Vsus	12	ACT-1
13	LAN1_LINK1000	14	LAN1_LINK100
	+3.3Vsus		+3.3Vsus
15	GND	16	GND
17	N/A	18	N/A

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Table 6-25: Ethernet Conn	ector (LAN1, L	AN2) Pinouts
---------------------------	----------------	--------------

# 6.3.2 Power Connector (CN5)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	
1	GND	
2	GND	
3	VCC12_IN	

Table 6-26: Power Connector (CN5) Pinouts

# 6.3.3 RS-232 Serial Ports (COM1)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	NDCD1	2	NRX1
3	NTX1	4	NDTR1
5	GND	6	NDSR1
7	NRTS1	8	NCTS1
9	COM_RI1	10	GND

Table 6-27: RS-232 Serial Ports (COM1) Pinouts

# 6.3.4 RS-422/485 Serial Port (COM3)

PIN NO.	RS-232	RS-422	RS-485
1	NDCDB	TX-	D-
2	NRXDB	TX+	D+
3	NTX3		



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PIN NO.	RS-232	RS-422	RS-485
4	NDTR3		
5	GND		
6	NDSRB	RX-	
7	NRTSB	RX+	
8	NCTS3		
9	COM_RI3		
10	GND		

Table 6-28: COM3 Connector Pinouts

# 6.3.5 SATA Connector (SATA2)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	GND
2	STXP_0
3	STXN_0
4	GND
5	SRXN_0
6	SRXP_0
7	GND
7	GND
7	GND

Table 6-29: SATA Connector (SATA2) Pinouts

# 6.3.6 USB 2.0 Connectors (USB3)

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	+5Vsus	5	+5Vsus
2	D4F-	6	D5F-
3	D4F+	7	D5F+
4	GND	8	GND

Table 6-30: USB 2.0 Connectors (USB3) Pinouts

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# 6.4 Preconfigured Jumper Settings

The following jumpers are preconfigured for the AFL-F08A-N270. Users should not change these jumpers (**Table 6-31**). It is only for reference.

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Jumper Name	Label	Туре
Backlight voltage selection	J_BL1	3-pin header
Inverter power selection	JP12	6-pin header
LVDS voltage selection	J_VLVDS1	3-pin header
MCU LCD type selection	JP14	4-pin header
MCU PWM power selection	JP13	3-pin header
Panel type selection	J_LCD_TYPE1	10-pin header
Touchscreen selection	J1	4-pin header
USB2 and USB4 power selection	JP15	6-pin header

Table 6-31: Preconfigured Jumpers

# 6.4.1 Backlight Voltage Selection Jumper (J\_BL1)

Pin	Description
Short 1-2	+3.3 V (Default)
Short 2-3	+5 V

Table 6-32: Backlight Voltage Selection Jumper (J\_BL1) Settings

#### 6.4.2 Inverter Power Selection Jumper (JP12)

Pin	Description
Short 1-2	+12 V (Default)
Short 3-4	+5 V
Short 5-6	+3.3 V

#### Table 6-33: Inverter Power Selection Jumper (JP12) Settings







Pin	Description
Short 1-2	+3.3 V (Default)
Short 2-3	+5 V

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# 6.4.4 MCU LCD Type Selection Jumper (JP14)

Pin	Description
Short 1-3	LCD Panel (Default)
Short 2-4	LED Panel

Table 6-35: MCU LCD Type Selection Jumper (JP14) Settings

# 6.4.5 MCU PWM Power Selection Jumper (JP13)

Pin	Description
Short 1-2	+5V (Default)
Short 2-3	+3.3V

Table 6-36: MCU PWM Power \$	Selection Jumper	(JP13) Settings
------------------------------	------------------	-----------------

# 6.4.6 Panel Type Selection Jumper (J\_LCD\_TYPE1)

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	PA_DGPI0	2	GND
3	PA_DGPI1	4	GND
5	PA_DGPI2	6	GND
7	PA_DGPI3	8	GND

Table 6-37: Panel	<b>Type Selection</b>	Jumper (J_LCD	TYPE1) Settings
-------------------	-----------------------	---------------	-----------------

Table 6-34: LVDS Voltage Selection Jumper (J\_VLVDS1) Settings



# 6.4.7 Touchscreen Selection Jumper (J1)

Pin	Description
Short 1-2	5-wire (Default)
Short 3-4	4-wire

Table 6-38: Touchscreen Selection Jumper (J1) Settings

# 6.4.8 USB2 and USB4 Power Selection Jumper (JP15)

Pin	Description
Short 1-3	USB4 +3.3V
Short 3-5	USB4 +5V (Default)
Short 2-4	USB2 +3.3V
Short 4-6	USB2 +5V (Default)

Table 6-39: USB2 and USB4 Power Selection Jur	nper (JP15) S	Settings
---	---------------	----------







# **BIOS Options**



Below is a list of BIOS configuration options in the BIOS chapter.

System Overview5	52
System Time [xx:xx:xx]5	53
System Date [xx/xx/xx]5	53
ATA/IDE Configurations [Compatible]	55
Legacy IDE Channels [SATA Pri, PATA Sec]5	56
IDE Master and IDE Slave5	56
Auto-Detected Drive Parameters	57
Type [Auto]5	58
LBA/Large Mode [Auto]5	58
Block (Multi Sector Transfer) [Auto]5	58
PIO Mode [Auto]	59
DMA Mode [Auto]5	59
S.M.A.R.T [Auto]6	60
32Bit Data Transfer [Enabled]6	60
Serial Port 1 Address [3F8/IRQ4]6	61
Serial Port 3 Address [3E8]6	61
Serial Port 3 IRQ [IRQ4]6	61
Select RS232 or RS422/RS485 [RS232]6	61
Suspend Mode [S1(POS)]6	63
Restore on AC Power Loss [Last State]6	64
Power Button Mode [On/Off]6	64
Resume on Ring [Disabled]6	65
Resume on PCI-Express WAKE# [Enabled]6	65
Resume On RTC Alarm [Disabled]6	65
Remote Access [Disabled]6	66
Serial Port Number [COM1]6	66
Base Address, IRQ [3F8h,4]6	67
Serial Port Mode [115200 8,n,1]6	67
Redirection After BIOS POST [Always]6	67
Terminal Type [ANSI]6	68
USB Function [Enabled]6	68
USB 2.0 Controller [Enabled]6	68
Legacy USB Support [Enabled]6	69



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USB2.0 Controller Mode [HiSpeed]	69
IRQ#	70
DMA Channel# [Available]	71
Reserved Memory Size [Disabled]	71
Quick Boot [Enabled]	73
Quiet Boot [Enabled]	73
AddOn ROM Display Mode [Force BIOS]	73
Bootup Num-Lock [On]	73
Boot From LAN Support [Disabled]	74
Spread Spectrum Function [Disabled]	74
Change Supervisor Password	75
Change User Password	75
Memory Hole [Disabled]	77
Internal Graphics Mode Select [Enable, 8 MB]	77
DVMT Mode Select [DVMT Mode]	78
DVMT/FIXED Memory [Maximum DVMT]	78
LFP Panel Type [by H/W]	78
LFP Current Jumper Setting [1024x600 18b]	79
Audio Controller [Auto]	79
Save Changes and Exit	80
Discard Changes and Exit	80
Discard Changes	80
Load Optimal Defaults	80
Load Failsafe Defaults	81



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# ALC892 Digital Microphone Configuration





# **B.1 ALC892 Digital Microphone Configuration**

To enable the ALC892 digital microphone function, follow the steps below.

- Step 1: Make sure the Realtek ALC892 high definition audio driver has been installed on the system. If the audio driver has not been installed on the system, please refer to Section 4.7.
- Step 2: To launch the Realtek ALC892 HD Audio Manager, double click either:
  - The Realtek HD Audio Manager icon in the Notification Area of the system task bar (Figure B-1), or
  - The Realtek HD Audio Manager icon in the Control Panel.



#### Figure B-1: Realtek HD Audio Manager Icon [Task Bar]





Figure B-2: Realtek HD Audio Manager

Step 4: Click the Mixer tab.

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- Canada	in and the second s	REALTE	К		0 0
Sound Effect	Mixer Audio I/O	Microphone	3D Audio Demo		
Playback	Wave	SW Synth	Realtek HD Audio CD Player	o output Front	
+					
	4	<b>(</b>	4		$\overline{\mathbf{X}}$
Record	Mic Volume		Mic in at front pane	el (White)	•
					_)
Ci9					ок )

Step 5: Click the Mixer ToolBox icon in the Record section (Figure B-3)

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Step 6: The following screen appears (Figure B-4). Check the Enable recording multi-streaming box, and then click OK.



Figure B-4: Mixer ToolBox Screen





#### Step 7: From the dropdown list box in the Record section, select Mic in at front panel

#### (White) (Figure B-5).

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The digital microphone function is now enabled.



Figure B-5: Enabling the Digital Microphone Function





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# **One Key Recovery**





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#### AFL-F08A-N270 Panel PC

# **C.1 One Key Recovery Introduction**

The IEI one key recovery is an easy-to-use front end for the Norton Ghost system backup and recovery tool. This tool provides quick and easy shortcuts for creating a backup and reverting to that backup or reverting to the factory default settings.



The latest One Key Recovery software provides an auto recovery function that allows a system running Microsoft Windows OS to automatically restore from the factory default image after encountering a Blue Screen of Death (BSoD) or a hang for around 10 minutes. Please refer to Section C.3 for the detailed setup procedure.

The IEI One Key Recovery tool menu is shown below.



Figure C-1: IEI One Key Recovery Tool Menu

Prior to using the IEI One Key Recovery tool (as shown in **Figure C-1**) to backup or restore <u>Windows</u> system, five setup procedures are required.

- 1. Hardware and BIOS setup (see Section C.2.1)
- 2. Create partitions (see Section C.2.2)
- 3. Install operating system, drivers and system applications (see Section C.2.3)
- 4. Build the recovery partition (see Section C.2.4)
- 5. Create factory default image (see Section C.2.5)

After completing the five initial setup procedures as described above, users can access the recovery tool by pressing **<F3>** while booting up the system. The detailed information of each function is described in **Section C.5**.

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The initial setup procedures for Linux system are described in **Section C.3**.

#### C.1.1 System Requirement



The recovery CD can only be used with IEI products. The software will fail to run and a warning message will appear when used on non-IEI hardware.

:\1386\system32>call start.exe	
Project1	×
This software only ru	ns on IEI hardware!
ОК	

To create the system backup, the main storage device must be split into two partitions (three partitions for Linux). The first partition will be for the operating system, while the second partition will be invisible to the operating system and contain the backup made by the one key recovery software.

The partition created for recovery images must be big enough to contain both the factory default image and the user backup image. The size must be calculated before creating the





partitions. Please take the following table as a reference when calculating the size of the partition.

	OS	OS Image after Ghost	Compression Ratio
Windows® 7	7 GB	5 GB	70%
Windows® XPE	776 MB	560 MB	70%
Windows® CE 6.0	36 MB	28 MB	77%



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Specialized tools are required to change the partition size if the operating system is already installed.

#### C.1.2 Supported Operating System

The recovery CD is compatible with both Microsoft Windows and Linux operating systems (OS). The supported OS versions are listed below.

- Microsoft Windows
  - O Windows 2000
  - O Windows XP (Service Pack 2 or 3 required)
  - O Windows Vista
  - O Windows 7
  - O Windows CE 5.0
  - O Windows CE 6.0
  - O Windows XP Embedded
  - O Windows Embedded Standard 7



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The auto recovery function (described in Section C.3) and the restore through LAN function (described in Section C.6) are not supported in the Windows CE 5.0/6.0 operating system environment.

- Linux
  - O Fedora Core 12 (Constantine)
  - O Fedora Core 11 (Leonidas)
  - O Fedora Core 10 (Cambridge)
  - O Fedora Core 8 (Werewolf)
  - O Fedora Core 7 (Moonshine)
  - O RedHat RHEL-5.4
  - O RedHat 9 (Ghirke)
  - O Ubuntu 8.10 (Intrepid)
  - O Ubuntu 7.10 (Gutsy)
  - O Ubuntu 6.10 (Edgy)
  - O Debian 5.0 (Lenny)
  - O Debian 4.0 (Etch)
  - O SuSe 11.2
  - O SuSe 10.3



Installing unsupported OS versions may cause the recovery tool to fail.

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# **C.2 Setup Procedure for Windows**

Prior to using the recovery tool to backup or restore, a few setup procedures are required.

- Step 1: Hardware and BIOS setup (see Section C.2.1)
- Step 2: Create partitions (see Section C.2.2)
- Step 3: Install operating system, drivers and system applications (see Section C.2.3)
- Step 4: Build the recovery partition (see Section C.2.4) or build the auto recovery partition (see Section C.3)
- Step 5: Create factory default image (see Section C.2.5)



The detailed descriptions are described in the following sections.



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The setup procedures described below are for Microsoft Windows operating system users. For Linux, most of the setup procedures are the same except for several steps described in **Section C.3**.

#### C.2.1 Hardware and BIOS Setup

- Step 1: Make sure the system is powered off and unplugged.
- **Step 2:** Install a hard drive or SSD in the system. An unformatted and unpartitioned disk is recommended.
- Step 3: Connect an optical disk drive to the system and insert the recovery CD.
- Step 4: Turn on the system.
- Step 5: Press the <DELETE> key as soon as the system is turned on to enter the BIOS.
- **Step 6:** Select the connected optical disk drive as the 1<sup>st</sup> boot device. (**Boot**  $\rightarrow$  **Boot Device Priority**  $\rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> **Boot Device**).
- **Step 7:** Save changes and restart the computer. Continue to the next section for instructions on partitioning the internal storage.

#### **C.2.2 Create Partitions**

To create the system backup, the main storage device must be split into two partitions (three partitions for Linux). The first partition will be for the operating system, while the second partition will be invisible to the operating system and contain the backup made by the one key recovery software.

Step 1: Put the recovery CD in the optical drive of the system.



Step 2: Boot the system from recovery CD. When prompted, press any key to boot from the recovery CD. It will take a while to launch the recovery tool. Please be patient!

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Figure C-2: Launching the Recovery Tool

**Step 3:** The recovery tool setup menu is shown as below.



Figure C-3: Recovery Tool Setup Menu

Step 4: Press <6> then <Enter>.





ex C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe	
1.Execute Ghost 2.Manual Recovery environment For Windows 3.Manual Recovery environment For Linux 4.Auto Recovery environment For Windows 5.Exit 6.Command Prompt	
2.Manual Recovery environment For Windows 3.Manual Recovery environment For Linux 4.Auto Recovery environment For Windows 5.Exit 6.Command Prompt Type the number to print text. <mark>6</mark>	

#### Figure C-4: Command Prompt

 Step 5:
 The command prompt window appears. Type the following commands (marked in red) to create two partitions. One is for the OS installation; the other is for saving recovery files and images which will be an invisible partition.

 (Press <Enter> after entering each line below)

 system32>diskpart

 DISKPART>list vol

 DISKPART>sel disk 0

 DISKPART>create part pri size= \_\_\_

 DISKPART>create part pri size= \_\_\_
<



ev X:\I386\system32\CMD.EXE			<u>_ 8 ×</u>
X:\I386\SYSTEM32> <mark>diskpart&gt; Starts the Microsoft dis</mark> Microsoft DiskPart version 5.2.3790.1830 Copyright (C) 1999-2001 Microsoft Corporation. On computer: MININT-JUC	k partitioni	ng tool.	
DISKPART > list wal > Show partition information			
Show partition mornation	14 M 10		
Volume ### Ltr Label    Fs   Type 	Size	Status	Info 
Volume Ø X CD_ROM CDFS DVD-ROM Volume 1 D FAT32 Removeable	405 MB 3854 MB	Healthy Healthy	Boot
DISKPART> sel disk Ø —— > Select a disk			
Disk Ø is now the selected disk.			
DISKPART> create part pri size=2000 Create part	rtition 1 an tion is for (	d assign a s OS installatio	ize. on.
DiskPart succeeded in creating the specified parti	tion.		
DISKPART> assign letter=N	de name (N		
DiskPart successfully assigned the drive letter or	mount po	int.	
DISKPART> create part pri size=1800	tition 2 and	d assign a si	ze.
DiskPart succeeded in creating the specified parti	tion.	covery inta	
DISKPART> assign letter=F> Assign partition 2 a co	de name (F		
DiskPart successfully assigned the drive letter or	mount po	int.	
DISKPART> exit —> Exit diskpart			
X:\I386\SYSTEM32}format n: /fs:ntfs /q /y> For The type of the file system is KHW. The new file system is NTFS. QuickFormatting 2000M Creating file system structures. Format complete. 2048254 KB total disk space. 2035620 KB are available.	mat partitio	n 1 (N) as N'	TFS format.
X:\1386\SYSTEM32) format f: /fs:ntfs /q /v:Recovery The type of the file system is niw. Formate par QuickFormatting 1804M Creating file system structures. Format complete. 1847474 KB total disk space. 1835860 KB are available. X:\1386\SYSTEM32) exit Exit Windows PE	tition 2 (F) Recovery".	as NTFS for	mate and

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Figure C-5: Partition Creation Commands







Use the following commands to check if the partitions were created successfully.

Microsoft DiskPa Copyright (C) 19 On computer: MIN	rt version 5.2.379 99–2001 Microsoft  INT-JVC	0.1830 Corporati	on.
DISKPART> sel di	sk Ø		
Disk Ø is now th	e selected disk.		
DISKPART> list p	art		
Partition ###	Туре	Size	Offset
Partition 1	Primary	2000 MB	32 KE
Partition 2	Primary	1004 110	2000 111

**Step 6:** Press any key to exit the recovery tool and automatically reboot the system. Please continue to the following procedure: Build the Recovery Partition.

#### C.2.3 Install Operating System, Drivers and Applications

Install the operating system onto the unlabelled partition. The partition labeled "Recovery" is for use by the system recovery tool and should not be used for installing the operating system or any applications.



The operating system installation program may offer to reformat the chosen partition. DO NOT format the partition again. The partition has already been formatted and is ready for installing the new operating system.

To install the operating system, insert the operating system installation CD into the optical drive. Restart the computer and follow the installation instructions.

#### C.2.4 Building the Recovery Partition

- **Step 1:** Put the recover CD in the optical drive.
- Step 2: Start the system.
- Step 3: Boot the system from the recovery CD. When prompted, press any key to boot from the recovery CD. It will take a while to launch the recovery tool. Please be patient!

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Figure C-6: Launching the Recovery Tool

Step 4: When the recovery tool setup menu appears, press <2> then <Enter>.



Figure C-7: Manual Recovery Environment for Windows



Step 5: The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts configuring the system to build a recovery partition. In this process the partition created for recovery files in
Section C.2.2 is hidden and the recovery tool is saved in this partition.



Figure C-8: Building the Recovery Partition

Step 6: After completing the system configuration, press any key in the following window

to reboot the system.

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Figure C-9: Press Any Key to Continue

Step 7: Eject the recovery CD.

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#### C.2.5 Create Factory Default Image



Before creating the factory default image, please configure the system to a factory default environment, including driver and application installations. Corp.

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To create a factory default image, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: Turn on the system. When the following screen displays (Figure C-10), press the <F3> key to access the recovery tool. The message will display for 10 seconds, please press F3 before the system boots into the operating system.



#### Figure C-10: Press F3 to Boot into Recovery Mode

Step 2: The recovery tool menu appears. Type <4> and press <Enter>. (Figure C-11)



Figure C-11: Recovery Tool Menu

Step 3: The About Symantec Ghost window appears. Click OK button to continue.





Figure C-12: About Symantec Ghost Window

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Step 4: Use mouse to navigate to the option shown below (Figure C-13).



Figure C-13: Symantec Ghost Path

Step 5: Select the local source drive (Drive 1) as shown in Figure C-14. Then click OK.



elect local source drive by clicking on the drive number							
Drive	Location	Model	Size(MB)	Type	Cylinders	Heads	Sectors
1	Local	ST3160318AS	152627	Balsic	19457	255	63
80	LOCAT	US VOIUMES	120128	Basic	15314	255	63
		<u>0</u> K		<u>C</u> ancel			

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Figure C-14: Select a Local Source Drive

Step 6: Select a source partition (Part 1) from basic drive as shown in Figure C-15.

Then click OK.

Part	Type	Letter	ID	Description	Label	in MB	in MB
1	0		07	NTFS	No name	100006	1951
۷	D:		07	NIFS	Recovery Free	20002 32618	917
					Total	152627	2178



Step 7: Select 1.2: [Recovery] NTFS drive and enter a file name called iei

(Figure C-16). Click Save. The factory default image will then be saved in the selected recovery drive and named IEI.GHO.



The file name of the factory default image must be **iei.GHO**.



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# AFL-F08A-N270 Panel PC

AM AM AM AM
AM AM AM AM
AM AM AM AM
PM
ve
lool
iver

#### Figure C-16: File Name to Copy Image to

Step 8: When the Compress Image screen in Figure C-17 prompts, click High to make

the image file smaller.



#### Figure C-17: Compress Image



Step 9: The Proceed with partition image creation window appears, click Yes to

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continue.

Questio	n: (1837)
?	Proceed with partition image creation?
	Yes No

Figure C-18: Image Creation Confirmation

<b>Progress Indicator</b>				
1				
L				
0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
01.11.11.				
Percent complete	52		. 1.1	
Speed (MB/min)	468		~	
MB copied	632		1	
MB remaining	563		1	1
Time elapsed	1:21			/
Time remaining	1:12			r
Dataile				
Connection tune	Local			
Source Partition	Tupe:7 ENTFS], 10	0006 MB. 1951 MB used	. No name	
	from Local drive [	30], 130129 MB		
Destination file	Local file D:\iei.GHO			
Surrent file	3891 c_869.nls			

Step 10: The Symantec Ghost starts to create the factory default image (Figure C-19).

Figure C-19: Image Creation Complete

Step 11: When the image creation completes, a screen prompts as shown in Figure C-20.

Click **Continue** and close the Ghost window to exit the program.

Image Creation Complete (1925)					
2	Image Creation Completed Successfully				
	<u>C</u> ontinue				

Figure C-20: Image Creation Complete





Step 12: The recovery tool main menu window is shown as below. Press any key to

reboot the system.



Figure C-21: Press Any Key to Continue

# C.3 Auto Recovery Setup Procedure

The auto recovery function allows a system to automatically restore from the factory default image after encountering a Blue Screen of Death (BSoD) or a hang for around 10 minutes. To use the auto recovery function, follow the steps described in the following sections.



The auto recovery function can only run on a Microsoft Windows system with the following OS versions:

- Windows 2000 Windows 7
- Windows XP

- Windows XP Embedded
- Windows Embedded Standard 7 Windows Vista



The setup procedure may include a step to create a factory default image. It is suggested to configure the system to a factory default environment before the configuration, including driver and application installations.

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Step 1: Follow the steps described in Section C.2.1 ~ Section C.2.3 to setup BIOS, create partitions and install operating system.

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Step 2: Install the auto recovery utility into the system by double clicking the Utility/AUTORECOVERY-SETUP.exe in the One Key Recovery CD. This utility MUST be installed in the system, otherwise, the system will automatically restore from the factory default image every ten (10) minutes.



#### Figure C-22: Auto Recovery Utility

#### Step 3: Disable the automatically restart function before creating the factory

**default image**. Go to: My Computer  $\rightarrow$  Properties  $\rightarrow$  Advanced. Click the Settings button of Startup and Recovery. Deselect "Automatically restart". Click OK to save the settings and exit. (See Figure C-23)

System Properties ?	Startup and Recovery			
General Computer Name Hardware Advanced Remote	System startup			
You must be logged on as an Administrator to make most of these changes.	Default operating system:			
Performance	"Microsoft Windows XP Embedded" /fastdetect /noexecute=Alwa 🗸			
Visual effects, processor scheduling, memory usage, and virtual memory	Time to display list of operating systems:			
Settings	Time to display recovery options when needed: 0 📚 seconds			
	To edit the startup options file manually, click Edit.			
Desktop settings related to your logon	System failure			
	Write an event to the system log			
Settings	Send an administrative alert			
Startup and Recovery	Automatically restart			
System startup, system failure, and debugging information	Write debugging information			
Settings	Small memory dump (64 KB)			
	Small dump directory:			
Environment Variables Error Benorting	%SystemRoot%\Minidump			
	Overwrite any existing file			
	OK Cancel			







Step 4: Reboot the system from the recovery CD. When prompted, press any key to boot from the recovery CD. It will take a while to launch the recovery tool. Please be patient!



Figure C-24: Launching the Recovery Tool

Step 5: When the recovery tool setup menu appears, press <4> then <Enter>.





Step 6: The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts configuring the system to build an auto recovery partition. In this process the partition created for recovery files in Section C.2.2 is hidden and the auto recovery tool is saved in this partition.



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Figure C-26: Building the Auto Recovery Partition

Step 7: After completing the system configuration, the following message prompts to confirm whether to create a factory default image. Type Y to have the system create a factory default image automatically. Type N within 6 seconds to skip this process (The default option is YES). It is suggested to choose YES for this option.

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Figure C-27: Factory Default Image Confirmation





Step 8: The Symantec Ghost starts to create the factory default image (Figure C-28).

iantec 6host 11.5	Copyright (C) 1998	-2008 Symantec Corpora	ation. All rights reserved	i.
Progress Indicator				
0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Statistics				
Percent complete	52		- 1.1	
Speed (MB/min)	468		21	
MB copied	632		1	7
MB remaining	563		1	1
Time elapsed	1:21		1	/
Time remaining	1:12			·
Details				
Connection type	Local			
Source Partition	Type:7 ENTFS], 10	0006 MB, 1951 MB used	, No name	
	from Local drive [8	803, 130129 MB		
Destination file	Local file D:\iei.GHO	)		
Current file	3891 c_869.nls			
		Sym:	antec.	

Figure C-28: Image Creation Complete

**Step 9:** After completing the system configuration, press any key in the following window

to restart the system.



Figure C-29: Press any key to continue

Step 10: Eject the One Key Recovery CD and restart the system.

- Step 11: Press the <DELETE> key as soon as the system is turned on to enter the BIOS.
- Step 12: Enable the Auto Recovery Function option (Advanced → iEi Feature → Auto

**Recovery Function**).



			סדרים מהיינוט	ττάνττ τάνν		
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	BIOS SEIOP Boot	Security	Chipse	t Exit
iEi Fea	ture					
Auto Recovery Function Recover from PXE			[Ena [Dis	bled] abled]		
					←→ ↑↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help Save and Exit Exit
	v02.61 ©C	opyright	1985-2006,	American	Megatre	nds, Inc.

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Step 13: Save changes and restart the system. If the system encounters a Blue Screen of Death (BSoD) or a hang for around 10 minutes, it will automatically restore from the factory default image.

# C.4 Setup Procedure for Linux

The initial setup procedure for Linux system is mostly the same with the procedure for Microsoft Windows. Please follow the steps below to setup recovery tool for Linux OS.

- Step 1: Hardware and BIOS setup. Refer to Section C.2.1.
- Step 2: Install Linux operating system. Make sure to install GRUB (v0.97 or earlier) MBR type and Ext3 partition type. Leave enough space on the hard drive to create the recover partition later.



If the Linux OS is not installed with GRUB (v0.97 or earlier) and Ext3, the Symantec Ghost may not function properly.

While installing Linux OS, please create two partitions:




- Partition 1: /
- Partition 2: SWAP



Please reserve enough space for partition 3 for saving recovery images.



#### Figure C-30: Partitions for Linux

- Step 3:
   Create a recovery partition. Insert the recovery CD into the optical disk drive.

   Follow Step 1 ~ Step 3 described in Section C.2.2. Then type the following

   commands (marked in red) to create a partition for recovery images.

   system32>diskpart

   DISKPART>list vol

   DISKPART>sel disk 0

   DISKPART>create part pri size= \_\_\_\_

   DISKPART>assign letter=N

   DISKPART>exit

   system32>format N: /fs:ntfs /q /v:Recovery /y

   system32>exit
- Step 4: Build the recovery partition. Press any key to boot from the recovery CD. It will take a while to launch the recovery tool. Please be patient. When the recovery tool setup menu appears, type <3> and press <Enter> (Figure C-31). The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts configuring the system to build a



recovery partition. After completing the system configuration, press any key to

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reboot the system. Eject the recovery CD.

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe	
1.Execute Ghost	
2.Manual Recovery environment For Window	JS
3.Manual Recovery environment For Linux	
4.Auto Recovery environment For Windows	
5.Exit	
6.Command Prompt	
Type the number to print text.3	

Figure C-31: Manual Recovery Environment for Linux

Step 5: Access the recovery tool main menu by modifying the "menu.lst". To first

access the recovery tool main menu, the menu.lst must be modified. In Linux,

enter Administrator (root). When prompt appears, type:

#### cd /boot/grub

vi menu.lst



Figure C-32: Access menu.lst in Linux (Text Mode)

**Step 6:** Modify the menu.lst as shown below.





<pre>#boot=/dev/sda default=8 timeout=18 spinshimage=(hd0.8)/grub/sp hiddenmenu title Fedora (2.6.25-14.fc9 root (hd0.0) kernel /vmlinuz-2.6 ac38b5c78910 rhgb quiet initrd /initrd-2.6</pre>	r <b>timeout=10</b>  lash.xpm.gz  .i686)  .25-14.fc9.i686 ro root=UUID=10f1acd  .25-14.fc9.i686.img
title Recovery Partition root (hd0,2) makeactive chainloader +1	Type command
Type command: title Recovery Partition root (hd0,2) makeactive chainloader +1	

Step 7: The recovery tool menu appears. (Figure C-33)





Step 8: Create a factory default image. Follow Step 2 ~ Step 12 described in Section

**C.2.5** to create a factory default image.

## **C.5 Recovery Tool Functions**

After completing the initial setup procedures as described above, users can access the recovery tool by pressing  $\langle F3 \rangle$  while booting up the system. However, if the setup procedure in Section C.3 has been completed and the auto recovery function is enabled, the system will automatically restore from the factory default image without pressing the F3 key. The recovery tool main menu is shown below.

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💽 X:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe	
1. Factory Restore 2. Backup system 3. Restore your last backup. 4. Manual 5. Quit Please type the number to select and then press Enter:_	
	• • //:

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Figure C-34: Recovery Tool Main Menu

The recovery tool has several functions including:

- 1. **Factory Restore**: Restore the factory default image (iei.GHO) created in Section C.2.5.
- Backup system: Create a system backup image (iei\_user.GHO) which will be saved in the hidden partition.
- 3. Restore your last backup: Restore the last system backup image
- 4. Manual: Enter the Symantec Ghost window to configure manually.
- 5. Quit: Exit the recovery tool and restart the system.



Please do not turn off the system power during the process of system recovery or backup.



All data in the system will be deleted during the system recovery. Please backup the system files before restoring the system (either Factory Restore or Restore Backup).



## C.5.1 Factory Restore

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To restore the factory default image, please follow the steps below.

- Step 1: Type <1> and press <Enter> in the main menu.
- Step 2: The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts to restore the factory default. A

factory default image called **iei.GHO** is created in the hidden Recovery partition.

0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Statistics		,		
Percent complete	45		- 1.1	
Speed (MB/min)	1125		~ · · · ·	
MB copied	544		N N	-7
MB remaining	651		1	1
Time elapsed	0:29		1	/
Time remaining	0:34			<b>/</b>
Details				
Connection type	Local			
Source Partition	Type:7 [NTFS], 10 from Local file D:\i	0006 MB, 1951 MB used iei.obo. 130129 MB	, No name	
Taroet Partition	Tune:7 [NTFS], 10	0006 WR		
	from Local drive [	11. 152627 MB		
Current file	3279 vpob2res dll			

Figure C-35: Restore Factory Default

Step 3: The screen shown in Figure C-36 appears when completed. Press any key to

reboot the system.



Figure C-36: Recovery Complete Window

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## C.5.2 Backup System

To backup the system, please follow the steps below.

- **Step 1:** Type <**2**> and press <**Enter**> in the main menu.
- Step 2: The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts to backup the system. A

backup image called **iei\_user.GHO** is created in the hidden Recovery partition.

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antec 6host 11.5	Copyright (C) 1998	-2008 Symantec Corpora	ation. All rights reserved	
Progress Indicator				
0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Statistics				
Percent complete	45		- 1.1	
Speed (MB/min)	212		2.1	
MB copied	548		1	7
MB remaining	647		1	1
Time elapsed	2:35		1	/
Time remaining	3:03			·
Details				
Connection type	Local			
Source Partition	Type:7 [NTFS], 10	0006 MB, 1951 MB used	, No name	
	from Local drive E	13, 152627 MB		
Destination file	Local file D:\iei_us	er.gho		
Current file	3288 xpob2res.dll			
		( sum	antec	
		J sym	antee,	

Figure C-37: Backup System

Step 3: The screen shown in Figure C-38 appears when system backup is complete.

Press any key to reboot the system.



Figure C-38: System Backup Complete Window





## C.5.3 Restore Your Last Backup

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To restore the last system backup, please follow the steps below.

- Step 1: Type <3> and press <Enter> in the main menu.
- Step 2: The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts to restore the last backup

image (iei\_user.GHO).

Progress Indicator				
0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Statistics				
ercent complete	45		- 1.1	
opeed (MB/min)	212		1 I	
1B copied	548		A	7
1B remaining	647		1	1
lime elapsed	2:35		1	/
lime remaining	3:03			
Notaile				
Connection tupe	Local			
Source Partition	Tupe:7 [NTFS], 10	0006 MB. 1951 MB used	. No name	
	from Local drive [	1]. 152627 MB		
estination file	Local file D:\iei_us	er.gho		
Current file	3288 xpob2res.dll			

Figure C-39: Restore Backup

Step 3: The screen shown in Figure C-40 appears when backup recovery is complete.

Press any key to reboot the system.



Figure C-40: Restore System Backup Complete Window

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## C.5.4 Manual

To restore the last system backup, please follow the steps below.

- **Step 1:** Type <**4**> and press <**Enter**> in the main menu.
- **Step 2:** The Symantec Ghost window appears. Use the Ghost program to backup or recover the system manually.

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Figure C-41: Symantec Ghost Window

Step 3: When backup or recovery is completed, press any key to reboot the system.





# C.6 Restore Systems from a Linux Server through LAN

The One Key Recovery allows a client system to automatically restore to a factory default image saved in a Linux system (the server) through LAN connectivity after encountering a Blue Screen of Death (BSoD) or a hang for around 10 minutes. To be able to use this function, the client system and the Linux system MUST reside in the same domain.



- Windows XP 

  Windows XP Embedded
- Windows Vista
   Windows Embedded Standard 7

Prior to restoring client systems from a Linux server, a few setup procedures are required.

- Step 1: Configure DHCP server settings
- Step 2: Configure TFTP settings
- Step 3: Configure One Key Recovery server settings
- Step 4: Start DHCP, TFTP and HTTP
- Step 5: Create a shared directory
- Step 6: Setup a client system for auto recovery

The detailed descriptions are described in the following sections. In this document, two types of Linux OS are used as examples to explain the configuration process – CentOS 5.5 (Kernel 2.6.18) and Debian 5.0.7 (Kernel 2.6.26).



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## C.6.1 Configure DHCP Server Settings

Step 1: Install the DHCP

#yum install dhcp (CentOS, commands marked in red)

#apt-get install dhcp3-server (Debian, commands marked in blue)

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Step 2: Confirm the operating system default settings: dhcpd.conf.

#### **CentOS**

Use the following command to show the DHCP server sample location:

#vi /etc/dhcpd.conf

The DHCP server sample location is shown as below:



Use the following command to copy the DHCP server sample to etc/dhcpd.conf:

#cp /usr/share/doc/dhcp-3.0.5/dhcpd.conf.sample /etc/dhcpd.conf

#### #vi /etc/dhcpd.conf

ddns-update-style interim; ignore client-updates;	
subnet 192.168.0.0 netmask 255.2	55.255.0 {
# default gateway option routers option subnet-mask	192.168.0.2; 255.255.255.0;
option nis-domain option domain-name option domain-name-serve	"domain.org"; "domain.org"; 192.168.0.1:
next-server 192.168.0.6; filename "pxelinux.0";	
option time-offset ≠ option ntp-servers	-18000; # Eastern Standard Time 192.168.1.1;

#### **Debian**

#vi /etc/dhcpd.conf

Edit "/etc/dhcpd.conf" for your environment. For example, add

next-server PXE server IP address;





#### filename "pxelinux.0";

ddns-update-style interim; ignore client-updates;	
subnet 192.168.0.0 netmask 255.2	55.255.0 {
# default gateway option routers option subnet-mask	192.168.0.2; 255.255.255.0;
option nis-domain option domain-name option domain-name-serve:	"domain.org"; "domain.org"; 192.168.0.1:
next-server 192.168.0.6; filename "pxelinux.0";	
option time-offset	-18000; # Eastern Standard Time 192.168.1.1;

## C.6.2 Configure TFTP Settings

**Step 1:** Install the tftp, httpd and syslinux.

#yum install tftp-server httpd syslinux (CentOS)

#apt-get install tftpd-hpa xinetd syslinux (Debian)

**Step 2:** Enable the TFTP server by editing the "/etc/xinetd.d/tftp" file and make it use the remap file. The "-vvv" is optional but it could definitely help on getting more information while running the remap file. For example:

## <u>CentOS</u>

#vi /etc/xinetd.d/tftp

Modify:

disable = no

server\_args = -s /tftpboot -m /tftpboot/tftpd.remap -vvv\_

socket_type	= dgram
protocol	= udp
wait	= yes
user	= root
server	= /usr/sbin/in.tftpd
server_args	= -s /tftpboot -m /tftpboot/tftpd.remap -vvv
disable	= no
per_source	= 11
cps	= 100 2
flags	= 1Pv4

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#### <u>Debian</u>

Replace the TFTP settings from "inetd" to "xinetd" and annotate the "inetd" by

adding "#".

#vi /etc/inetd.conf

Modify: #tftp dgram udp wait root /usr/sbin...... (as shown below)

#:BOOT: #	TFTP service i run this only	is provid on machi	led prima ines acti	rily fo ng as "	r booting. Most si boot servers."	tes	
∉tftp /var/l	dgram ib/tftpboot	udp	wait	root	/usr/sbin/in.tftpd	/usr/sbin/in.tftpd	- 5

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#vi /etc/xinetd.d/tftp

socket_type	= dgram
protocol	= udp
vait	= yes
user	= root
server	= /usr/sbin/in.tftpd
server_args	= -s /tftpboot -m /tftpboot/tftpd.remap -vvv
disable	= no
per_source	= 11
cps	= 100 2
flags	= 1Pv4

## C.6.3 Configure One Key Recovery Server Settings

#### Step 1: Copy the Utility/RECOVERYR10.TAR.BZ2 package from the One Key

Recovery CD to the system (server side).



Step 2: Extract the recovery package to /.

#cp RecoveryR10.tar.bz2 /

#cd /

#tar -xvjf RecoveryR10.tar.bz2

Step 3: Copy "pxelinux.0" from "syslinux" and install to "/tftboot".

#cp /usr/lib/syslinux/pxelinux.0 /tftpboot/





# C.6.4 Start the DHCP, TFTP and HTTP

Start the DHCP, TFTP and HTTP. For example:

#### **CentOS**

#service xinetd restart

#service httpd restart

#service dhcpd restart

#### <u>Debian</u>

#/etc/init.d/xinetd reload

#/etc/init.d/xinetd restart

#/etc/init.d/dhcp3-server restart

## C.6.5 Create Shared Directory

Step 1: Install the samba.

#yum install samba

**Step 2:** Create a shared directory for the factory default image.

#mkdir /share

#cd /share

#mkdir /image

#cp iei.gho /image



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The file name of the factory default image must be **iei.gho**.

Step 3: Confirm the operating system default settings: smb.conf.

#vi /etc/samba/smb.conf

#### Modify:

[image]

comment = One Key Recovery

path = /share/image

browseable = yes

writable = yes

public = yes

create mask = 0644

directory mask = 0755

**Step 4:** Edit "/etc/samba/smb.conf" for your environment. For example:

####	"security = user" is always a good idea. This will require a Unix account in this server for every user accessing the server. See /usr/share/doc/samba-doc/htmldocs/Samba3-HOWTO/ServerType.html in the samba-doc package for details. security = share	
[	<pre>image] comment = One Key Recovery path = /share/image browseable = yes writable = yes public = yes create mask = 0644 directory mask = 0755</pre>	

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Step 5: Modify the hostname

#vi /etc/hostname

Modify: RecoveryServer

### RecoveryServer

### C.6.6 Setup a Client System for Auto Recovery

#### Step 1: Disable the automatically restart function before creating the factory

**default image**. Go to: My Computer  $\rightarrow$  Properties  $\rightarrow$  Advanced. Click the Settings button of Startup and Recovery. Deselect "Automatically restart". Click OK to save the settings and exit. (See Figure C-23)



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### AFL-F08A-N270 Panel PC

ystem I	Properties				? 🔀 Startup and Recovery	?
ieneral	Computer Name	Hardware	Advanced	Remote	System startup	
You mu:	st be logged on a	s an Adminis	trator to make	e most of these	hanges. Default operating system:	
Perform	mance				"Microsoft Windows XP Embedded" /fastdetect /noexecut	e=Alwa 🗙
Visual	effects, processo	r scheduling	, memory usa	ge, and virtual	emory	
		-				secon
				Se	Igs Time to display recovery options when needed: 0	secon
- 10 A					To edit the startup options file manually, click Edit.	Edit
-User P	rofiles					
Deskto	op settings related	to your logo	on		System failure	
				<u> </u>	Write an event to the system log	
				se	Igs Send an administrative alert	
Startup	and Recovery				Automatically restart	
System	n startup, system f	failure, and c	lebugging info	ormation	Write debugging information	
				Se	ngs Small memory dump (64 KB)	
					Small dump directory:	
	E	ovironment \	(ariables	Error Ben	%SystemRoot%\Minidump	
				Litor rep	Overwrite any existing file	
_				<		
				Lancel	Арру	Cancel

Figure C-42: Disable Automatically Restart

- Step 2: Configure the following BIOS options of the client system.
  Advanced → iEi Feature → Auto Recovery Function → Enabled
  Advanced → iEi Feature → Recover from PXE → Enabled
  Boot → Launch PXE OpROM → Enabled
- Step 3: Continue to configure the Boot Option Priorities BIOS option of the client system:
   Boot Option #1 → remain the default setting to boot from the original OS.

Boot Option #2  $\rightarrow$  select the boot from LAN option.

Step 4: Save changes and exit BIOS menu.

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Exit → Save Changes and Exit

Step 5: Install the auto recovery utility into the system by double clicking theUtility/AUTORECOVERY-SETUP.exe in the One Key Recovery CD. This utility

MUST be installed in the system, otherwise, the system will automatically

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restore from the factory default image every ten (10) minutes.



Step 6: Restart the client system from LAN. If the system encounters a Blue Screen of Death (BSoD) or a hang for around 10 minutes, it will automatically restore from the factory default image. The following screens will show when the system starts auto recovering.

Realtek PCIe GBE Family Controller Series v2.35 (06/14/10)

CLIENT MAC ADDR: 00 18 7D 13 E6 89 GUID: 00020003-0004-0005-0006-0007000800 DHCP..∠

Windows is loading files...

IP: 192.168.0.8, File: \Boot\WinPE.wim







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A firewall or a SELinux is not in use in the whole setup process described above. If there is a firewall or a SELinux protecting the system, modify the configuration information to accommodate them.

# **C.7 Other Information**

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## C.7.1 Using AHCI Mode or ALi M5283 / VIA VT6421A Controller

When the system uses AHCI mode or some specific SATA controllers such as ALi M5283 or VIA VT6421A, the SATA RAID/AHCI driver must be installed before using one key recovery. Please follow the steps below to install the SATA RAID/AHCI driver.

- Step 1: Copy the SATA RAID/AHCI driver to a floppy disk and insert the floppy disk into a USB floppy disk drive. The SATA RAID/AHCI driver must be especially designed for the on-board SATA controller.
- Step 2: Connect the USB floppy disk drive to the system.
- Step 3: Insert the One Key Recovery CD into the system and boot the system from the CD.
- Step 4: When launching the recovery tool, press <F6>.



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**Step 5:** When the following window appears, press **<S>** to select "Specify Additional

Device".

Setup could not determine the type of one or more mass storage devices installed in your system, or you have chosen to manually specify an adapter. Currently, Setup will load support for the following mass storage devices(s): <none> \* To specify additional SCSI adapters, CD-ROM drives, or special disk controllers for use with Windows, including those for which you have a device support disk from a mass storage device manufacturer, press S.

 If you do not have any device support disks from a mass storage device manufacturer, or do not want to specify additional mass storage devices for use with Hindows, press ENTER.

S=Specify Additional Device ENTER=Continue F3=Exit





Step 6: In the following window, select a SATA controller mode used in the system. Then

press <Enter>. The user can now start using the SATA HDD.



Step 7: After pressing <Enter>, the system will get into the recovery tool setup menu.
 Continue to follow the setup procedure from Step 4 in Section C.2.2 Create
 Partitions to finish the whole setup process.

## C.7.2 System Memory Requirement

To be able to access the recovery tool by pressing **<F3>** while booting up the system, please make sure to have enough system memory. The minimum memory requirement is listed below.

- Using Award BIOS: 128 MB system memory
- Using AMI BIOS: 512 MB system memory.



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# Watchdog Timer







The following discussion applies to DOS. Contact IEI support or visit the IEI website for drivers for other operating systems.

The Watchdog Timer is a hardware-based timer that attempts to restart the system when it stops working. The system may stop working because of external EMI or software bugs. The Watchdog Timer ensures that standalone systems like ATMs will automatically attempt to restart in the case of system problems.

A BIOS function call (INT 15H) is used to control the Watchdog Timer.

INT 15H:

AH – 6FH Sub-function:		
AL – 2:	Sets the Watchdog Timer's period.	
BL:	Time-out value (Its unit-second is dependent on the item "Watchdog	
	Timer unit select" in CMOS setup).	

#### Table D-1: AH-6FH Sub-function

Call sub-function 2 to set the time-out period of Watchdog Timer first. If the time-out value is not zero, the Watchdog Timer starts counting down. When the timer value reaches zero, the system resets. To ensure that this reset condition does not occur, calling sub-function 2 must periodically refresh the Watchdog Timer. However, the watchdog timer is disabled if the time-out value is set to zero.

A tolerance of at least 10% must be maintained to avoid unknown routines within the operating system (DOS), such as disk I/O that can be very time-consuming.







The Watchdog Timer is activated through software. The software application that activates the Watchdog Timer must also deactivate it when closed. If the Watchdog Timer is not deactivated, the system will automatically restart after the Timer has finished its countdown.

## **EXAMPLE PROGRAM:**

#### ; INITIAL TIMER PERIOD COUNTER

; W\_LOOP:

;

MOV	AX, 6F02H	;setting the time-out value
MOV	BL, 30	;time-out value is 48 seconds
INT	15H	

; ADD THE APPLICATION PROGRAM HERE

;

;

CMP	EXIT_AP, 1	;is the application over?
JNE	W_LOOP	;No, restart the application
MOV	AX 6F02H	disable Watchdog Timer
MOV	BL. 0:	
INT	15H	

; ; EXIT ;







# **Safety Precautions**





The precautions outlined in this chapter should be strictly followed. Failure to follow these precautions may result in permanent damage to the AFL-F08A-N270.

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# **E.1 Safety Precautions**

Please follow the safety precautions outlined in the sections that follow:

## E.1.1 General Safety Precautions

Please ensure the following safety precautions are adhered to at all times.

- Follow the electrostatic precautions outlined below whenever the AFL-F08A-N270 is opened.
- Make sure the power is turned off and the power cord is disconnected whenever the AFL-F08A-N270 is being installed, moved or modified.
- Do not apply voltage levels that exceed the specified voltage range.
   Doing so may cause fire and/or an electrical shock.
- Electric shocks can occur if the AFL-F08A-N270 chassis is opened when the AFL-F08A-N270 is running.
- Do not drop or insert any objects into the ventilation openings of the AFL-F08A-N270.
- If considerable amounts of dust, water, or fluids enter the AFL-F08A-N270, turn off the power supply immediately, unplug the power cord, and contact the AFL-F08A-N270 vendor.
- DO NOT:
  - O Drop the AFL-F08A-N270 against a hard surface.
  - O Strike or exert excessive force onto the LCD panel.
  - O Touch any of the LCD panels with a sharp object
  - O In a site where the ambient temperature exceeds the rated temperature





## E.1.2 Anti-static Precautions

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Failure to take ESD precautions during the installation of the AFL-F08A-N270 may result in permanent damage to the AFL-F08A-N270 and severe injury to the user.

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can cause serious damage to electronic components, including the AFL-F08A-N270. Dry climates are especially susceptible to ESD. It is therefore critical that whenever the AFL-F08A-N270 is opened and any of the electrical components are handled, the following anti-static precautions are strictly adhered to.

- Wear an anti-static wristband: Wearing a simple anti-static wristband can help to prevent ESD from damaging any electrical component.
- Self-grounding: Before handling any electrical component, touch any grounded conducting material. During the time the electrical component is handled, frequently touch any conducting materials that are connected to the ground.
- Use an anti-static pad: When configuring or working with an electrical component, place it on an antic-static pad. This reduces the possibility of ESD damage.
- Only handle the edges of the electrical component. When handling the electrical component, hold the electrical component by its edges.

## E.1.3 Product Disposal



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Risk of explosion if battery is replaced by and incorrect type. Dispose of used batteries according to instructions and local regulations.

- Outside the European Union If you wish to dispose of used electrical and electronic products outside the European Union, please contact your local authority so as to comply with the correct disposal method.
- Within the European Union:



EU-wide legislation, as implemented in each Member State, requires that waste electrical and electronic products carrying the mark (left) must be disposed of separately from normal household waste. This includes monitors and electrical accessories, such as signal cables or power cords. When you need to dispose of your display products, please follow the

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guidance of your local authority, or ask the shop where you purchased the product. The mark on electrical and electronic products only applies to the current European Union Member States.

Please follow the national guidelines for electrical and electronic product disposal.

# **E.2 Maintenance and Cleaning Precautions**

When maintaining or cleaning the AFL-F08A-N270, please follow the guidelines below.

#### E.2.1 Maintenance and Cleaning

Prior to cleaning any part or component of the AFL-F08A-N270, please read the details below.

- Except for the LCD panel, never spray or squirt liquids directly onto any other components. To clean the LCD panel, gently wipe it with a piece of soft dry cloth or a slightly moistened cloth.
- The interior of the AFL-F08A-N270 does not require cleaning. Keep fluids away from the AFL-F08A-N270 interior.
- Be cautious of all small removable components when vacuuming the AFL-F08A-N270.
- Turn the AFL-F08A-N270 off before cleaning the AFL-F08A-N270.
- Never drop any objects or liquids through the openings of the AFL-F08A-N270.
- Be cautious of any possible allergic reactions to solvents or chemicals used when cleaning the AFL-F08A-N270.





Avoid eating, drinking and smoking within vicinity of the AFL-F08A-N270.

## E.2.2 Cleaning Tools

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Some components in the AFL-F08A-N270 may only be cleaned using a product specifically designed for the purpose. In such case, the product will be explicitly mentioned in the cleaning tips. Below is a list of items to use when cleaning the AFL-F08A-N270.

- Cloth Although paper towels or tissues can be used, a soft, clean piece of cloth is recommended when cleaning the AFL-F08A-N270.
- Water or rubbing alcohol A cloth moistened with water or rubbing alcohol can be used to clean the AFL-F08A-N270.
- Using solvents The use of solvents is not recommended when cleaning the AFL-F08A-N270 as they may damage the plastic parts.
- Vacuum cleaner Using a vacuum specifically designed for computers is one of the best methods of cleaning the AFL-F08A-N270. Dust and dirt can restrict the airflow in the AFL-F08A-N270 and cause its circuitry to corrode.
- Cotton swabs Cotton swaps moistened with rubbing alcohol or water are excellent tools for wiping hard to reach areas.
- **Foam swabs** Whenever possible, it is best to use lint free swabs such as foam swabs for cleaning.

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# Hazardous Materials Disclosure





The details provided in this appendix are to ensure that the product is compliant with the Peoples Republic of China (China) RoHS standards. The table below acknowledges the presences of small quantities of certain materials in the product, and is applicable to China RoHS only.

A label will be placed on each product to indicate the estimated "Environmentally Friendly Use Period" (EFUP). This is an estimate of the number of years that these substances would "not leak out or undergo abrupt change." This product may contain replaceable sub-assemblies/components which have a shorter EFUP such as batteries and lamps. These components will be separately marked.

Please refer to the table on the next page.

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Part Name	Toxic or Hazardous Substances and Elements					
	Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (CR(VI))	Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBB)	Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDE)
Housing	х	0	0	0	0	Х
Display	х	0	0	0	0	Х
Printed Circuit Board	х	0	0	0	0	Х
Metal Fasteners	х	0	0	0	0	0
Cable Assembly	х	0	0	0	0	Х
Fan Assembly	х	0	0	0	0	Х
Power Supply Assemblies	х	0	0	0	0	X
Battery	0	0	0	0	0	0
<ul> <li>O: This toxic or hazardous substance is contained in all of the homogeneous materials for the part is below the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006</li> <li>X: This toxic or hazardous substance is contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials for</li> </ul>						

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this part is above the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006





此附件旨在确保本产品符合中国 RoHS 标准。以下表格标示此产品中某有毒物质的含量符 合中国 RoHS 标准规定的限量要求。

本产品上会附有"环境友好使用期限"的标签,此期限是估算这些物质"不会有泄漏或突变"的 年限。本产品可能包含有较短的环境友好使用期限的可替换元件,像是电池或灯管,这些元 件将会单独标示出来。

部件名称	有毒有害物质或元素						
	铅	汞	镉	六价铬	多溴联苯	多溴二苯	
	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cd)	(CR(VI))	(PBB)	醚	
						(PBDE)	
壳体	х	0	0	0	0	х	
显示	х	0	0	0	0	Х	
印刷电路板	х	0	0	0	0	х	
金属螺帽	х	0	0	0	0	0	
电缆组装	х	0	0	0	0	х	
风扇组装	х	0	0	0	0	х	
电力供应组装	х	0	0	0	0	х	
电池	0	0	0	0	0	0	
O: 表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有物质材料中的含量均在 SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求以下。							
X: 表示该有毒有害物质至少	い在该部件的其	表一均质材料中	1的含量超出 (	SJ/T11363-20	06 标准规定的	匀限量要求。	







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# Terminology



AC '97	Audio Codec 97 (AC'97) refers to a codec standard developed by Intel® in 1997.
ACPI	Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) is an OS-directed configuration, power management, and thermal management interface.
AHCI	Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) is a SATA Host controller register-level interface.
ΑΤΑ	The Advanced Technology Attachment (ATA) interface connects storage devices including hard disks and CD-ROM drives to a computer.
ARMD	An ATAPI Removable Media Device (ARMD) is any ATAPI device that supports removable media, besides CD and DVD drives.
ASKIR	Amplitude Shift Keyed Infrared (ASKIR) is a form of modulation that represents a digital signal by varying the amplitude ("volume") of the signal. A low amplitude signal represents a binary 0, while a high amplitude signal represents a binary 1.
BIOS	The Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) is firmware that is first run when the computer is turned on and can be configured by the end user
CODEC	The Compressor-Decompressor (CODEC) encodes and decodes digital audio data on the system.
CompactFlash®	CompactFlash® is a solid-state storage device. CompactFlash® devices use flash memory in a standard size enclosure. Type II is thicker than Type I, but a Type II slot can support both types.
CMOS	Complimentary metal-oxide-conductor is an integrated circuit used in chips like static RAM and microprocessors.
СОМ	COM refers to serial ports. Serial ports offer serial communication to expansion devices. The serial port on a personal computer is usually a male DB-9 connector.
DAC	The Digital-to-Analog Converter (DAC) converts digital signals to analog signals.
DDR	Double Data Rate refers to a data bus transferring data on both the rising and falling edges of the clock signal.

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DMA	Direct Memory Access (DMA) enables some peripheral devices to bypass the system processor and communicate directly with the system memory.
DIMM	Dual Inline Memory Modules are a type of RAM that offer a 64-bit data bus and have separate electrical contacts on each side of the module.
DIO	The digital inputs and digital outputs are general control signals that control the on/off circuit of external devices or TTL devices. Data can be read or written to the selected address to enable the DIO functions.
EHCI	The Enhanced Host Controller Interface (EHCI) specification is a register-level interface description for USB 2.0 Host Controllers.
EIDE	Enhanced IDE (EIDE) is a newer IDE interface standard that has data transfer rates between 4.0 MBps and 16.6 MBps.
EIST	Enhanced Intel® SpeedStep Technology (EIST) allows users to modify the power consumption levels and processor performance through application software. The application software changes the bus-to-core frequency ratio and the processor core voltage.
FSB	The Front Side Bus (FSB) is the bi-directional communication channel between the processor and the Northbridge chipset.
GbE	Gigabit Ethernet (GbE) is an Ethernet version that transfers data at 1.0 Gbps and complies with the IEEE 802.3-2005 standard.
GPIO	General purpose input
HDD	Hard disk drive (HDD) is a type of magnetic, non-volatile computer storage device that stores digitally encoded data.
ІСН	The Input/Ouput Controll Hub (ICH) is an Intel® Southbridge chipset.
IrDA	Infrared Data Association (IrDA) specify infrared data transmission protocols used to enable electronic devices to wirelessly communicate with each other.
L1 Cache	The Level 1 Cache (L1 Cache) is a small memory cache built into the system processor.
L2 Cache	The Level 2 Cache (L2 Cache) is an external processor memory cache.

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LCD	Liquid crystal display (LCD) is a flat, low-power display device that consists of two polarizing plates with a liquid crystal panel in between.
LVDS	Low-voltage differential signaling (LVDS) is a dual-wire, high-speed differential electrical signaling system commonly used to connect LCD displays to a computer.
POST	The Power-on Self Test (POST) is the pre-boot actions the system performs when the system is turned-on.
RAM	Random Access Memory (RAM) is volatile memory that loses data when power is lost. RAM has very fast data transfer rates compared to other storage like hard drives.
SATA	Serial ATA (SATA) is a serial communications bus designed for data transfers between storage devices and the computer chipsets. The SATA bus has transfer speeds up to 1.5 Gbps and the SATA II bus has data transfer speeds of up to 3.0 Gbps.
S.M.A.R.T	Self Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology (S.M.A.R.T) refers to automatic status checking technology implemented on hard disk drives.
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver-transmitter (UART) is responsible for asynchronous communications on the system and manages the system's serial communication (COM) ports.
UHCI	The Universal Host Controller Interface (UHCI) specification is a register-level interface description for USB 1.1 Host Controllers.
USB	The Universal Serial Bus (USB) is an external bus standard for interfacing devices. USB 1.1 supports 12Mbps data transfer rates and USB 2.0 supports 480Mbps data transfer rates.
VGA	The Video Graphics Array (VGA) is a graphics display system developed by IBM.



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